"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
To-day fair and cool; Saturday fair; north to easterly winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,067. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 8, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

$137,000 FOR A HALS AT THE YERKES SALE

"Portrait of a Woman" Brings Highest Price Ever Paid at a Picture Sale in America.

$51,400 FOR A REMBRANDT

Hobbema's "View in Westphalia" Sold for $48,000, and a Rubens for $20,500—60 Pictures for $595,250.

Frans Hals was the hero of the evening at the Yerkes sale at Mendelssohn Hall last evening. His "Portrait of a Woman" brought the highest price of the evening, $137,000, the highest price ever given for a picture at a sale in America and $8,000 more than the record-breaking price of the evening before, $129,000, which was paid for a wonderful Turner.

The dear old Dutch woman whose portrait Frans Hals painted more than 400 years ago could never have dreamed, if her practical soul was given to anything in the nature of visions, of ever being worth, in any form, so very many thousand dollars. She was the calmest-looking person in the hall last night when the curtains were drawn aside and she was revealed sitting quietly in her big chair, a wide ruff around her plump throat, a close cap encircling her placid face, one hand at her waist as she sat primly for her portrait, the other at her side clasping her Bible.

There was enthusiastic applause, and the opening bid was $25,000, with another quickly at $30,000, $35,000, $40,000, $51,000, $55,000, $76,000, $80,000. The price reached $100,000, and the audience again burst into applause, as it did when the $120,000 mark was reached. The bids reached $130,000, and there was more applause, and the audience clapped with delight when the picture was finally knocked down to Knoedler & Co., probably to stay in America, for $137,000.

Foreign Buyers Present.

There were many foreign buyers present. In the second row of seats in the centre of the hall sat, side by side, would-be buyers from Berlin, Munich, Cologne, and Paris. The Antiquarian of the German Government was present, and Walter Dowdeswell of Dowdeswell & Dowdeswell, London. Kleinberger was from Paris. A. Preyer was from The Hague, hoping, it was said, to carry some of the Dutch pictures back with him.

The returns for last evening's sale seemed comparatively small to the audience, whose taste had been satiated the previous evening. The total returns for the sixty pictures sold was $595,250. This would be a record breaker if the total for the sale of the night before had not been such a tremendous one. It brings up the returns for the Yerkes pictures sold so far during the three evenings to $1,527,350. The Mary J. Morgan sale in 1886, the biggest hitherto on record, brought $1,205,153.30, but this was a total of all the properties sold, including the rugs. There is yet another evening's sale of pictures in the Yerkes collection, and this afternoon the rugs, which are of great value, will be sold.

Last evening's sale was devoted to "old masters," and many of them were of comparatively little interest and brought comparatively small prices in this collection of astonishing values. But there were other pictures that brought good prices. "The Singers," by Hals, a boy and a girl, characteristic of the artist, brought $33,500, going to Seligman & Co., and two small pictures of his were sold together, one with the privilege of the pair, and went to Edward Brandus for $16,100 each.

A fine Rembrandt, "Portrait of a Rabbi," brought the second highest price of the evening, selling through W. W. Seaman, agent, for $51,400. It showed a man of distinguished appearance wearing a turban of velvet with an ornament in the front, a mantle trimmed with fur, and a crimson vest ornamented with gold and jewels. A larger portrait by Rembrandt, that of Joris de Coulery, went to Seligman & Co. for $34,500, and "Philemon and Baucis," by the same artist, was bought by Scott & Fowles for $32,000. The same buyers paid the third highest price of the evening for a Hobbema, "A View in Westphalia," $48,000. "The Ford," by Hobbema, which was started at $1,000 and sold for $10,000, Mr. Kirby told the audience was bought in 1901 of Thomas Agnew & Son, London, by Mr. Yerkes, who paid for it £7,500, about $37,500.

The last picture sold was the big Rubens, "Ixion and Hera," which started at $2,000 only, and was gradually bid up to $20,500, going to H. Steinmeyer of Cologne.

Pictures and Buyers.

Following is the full list of pictures sold, artists, buyers or agents, and the prices:

A Thief Steals from a Thief—Peter Levieux Brueghel; A. Preyer, The Hague	$575
Fill the Well After the Calf Is Drowned—Brueghel; A. Preyer	575
The Bacon Is Too Good for Your Mouth—Brueghel, A. Preyer	575
As Full As an Egg—Brueghel; A. Preyer	575
Portrait of a Man—Francois Clouet; Knoedler & Co.	4,650
Portrait of Francois, Dauphin de Viennois—Duc de Bretagne Claude Coneille; Bernet, agent	5,000
Portrait of a Chief Magistrate of Amsterdam—Hans Holbein, (the younger;) Bernet, agent	5,000
The Evening School—Gerard Dou; L. E. Ellis	2,500
The Hermit—Gerard Dou; F. Hermann	2,500
The Hermit—Johan Adriaensz Van Staveren; Philip Berolzheimer	950
Boy Blowing Bubbles—Frans Van Mieris; Eugene Fischhoff	1,050
Portrait of a Lady—Frans Van Mieris; Eugene Fischhoff	2,600
The Holy Family and the Sparrow—Raphael; Mrs. J. W. N. Cardeza	6,200
Woman Cleaning Carrots—Gabriel Metsu; F. Kleinberger	2,800
The Letter—Gabriel Metsu, F. Kleinberger	17,100
Head of an Old Woman—Balthasar Denner; W. M. Blank	4,000
Portrait of a Young Girl—Ghirlandajo; W. Payne	900
Portrait of Hans Gunder of Nuremberg—Durer; F. Hermann	5,000
Portrait of a Gentleman—Thomas de Keyser; Carl Glucksman	1,900
Portrait of a Lady—Hans Holbein, (the younger,) Philip Berolzheimer	1,300
The Fool—Hans Holbein, (the elder;) Mrs. J. W. N Cardeza	1,000
Portrait of a Man—Joost Van Craesbecke; M. Knoedler & Co.	1,950
The Alchemist—Joost Van Craesbecke; Knoedler & Co.	1,350
On the River—Jan Van Goyen; Carl Glucksman	1,550
Landscape by the River—Jan Van Goyen; J. Henderson	850
Landscape by a River—Jan Van Goyen; B. Charles	850
Village on the River—Ian Van Goyen; A. Tooth & Sons	2,600
Virgin and Child Enthroned—Hans Memling; F. N. Bohler, Munich	1,500

Continued on Page 2.

KILLED IN OVERTURNED AUTO.

Hotel Keeper Dies; Chauffeur, Wife, and Another Woman Hurt.

One man was killed and a man and a woman were injured at Merrick Road and Gaston Avenue, Springfield, L. I., late last night when a rear wheel spnn off the axle of a large touring car, rounding a corner at high speed.

Louis C. Hagenah died almost instantly as the great car overturned on its six occupants. Mrs. Hagenah, his wife, who was a member of the party, became so hysterical that she required medical attention. Hagenah is a hotel keeper at Jamaica Avenue and Crescent Street, East New York.

Ferdinand Hoffman, 21 years old, of 275 Etna Street, Brooklyn, the chauffeur of the wrecked car, is in Jamaica Hospital, suffering from shock and internal injuries, the extent of which have not yet been determined. Miss Levy, sister-in-law of Leo Samuels, a member of the party, was injured. Examination by hospital surgeons led them to believe that she had sustained a dislocation of her right shoulder, but she refused medical treatment and declined to go to the hospital. She said she would call her family physician after she reached her home.

The party consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Hagonah, Mr. and Mrs. Samuels, Miss Levy, and a man who declined to give his name. The police summoned ambulances from the Jamaica Hospital and St. Mary's Hospital of Jamaica, and Dr. Murdock from the former and Dr. Blanchard of the latter hospital arrived soon afterward.

The quick wit of a passerby, who stopped the engine of the overturned car and cut off the ignition, is believed by the police to have prevented an explosion and to have saved the persons imprisoned under the wrecked car from being burned to death by gasoline. It was the work of several minutes before citizens of Springfield were able to prop up a side of the car, and extricate the live members of the party. Hagonah died before the arrival of the ambulance.

TAKES DYING BOY TO HOSPITAL

Then Chauffeur Who Ran Him Down Surrenders to Police.

After running down and mortally injuring a boy who was roller skating in Pacific Street, Brooklyn, late yesterday afternoon a negro chauffeur sped with the lad to the nearest hospital. Then he went to a police station and surrendered himself. The boy died soon after he reached the hospital.

The accident occurred in Pacific Street, between Smith and Hoyt Streets. James Dillon, 10 years old, who lived at 271 Pacific Street, the victim, on his skates was clinging to the tailboard of a delivery wagon, when he suddenly let go his hold and coasted in front of a touring automobile which was immediately behind the wagon.

Alexander Fuller, the chauffeur, of 704 Fulton Street, who was alone in the machine, was unable to stop his car, and the lad was knocked down and run over. Fuller picked up the unconscious boy and sped to the Long Island College Hospital, at Pacific and Henry Streets.

At Court Street a policeman tried to stop Fuller for speeding, but the chauffeur gave no heed to his orders. At the hospital it was found that the boy had suffered a fracture at the base of the skull and died in a few minutes.

Fuller then went to the Amity Street Police Station, where he gave himself up to Captain Bernard Gallagher. As the accident had happened in the Butler Street Precinct a policeman took Fuller there. Fuller is employed by Charles E. Warren of 825 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, Vice President of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company. The negro wept while telling of the accident, which, he asserted, was unavoidable.

NOVELIST PAIR DIVORCED.

Mrs. Katherine Cecil Thurston Gets Decree Against Husband.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 7.—A divorce was granted to-day to Mrs. Katherine Cecil Thurston, joint author with her husband, Ernest Charles Thurston, of several highly popular novels.

Their marriage took place in 1901, and the couple lived happily till 1907, when, according to Mrs. Thurston, her husband informed her that it was necessary that he should live his own life and for the purpose of literary work should go down into the very depths of society.

Her husband also told her, she declared, that she had the dominating personality, but she didn't understand what that meant. The Judge suggested that it meant that she had the stronger character, and Mrs. Thurston's answer was:

"That's not for me to say."

CHARGES CRIBBING AT YALE.

Student Thinks It Would Be Cured by the Honor System.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 7.—Cribbing in Yale examinations was charged by an undergraduate in The Alumni Weekly to-night. He said:

"The extent to which cribbing is carried on is almost unbelievable. The average man enters as a freshman, morally strong. He would not stoop to crib, but he hears boastful tales and before he is aware of it he regards cribbing as legitimate. It is common to hear any number of fellows describe how they fooled certain professors. Under the present system the only remedy is for the professor to catch the man and make the penalty so heavy that the students dare not attempt it. The cribbing evil would be effectively solved by the establishment of the honor system."

NEW NAVAL SPEED RECORD.

The Destroyer Reid Does 36 Miles an Hour on Her Final Test.

PENSACOLA, Fla., April 7.—Maintaining a speed of thirty-six miles an hour for four hours the torpedo-boat destroyer Reid, Lieut. Doddridge, established a new world record for speed by a naval vessel to-day. The vessel was on her final speed test, and aboard were representatives of the naval board of inquiry of Washington.

The destroyer went out on the Gulf at a time when weather conditions were unfavorable, the Gulf being heavy and rough, but with her powerful turbine engines working smoothly she cut through the waters like an ocean greyhound, going down the coast for sixty miles, then turning without slackening speed and coming back to the starting point.

The Reid is one of the new type of vessels recently completed, and more than exceeded the Government requirements. Her record to-day exceeded the previous world record by more than a mile per hour.

Your pen from your pocket cannot slip if you fasten it with a "Klymax Klip"—Stationers.—Adv.

PANIC ON LINER AFIRE 900 ARE TAKEN OFF

Men Fight Women Emigrants for the Boats After an Explosion on the Cairnrona.

BEATEN BACK BY THE CREW

Passengers, Exhausted by Cold and Exposure, Rescued—Prince Louis of Battenberg and Princess Assist.

DOVER, England, April 7.—A terrific explosion occurred early this morning off Dungeness on the British steamer Cairnrona with 900 passengers, mostly emigrant, aboard. The women's quarters were wrecked, and one child was killed and a number of women and children injured. The steamer caught fire, and a panic ensued, in which men fought for the possession of the boats, and had to be beaten back by the crew to allow the women to be taken off first. Fortunately the steamers Upland and Kanawha were close at hand.

They stood by and took off the passengers and landed them here this evening, many of them in an exhausted condition. In all twenty were seriously injured, and not less than fifty were slightly injured. Exhausted by cold and exposure, many of them half famished and others suffering from injuries, they were brought ashore and supplied with food, clothing, and medical attendance, Admiral Prince Louis of Battenburg and the Princess, with the British naval officers, lending assistance.

Prince Louis of Battenberg and the Princess had been giving a dinner party, but they broke it up and came ashore with their guests to attend the wants of the refugees.

The Cairnrona's Captain is endeavoring to persuade those of the passengers remaining here to re-embark on his steamer. Several hundred of them took the train for London to-night.

Several American cattlemen gave thrilling details of the accident. A number of women with children in their arms were sitting on a hatch when suddenly a violent explosion hurled them to the deck. The emigrants, mostly Russians, began to run up and down, screaming and wringing their hands. Their terror was increased by the volumes of smoke which poured from the burning hold. The Captain and officers made ineffectual efforts to calm them, and then signals of distress were sent up. In the meantime another explosion occurred in the engine room, injuring several of the engineers.

When the Kanawha and Upland came up the transfer of passengers was accomplished speedily, though scores of men tried to rush the boats and many of them fought with women, tearing and dragging them aside, and even trampling them under foot. The crew used fists and feet and any weapon they could fined to stop the rush. In the stampede four persons fell or were pushed into the sea and were rescued with difficulty.

The Captain of the Cairnrona, which sailed yesterday, bound for Portland, Me., reports an explosion in the starboard bunkers, wrecking the women's quarters. This was followed by several minor explosions. Until 2 o'clock in the afternoon water was pumped into the bunkers, and the vessel proceeded, reaching here at 9 o'clock to-night.

Though it is believed that the fire has been extinguished, the steamer will remain here until morning in order to be sure that she can proceed in safety.

The Kanawha and Upland reached Dover with the rescued passengers late in the afternoon, and the scenes at the landing were piteous. Exhausted by cold exposure, many of them half famished and others suffering from injuries, they were brought ashore and supplied with food, clothing, and medical attendance.

SNOW IN SPRINGTIME.

Just a Few Flakes After Midnight, but Enough to Whiten the Pavement.

Some of the snow that has been out in the West and up-State came into New York early this morning—not much, but just a little—and began to whiten the streets.

Moxed by some of the cold winds that should have been March'e, the white flakes swirled around rapidly, seeming not to know whether to drop down to the ground or to go back up into the sky.

By 2:15 the streets had the very lightest of thin white blankets. The Broadway cab tops glistened with a Christmas-card frosting, and folks out late were hurrying along with their coat collars turned up as high and as tight as if it were Jan. 8 instead of April 8.

But ther was not much prospect that the snow would stay after daybreak. The weather man said only that it would be "fair and cool."

ROWDIES RIOT IN SUBWAY.

In Possession of Train, Where They Smash Lights and Terrorize Small Boys

A hundred and fifty youths returning from the newsboys' games at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, at Sixty-eighth Street and Broadway, disturbed passengers in a southbound local Subway train last night until the police intervened. They unscrewed electric light bulbs and broke them on the floor of the car, picked up smaller boys and tossed them, raced up and down the train, swung on straps, stepped on dresses, and made themselves generally obnoxious.

Some of the cars were left almost in darkness.

At Fourteenth Street Lieut. Kelleher of the Fifth Street Station, with Policemen Fitzgibbons and Scroeber, boarded the train. At the sight of them the rowdies poured out and made a dash for the street, but those who were declared to be the ringleaders were caught. They said they were Frank Calla, 21 years old, of 11 Chatham Square; Michael Levy, 17, of 93 Madison Street; Charles Levine, 19, of 20 Madison Street, and Eli Mendelson, 19, of 66 East 115th Street.

CAR STRIKE WAS COSTLY.

Philadelphia Rapid Transit Now Wants to Float $2,500,000 Loan.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 7.—The Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, which recently announced that it had won from its striking employes, to-day asked permission of the city to float a new loan of $2,500,000.

In a communication submitting the ordinance President Kruger stated that "the extraordinary expenses recently incurred have reduced the reserve capital which the company was counting on to make improvements and additions to its lines, power, and equipment, and leaves the company to-day with insufficient money for such purposes." The communication was referred to the Finance Committee of Councils.

The consent of Councils is made necessary because of an agreement entered into between the City of Philadelphia and the Rapid Transit Company by which the city became a partner and received representation on the transit board.

In the Pictorial Section of the Times, next Sunday, will be reproduced illustrations of the Great Art Masterpieces of the world. The Spring Book Number will accompany next Sunday's Times.

PRINCETON ALUMNI COLD TO DR. WILSON

Gathering at Graduate Club Here Disperses in Silence After Procter Gift Explanation.

SARCASTIC PAMPHLET OUT

Widely Circulated and Seemingly Approved at Meeting—Moral It Gives Is "Take a Gift on the Jump."

For nearly an hour last night President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton University talked to the Princeton alumni, gathered at the Princeton Club, devoting most of that time to a defense of the rejection of the Procter gift of $500,000. Reporters were not present, for it had been announced at the club before the meeting that it was to be a "family gathering" only. After the meeting it was said by some of those present that President Wilson's talk was received without enthusiasm, and that at the end of the address few alumni went forward to speak with the President, the crowd dispersing almost immediately.

It was one of the largest, if not actually the largest, gatherings of Princeton men ever seen at the clubhouse. It was President Wilson's first appearance before the Princeton alumni here since the heated controversy over the rejection of the gift, and for two days notices of the meeting had been quietly circulated. The club's assembly room was filled, many alumni standing throughout President Wilson's address.

Before the address a pamphlet was passed among the alumni and eagerly sought. It was one of many that have been put out, some of them signed, some not. This one was not signed. It bore on its face this exhortation:

"CHEER UP!"
We must laugh before we are happy,
For fear we die before we laugh at all.—
De La Brayere.

Further down the page was the announcement: "Printed for the family only."

The pamphlet concludes with what is called a synopsis, with a moral. Here it is:

SYNOPSIS.

Once upon A Time there Lived a Staid, Respectable Corporation, which Operated a baby Farm. Its Heart being in its Work, a Burning Desire arose to Enlarge and Receive more Babies. Coin being Closely Held in the Realm, search was Made for Greenback Help, and Lo, a Bounteous Benefactor was Located. A Large Wad was in Sight for the Babies. The Staid and Respectable Corporation exclaimed "rah, rah," and Called on Architects. The Babies crowed and Packed their Trunks. What Hoi for larger Quarters and more Companions. However, one of the Guardians at the Farm, in Carelessly strolling over the Proposed Site, turned over a Mental Stone and Beneath discovered a Horrid Creature. The Report caused Throwing of Fits and much Colic. Sages, Wise Men, and Counsellors in Israel were Consulted. Discussion Thrived for Periods of Time. All the Ink in the Realm was Flushed upon clean Paper. The Verdict percolated to the Public—The Horrid Creature was a "Dilletante" and Would depreciate the value of Real Estate Even in a Graveyard. The Bounteous Benefactor received the Regretful News with a Brow Clogged with Surprise. Hesitatingly he was forced to Invest the Proposed Wad in Golden Bordered securities and the Babies gurgle at the Old Stand with Feelings of Loneliness guarding each Crib.

MORAL: Take it on the Jump and Hire a Shadow Chaser.

Some of those present said that President Wilson left the distinct impression by his address that he had given up all hope of receiving a renewal of the Procter gift, and preferred that the subject should be considered as finally dismissed.

He and Philip Rollins, class of '89, who presented him, occupied the platform alone. Among the Trustees of Princeton in the audience were Henry B. Thompson and Henry Green of this city, and Wilson Farrand of Orange, N. J. Some of the prominent alumni present were Moses Taylor Pyne, who has taken a prominent part in the Procter discussion; Adrian H. Joline, who is being supported by the Eastern alumni for the office of Trustee, and Lawrence C. Woods of Pittsburg, President of the Princeton Alumni Association of Western Pennsylvania.

President Wilson discussed first, his hearers said, the growth of educational methods and institutions in this country, and used the occasion to say that he regarded President Emeritus Eliot of Harvard as having done possibly the largest service to American education of any man living. The speaker then referred to Princeton's distinct gift to educational methods in the preceptorial system.

Then, from a discussion of earlier Princeton days President Wilson turned to the growth of the graduate school, the university department to which Mr. Procter wished to make his gift, saying that Princeton could not afford to take gifts with conditions tying them up. The university ought to be free to use gifts as the best interests of the college life demanded.

Another statement was that, given the option of a rich college or graduate school and few students and a poor school with many students, he would gladly choose the latter every time.

It was said last night that little surprise was felt over President Wilson's desire to have the case treated as closed. Eastern alumni present at the St. Louis reunion say that nothing occurred there to justify the report that the offer of the gift might be renewed. What was said was regarded by those at the meting as an attempt by the speakers to avoid a discussion.

The pamphlet distributed last night consisted largely of poetic quotations seeming to bear upon the rejection of the Procter gift.

Here is one quotation:

THE OPPORTUNITY.

Decide not rashly. The decision made
Can never be recalled. The gods implore not,
Plead not, solicit not; they omy offer
Choice and occasion, which once being passed
Return no more. Dost thou accept the gift?
—Longfellow, Masque of Pandora.

This is another abstract:

A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.—Cervantes, Don Quixote.

Here is a quotation, headed Chapter Ix., and captioned The Development of Discussion:

And bitter waxed the fray;
Brother with brother spoke no word
When they met in the way.

An illustration represents a man handing a piece of paper about the size of a check to a clerical-looking man. The latter turns away, refusing to accept, and the paper bears this legend: "Nothin' doin'."

One of the quotations was a poem attributed to A. A. Procter, called "The Benefactor's Retort."

Before I trust my fate to thee,
Or place my hand in thine,
Before I let thy future give
Color and form to mine,
Before I peril all for thee,
Question thy soul to-night for me.

The pamphlet ends with the quotation from Gen. Grant: "Let us have peace."

TO ANNUL MARRIAGE OF YOUNG GAYNOR

Referee in the Suit Brought by the Mayor's Son Finds in His Favor.

SHE HAD ANOTHER HUSBAND

Met After a College Dinner—He Knew Her as May Queen, a Music Student, but She Was Mrs. Guiffi.

A year ago last December the newspapers contained an account of how the eldest son of Supreme Court Justice W. J. Gaynor, now Mayor of this city, left college and got married and went to San Francisco. He was a student in Amherst College in his first year. He went with the sophomores to Boston to their annual banquet, and did not return. Nothing was heard of him for several days, and his family were in great distress. Finally he wrote his father from Chicago that he was on the way to San Francisco to seek his fortune and that he was married. His father obtained a situation for him in San Francisco, but in the following March went out to see him, with the result that he brought him and his wife back to his own house, where they lived together for a short while.

The name of the young man is Rufus William Gaynor. He met the young woman whom he married in Boston on the occasion of the dinner. They went together to Chicago, and were married there. She was a pupil in the Conservatory of Music in Boston. She was introduced to young Gaynor as Miss May Queen, and was married under that name.

The sequel to this sudden marriage has now occurred. Several months ago the young wife left the Gaynor household and has never returned. She left because it was discovered that she had been previously married and that her husband was living. Thereupon young Gaynor began a suit against her in the Supreme Court, Suffolk County, where Mayor Gaynor's Summer home is, to have the marriage annulled, on the ground that it was void because the defendant had a husband living at the time it was entered into. The defendant having put in an answer, John M. Ward, a lawyer, was appointed referee to hear the case.

According to the complaint and the evidence, the facts are that the defendant's maiden name was Maria Oddo; that on June 1, 1903, under that name she married Salvatore Guiffi at Somerville, Mass., and that in June, 1909, her husband, Guiffi, sued her in the District Court of Harris County, Texas, for divorce, on the ground of abandonment. The record of the marriage in Somerville, and also of the Texas suit, were put in evidence before the referee. It was shown that she is now 24 years old. Young Gaynor is 22.

The referee has made a report to the Supreme Court detailing the facts and holding that the plaintiff is entitled to judgment on the ground that the defendant had a husband living at the time she entered into the marriage with him. She has a child by the former husband, but none by her second marriage.

TO PROSECUTE BUTTER TRUST

Elgin Board of Trade President Admits It Fixes the Prices.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The first fruits of the investigation into high prices of food came to-night when the Department of Justice ordered O. E. Harrison, Special Assistant Attorney General, to begin at once steps looking to the prosecution of the Butter Trust.

The order was based on the testimony of John Newman, President of the Elgin Board of Trade, which controls the butter output of Illinois, Southern Wisconsin, and Eastern Iowa. As a matter of fact the Elgin price of butter affects the price of butter in every other market in the United States. The product of the district directly affected amounted to $13,964,000 last year.

Newman testified that on Monday morning of each week five men, constituting the officers of the Butter Board, meet at Elgin and make an order fixing the price of butter for the week. He also said that a member of the association who fails to keep the prices fixed by the Butter Board is expelled from the organization and deprived of the advantages of membership in that organization.

Mr. Harrison will begin at once to collect evidence preparatory to bringing a prosecution against the buter men for violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

In the meantime the oleomargarine lobby is busy collecting evidence to sustain the testimony of Mr. Newman. The oleo people have always asserted that the oleomargarine law made it possible by shutting oleo out of competition with butter for the butter dealers to make any price they thought the traffic would bear.

Mr. Harrison came to the Department of Justice from Ohio with Wade H. Ellis, and is referred to at the department as the official trust buster.

SELLING SENATORS A TRADE.

It Was Hers, Testifies Woman Who Says She Introduced Mississippians.

JACKSON, Miss., April 7.—"My business is bookkeeping, real estate, and selling Mississippi Senators," declared Mrs. C. J. Neil of Jackson, in testifying to-day before the State Senate, after swearing that she had arranged a meeting between State Senators Dulaney and Bilbo for the alleged purpose of allowing Dulaney to bribe Bilbo to vote for Percy for United States Senator instead of for ex-Gov. Vardaman.

Mrs. Neil said that she introduced Bilbo to Dulaney and that the latter told her to feel out "the weak legislators" and see whether they could "be reached." She swore that she was to be paid "in proportion to the crop," and said that she naturally desired a "big crop."

Mrs. Neil was cross-examined the entire afternoon. The cross-examination consisted of questions tending to attack her credibility as a witness. She denied all the imputations. She said she did not know it was a crime to bribe an officer and declared that she "did no wrong, for the men she sought to bribe were already corrupt."

An attempt to get her to name some other Senators was voted down by the Senate, on the ground that the investigation concerned the Bilbo charges only.

NO CUNARD DIVIDEND.

Report of Company Reflects Depression in Shipping Business.

LONDON, April 7.—The report of the Cunard Steamship Company made public to-day reflects the depression in the shipping business generally.

No dividend will be paid.

ASQUITH VICTORY ON VETO.

Gets Vote of 339 to 237 to Exclude Lords from Finance Legislation.

LONDON, April 7.—The House of Commons in committee to-day adopted Prime Minister Asquith's first veto resolution by a vote of 339 to 237. This resolution declares it expedient that the House of Lords be disabled by law from rejecting or amending a money bill, but that any such limitation shall not be taken to diminish or qualify the existing rights of the House of Commons.

Lord Rosebery, continuing his efforts in the direction of the reform of the House of Lords, gave a large dinner party to the leading peers to-night, the special object being to discuss informally proposals which Lord Rosebery intends to introduce for the reconstitution of the House of Lords.

ARREST FIGHT SPECTATORS.

Man Injured in Jersey Match Still Unconscious—Opponent Missing.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., April 7.—Detective William A. Blauvelt of Hackensack and the Garfield police late last night arrested twenty young men of Garfield alleged to have been present at a seven-round fight near Garfield Tuesday night, in which Gilbert Trehou was so seriously injured that it is feared he may die.

The men arrested were held as witnesses in $500 bail. Frank Kelzer, Trehou's opponent, is said to have left home early this morning, and the police have been unable to find him. It was said to-day that he had gone to Canada. Trehou is still unconscious in the Passaic General Hospital. The only time he has shown signs of consciousness since being admitted was this afternoon, when he opened his eyes and asked for a drink.

FIRE AT O. G. JENNINGS'S.

Eleven Buildings Destroyed at a Loss of $100,000 on His Country Estate.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., April 7.—A fire caused a loss of $100,000 on the estate of Oliver G. Jennings in Fairfield this afternoon. Eleven outbuildings were totally destroyed. Mr. Jennings is a Standard Oil man and a New York broker. He has a house in New York City, also at Newport, but his estate on the top of Osborne Hill is one of the show places in the State.

The fire, which started in some cut cornstalks in the cow barn, communicated to the coach house, the power house, the machine house, and to seven other buildings, burning them to the ground.

The fifty men employed on the place, under the leadership of Supt. Fred Downs, saved all the livestock and the carriages.

BLACK HAND NOTE NO JOKE.

Attempt to Blow Up a Greenwich Home Followed Letter of April 1.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., April 7.—When a Black Hand note demanding $2,000 was received on April 1 by the family of Peter Mitchell, a wealthy contractor here, they thought it was an April fool joke, and, though it was directed to Mr. Mitchell, they did not give it to him. It proved to be no joke, however, for last night at 11:50 o'clock a stick of dynamite was exploded on the porch of the Mitchell home, and the front part of the house was wrecked and almost every window in the dwelling shattered.

Mr. Mitchell had a narrow escape from being killed or injured, for when he heard a noise coming from the veranda he dressed and started down stairs. He was just descending the stairs when the explosion came.

Mr. Mitchell employs many workmen, and about a year ago he received a Black Hand letter. He went armed for a long time afterward, but no violence was attempted.

He says he has no idea who sent the recent letter.

"BATTLING" NELSON LOSES.

Prizefighter Sought $10,000 from Philadelphia Hotel for Barring Him.

PHILADELPHIA, April 7.—"Battling" Nelson, ex-lightweight champion of the world, to-day lost his suit in the United States Circuit Court for $10,000 damages against the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel for refusing him accommodations. It took the jury only three minutes to find a verdict for the hotel.

Nelson's manager registered the fighter at the hotel on Aug. 3 of last year, and Nelson spent the night there. When the hotel management learned who he was Nelson was told that he would have to vacate his room, as it had been engaged previously and that the hotel had no other accommodations.

Counsel for the hotel said Nelson had violated the laws of some States by fighting. Nelson said the "fights" were boxing exhibitions. Judge Holland in his charge to the jury said that if Nelson had violated the laws of any State which prohibited prizefighting, then, under the law, he was undesirable as a guest.

FOSS OVATION IN HOUSE.

Brother Escorts Him While Mother and Wives Look On.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Eugene N. Foss, who recently overturned a big Republican majority in the Fourteenth District of Massachusetts, received an ovation from the Democrats in the House when he appeared there to-day to take the oath of office. Enthusiasm over his victory was shown by handclapping, pounding of desks, and some shouts and cheers. On the Republican side there was profound silence.

It was a remarkable incident in another way. Mr. Foss was escorted to the Speaker's desk by his brother, Representative George E. Foss of Illinois, who is one of the leading Republicans. In the front row of the Speaker's gallery, sat their mother between their wives. The three joined in the demonstration. Almost every member of the House was in his seat. Representative Ollie James of Kentucky having made the point of no quorum as soon as the House assembled, and so compelled a full attendance.

The Fosses are the only brothers to occupy seats in the House. Never before have brothers of opposite political faith been members at the same time.

DEWEY'S SUPERIOR OLD PORT WINE.
The most strengthening wine we make.
H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., New York.—Adv.

KNOX MAY QUIT; MACVEAGH, TOO

Break in Taft's Cabinet Is Expected Soon Because of Long-Standing Friction.

"PREMIER" NOT CONSULTED

Wickersham Has Been Taft's Adviser on Important Matters—Feeling Over Diplomatic Questions.

TARIFF FIGHT ON MACVEAGH

Standpatters Have Called Him a Democrat and Objected to His Course as a Foe of High Duties.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Information has reached the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES from a source that cannot be ignored to the effect that a situation has arisen in the Administration which may result in the retirement of Secretary Knox from the Cabinet. Only a short time ago, it is reported, Secretary Knox was practically on the point of resigning his portfolio; and, although the difficulty has been temporarily tided over, the situation is such that a break in the Cabinet may come at almost any time.

THE TIMES'S correspondent has also received information which leads to the conclusion that Secretary MacVeagh contemplates leaving the Treasury Department.

The information regarding these two possible changes comes from several sources. One informant remarked this evening that the disappointment with the Administration which has manifested itself in nearly all parts of the country has penetrated the Cabinet, with the result that it would not be surprising to see a general disruption of President Taft's official household in the not far distant future.

Knox Expected to be First.

Different reasons are advanced for the consideration by Secretaries Knox and MacVeagh of the possibility of quitting their places. It is well known that Mr. Knox entered the Cabinet with the highest hopes of being an influential member of a successful and popular Administration. The concern of President Taft when it was found that there was a constitutional bar to his appointment because he had been a member of the Senate when the salary of Cabinet officers was increased is well remembered, as are the successful efforts he made to have that bar removed through the bill which was passed reducing the salary of the Secretary of State to $8,000, its old figure.

Mr. Taft let it be known that he expected Mr. Knox to act as the "premier" and chief adviser of the Administration, and Mr. Knox manifestly held a similar expectation. At the outset of the new Administration a year ago there were repeated evidences that the Secretary of State was, in fact, in that position. It was not until the Administration was well under way and the fight over the Tariff bill was in the thickest that the situation began to show signs of change.

At that time came the information that during the end of the Summer and the Fall the President intended to have some of his Cabinet officers devote themselves to the preparation of bills embodying his ideas on some of the most important recommendations for legislation that he proposed to submit to Congress at the opening of the present session. In the list of the Cabinet officers to be so employed the name of Mr. Knox was included at first. But it soon became apparent when the work of drafting these bills actually began that Attorney General Wickersham was the chief reliance of the President in their preparation.

Troubled by Crane Incident.

Meantime an incident had occurred which was extremely distasteful to Secretary Knox. The President had been seeking far and wide for a man to send as Minister to China who should possess certain specified qualifications that Mr. Taft believed would assist the Government in fostering the development of American enterprise in the Far East. He thought he had found the right man in Charles R. Crane of Chicago, and he offered the place to Mr. Crane without, as it is reported, having consulted the Secretary of State in the matter. There had been so much publicity regarding the way in which the post had been offered to one man after another and refused by all that, as it is explained, the President concluded to keep the selection of Mr. Crane entirely secret until the question had been settled.

The unpleasant termination of the service of Mr. Crane is well remembered. But the brunt of that fell upon Secretary Knox, who was roundly criticised all over the country for his part in it. Thus Mr. Knox was under fire for separating from the service a man in whose appointment he had had no share, and for whom he had no real responsibility. Mr. Knox is not supersensitive to criticism, but this matter did not create a happy feeling on his part. Nor was his feeling smoothed out to any decided extent when the President followed the Crane incident by choosing another man for the vacant post without consultation with the Secretary.

The new man, W. J. Calhoun, also of Chicago, was promptly accepted by the country as well qualified for the work, and has gone to his post without contro-

versy or criticism. But that fact did not serve, as THE TIMES is informed, entirely to relieve the sensitiveness of Senator Knox over the whole matter, and before the Chinese Mission matter was settled it had developed that not Secretary Knox but Attorney General Wickersham was the chief adviser of the Administration.

Mr. Wickersham had been busily at work during the Fall in the preparation of the Administration bills. Mr. Knox's part in them seems to have been confined largely to what comments he had to make when they were under discussion at Cabinet meetings. It was becoming evident to all observers that the chief reliance of the President for advice was upon the Attorney General.

Taft Let Knox Be Criticised.

While this was going on Secretary Knox was coming under a hot fire of personal criticism for his course in regard to certain Latin-American matters, chiefly concerning Chile and Nicaragua. During all the attacks made upon the State Department and Mr. Knox on account of these matters the White House permitted the State Department to shoulder its load of public censure as best it might. The speeches of the President were devoted chiefly to defense of Senator Aldrich and the Payne-Aldrich tariff law, to exposition of the legislative recommendations he intended to make or had made, and to replies to criticism of himself. Very little if any time was given to explanation, commendation, or defense of the work of the State Department.

Under these circumstances, as THE TIMES is informed, Secretary Knox began to feel a sense of isolation in the Administration instead of being in fact its "Premier."

Then came the matter of the negotiations necessitated by the operation of the maximum clause in the new tariff law, and the Secretary of State found that the Tariff Board created under one provision of that law was intrusted with that work. It is true that the law provided for the appointment of men to assist the President in that very line. But the result was that men not connected with the State Department were engaged in dealing with the representatives here of foreign countries, which is distinctly a diplomatic function belonging to the State Department.

It did not help matters much when at the last, the Tariff Board having failed in the most important and critical situation—that with Canada—the State Department was called upon to take up the thankless task. It is true that at Cabinet meetings, especially of late, the President has been warm in his praise of Secretary Knox and the work of the State Department, particularly in the tariff negotiations that finally fell to it. But this praise has not served to smooth the feelings that had been ruffled. On the contrary, it evoked a new element of unpleasantness, in that it lauded the success of one department at the cost of implied criticism of the failure of another.

Certain it is that the tariff negotiations resulted in friction between the State and Treasury Departments. It may be that this friction has had something to do with the thought of both Secretary Knox and Secretary MacVeagh in considering retirement from the Cabinet. But it is not believed to be the chief ground in either case. The other reasons that might move Mr. Knox have been set forth. A different set of facts is presented in the case of Mr. MacVeagh.

MacVeagh Has Been Hampered.

From the outset of his career as a Cabinet member Mr. MacVeagh has been under the fire of the standpat element of Republican leaders in the Senate. He has been referred to steadily as a Democrat, frequently with an uncomplimentary epithet prefixed. He is regarded by the "old guard" in both Senate and House as a free trader. From the beginning this element has opposed Mr. MacVeagh and hamepered him in his work.

The Secretary of the Treasury does not conceal the fact that his opinion of political office holders is not of the highest, but in the selection of men to assist him in his department work he has been met by the opposition of the politicians right along. Some of his Treasury appointments have been held up in the Senate, notably that of Assistant Secretary Curtis in charge of the customs. Mr. MacVeagh has been criticised for customs rulings and Treasury decisions, as well, and in numerous ways his efforts to secure a clean and honest administration of the Treasury service have been hindered and hampered by politics.

All this was extremely distasteful to Mr. MacVeagh. He has had the backing of the President right along, so far as his selection of subordinates goes, but the political pressure has been kept up. At the same time his health has not been very good. He has suffered from minor illnesses several times this year that have kept him away from his office. Added to these items of unpleasantness is that of the friction with the State Department. For these reasons it will not be surprising if Mr. MacVeagh announces before long that his connection with the Administration is about to cease.

Some days ago there was a report here that certain Cabinet changes were impending. The list included Secretary MacVeagh and Secretary Dickinson, but did not mention Secretary Knox. When this report was brought to the attention of the President he let it be known that one of the Cabinet members concerned had mentioned the matter to him. That was taken at the time as a denial that any such changes were impending.

It is not unlikely that similar denials will be made at once regarding what is here said. But, as said at the beginning, the information on which this dispatch is based comes from sources that cannot be ignored. One of the informants said this evening that as a matter of fact the President had come to regard the administration of the State Department as a failure, and that Secretary Knox had come to regard the Administration generally as a failure; and that, of course, is a situation that cannot long endure.

GAVE AWAY ANOTHER'S BABY.

Mother Turns Up Just in Time to Save Child from Bellevue.

"I am too poor to pay for this Child's live so please take care of it foor me. His name is Thommy."

This note, written in pencil on a bit of wrapping paper, puzzles the police of the East Fifty-first Street Station House. It was tied to the cap of a three-year-old baby boy, found crying in the street in Fifty-seventh Street, between First and Second Avenues, about 8 o'clock last night. Hilda Everett of 106 East 124th Street and Agnes Miller of 746 Third Avenue found the baby in the centre of a group of older children, who said they knew nothing about him.

The two girls carried the child to the police station, where the note was read.

"A plain case of abandonment," the Lieutenant said. "He'll have to go to Bellevue, I suppose," and as the girls left the station after giving their names the Lieutenant turned to the telephone and asked for an ambulance. A minute later a white-faced woman ran into the station house and said that her baby was lost.

"I sent him out into the street to play," she said, "and when I went to look for him he was gone."

She gave a description of the child, and the Lieutenant asked the matron to bring "Thommy" in.

"That's my Georgie," the woman cried. "Where did you get him?"

The note was shown to her, and she said she could not give any explanation of it. She said she was Mrs. Mary Welck of [illegible] First Avenue, and was well able to care for her child. The boy went home with his mother.

HAVENS ATTACKS ALDRIDGE AS BOSS

Also Makes Fire Insurance Graft an Issue in the Rochester Congress Fight.

OUTLINES HIS PLATFORM

For Low Tariff, Employes' Compensation Act, Parcels Post, and Postal Savings Bank—His Corporation Record.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 7.—The first gun in the Congressional campaign was fired to-night when James S. Havens, Democratic candidate for the vacancy in the Thirty-second Congressional District, caused by the death of James Breck Perkins, addressed a mass meeting in the National Theatre. Although the Democrats opened their speaking campaign in the teeth of a small blizzard of snow and rain, the theatre was filled and the candidate, small and wiry, but full of energy, received a splendid ovation.

"A moral issue is involved in this contest," said Mr. Havens, "and the country is asking the question: 'Where will Rochester and Monroe County stand?' This moral issue is so great and its existence is so clear that no intelligent man can vote without registering himself upon it. No paltry partisan excuse will do. A refusal to vote is worse than a wrong vote. The man who stays at home is not only counted against the cause I represent, but is counted a coward, too."

Mr. Havens referred to the reform work of Gov. Hughes and reviewed the unsavory revelations of graft at Albany resulting from the trial of former Senator Allds. He continued:

"All through the investigation no charge was made upon any Rochester man, living or dead. The wretched business came close to us on either side, but it did not touch us. Before they had finished, however, the light was turned on to the fire insurance business, and we are getting results. These results, I regret to say, involve this county.

"The man who for twenty years or more has dominated the Republican Party in this county—my opponent in this contest—is involved. It would not be wise, were I capable of doing it, for me to attack my opponent personally, but the facts you are entitled to have and I am obliged to give. I say the facts, for there is no dispute that a corruption fund was raised in 1905 by the fire insurance companies to influence legislation—to kill an unworthy bill as they say now—but, worthy or unworthy, it was to be killed by money, and my opponent took for services rendered with the members of the Legislature his share of that fund.

"He admits it. His only excuse is that it was a present; that it was given to him after the service was performed, and that he used it in behalf of the Republican organization of this county. Republicans of Monroe, is that sufficient? Are you satisfied with that answer? You cannot dodge the issue. My opponent's answer calls for neither consideration nor discussion.

"I understand that Mr. Aldridge says he does not like to be called a boss, but a leader, or he may have said, I am not sure, that he wasn't a boss, but a leader. Is there any better way that you know of than to pick out a leader, an acknowledged leader, a man who is not in any sense a boss, and compare him with my opponent to see where the latter should be classified?

"Many examples may occur to you of leaders, but the one that occurs to me is our present Republican Governor, Mr. Hughes. Is there any question about his being now and having been since his entrance into public life a leader and not a boss? Is there any question where my opponent, George W. Aldridge of Rochester, should be classified alongside of Gov. Charles E. Hughes? I think not. I must continue to refer to my opponent as a boss and not a leader until he clears this up.

"But there are worse bosses than Mr. Aldridge and all the bosses are not in the Republican Party by any means. Their day is past—their race is run. Independence in politics is rendering them impossible. Both parties are getting nearer to the true principles of popular government. In the atmosphere of true Democracy no political boss can live."

Mr. Havens then took up the tariff question and asked the Republicans of Monroe if they did not understand that the promised revision of the tariff meant lower rates, not higher ones.

"I stand on the tariff with the men who believe in free raw materials and lower rates," he declared. "I believe in free lumber, free iron ore, and free wool. In taxation, the burden should be put where it can most easily be borne. If any one can produce the record where James Breck Perkins stood for anything else I shall be astonished."

Mr. Havens said he believed in reciprocity with Canada, if it can be obtained, and he asserted that the trust that controlled the output of white paper was standing in the way of free wood pulp.

"It will be charged," said the candidate, "that I am a corporation lawyer. That sounds bad, and that is all there is of it. But if I am elected I shall not, while a member of Congress, represent anywhere or receive any compensation, directly or indirectly, from any individual or corporation that may be interested in Federal legislation, and those of you who know me, know that I make this statement without any reservation or equivocation whatever."

The speaker said that although he had served as counsel for certain railroads, he was in favor of an employes' compensation act, and although he had on occasion represented in the courts express companies, he was in favor of a parcels post. The latter, he declared, is coming, and obstructions will not defeat it. While at present connected with a law firm which is attorney for a savings bank, he believed in the establishment of a postal savings bank.

Reverting to the tariff, Mr. Havens said: "The defenders of the Payne-Aldrich revision of the tariff, and it seems to me their voices are growing louder as their numbers decrease, tell us now that it is a great revenue producer. President Taft spoke of it thus when in Rochester quite recently. If that is so, why, then, did Congress and the President enact the Federal tax upon the income of corporations? I hope it will be declared unconstitutional. Why should men who are doing business in a corporation form rather than in a partnership be annoyed by this act? It serves no useful purpose."

Again turning his attention to the situation in Monroe County, which he said for twenty years had been controlled by George W. Aldridge and the spoils system, he said:

"During that period and at the present time no Republican resident of Monroe County has been or can be of character high enough or great enough in his devotion to the public welfare to aspire to serve in any public capacity without first seeing this one man, but having seen him and his approval given, no rival aspirant for that position, however worthy, has been or can be able to have his name submitted to the Republican voters of this county with any possibility of success."

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DEBS ATTACKS JUDGES.

Railroad Decision Followed a Spree in Which a Judge Fired a Shot, He Says.

Eugene V. Debs, who ran for President on the Socialist ticket in the last campaign, was the principal speaker at a Socialist meeting which last night filled Cooper Union to the doors. The meeting was to celebrate Socialism's "victory" in having obtained the election of Emil Seidel as Mayor of Milwaukee. Amid the applause and cheers of the Socialists, Debs attacked President Taft for his meeting with President Diaz of Mexico at El Paso.

"When Taft felicitated Diaz in the name of the American people he spoke only for the Nation's plutocracy, not for its democracy," said Debs. "To us Socialists, Diaz is a bloody tyrant, and Taft himself is infinitely inferior to Fornaro, whom the Mexican Government jailed."

Debs also charged that the decision some time ago of United States Circuit Judges Pollock, Phillips, and McPherson against the 2-cent-a-mile railroad rate in Kansas and Missouri was the result of a "fishing trip" which the railroads of those States got up for them.

"The people had succeeded in getting a 2-cent-a-mile railroad rate passed," said Debs on this point. "The railroads seeking to have the law set aside, appealed, not to the State Courts, in which the Justices are elected by the people, but to the Federal Courts, in which the Judges are appointed by the corporations. So the railroads got up a two weeks' fishing trip for Judges Pollock, Phillips, and McPherson. It stocked a private car with all sorts of wine and good things, and sent the three Judges off on it for two weeks.

"It was supposed to be a fishing trip. But in reality it was a debauch of the most scandalous nature. During the trip the honorable jurists got into an altercation in which one of them shot at another. If such an act had been done by three Socialists, the newspapers would have cited the affair as another example of the menace of Socialism. But it having occurred between three corporation Judges, it was entirely hushed up. Nothing was ever heard of it. When the Judges returned they declared that the 2-cent-a-mile rate bill was unconstitutional. The Supreme Court of the United States itself consists wholly of corporation lawyers. It forges weapons for the capitalists and fetters for the working class."

Charles Edward Russell, who presided, said that the Milwaukee Mayoralty success was Socialism's "first great victory in America."

"The creators of wealth are beginning at last to awaken to the fact that they are not getting any of the wealth that they create," said Mr. Russell.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—Debs's outburst at Cooper Union is apparently a revival of an old charge which raised a great fuss in the Middle West a few years ago. The three Judges were taken on a trip in a special car by O. M. Spencer, attorney for the Burlington Railroad; S. W. Moore, attorney for the Santa Fé, and another railroad lawyer. The facts were printed at that time by Kansas City and other Western newspapers, and there was a furor about the affair.

Neither Judge Pollock nor Judge Philips has tried any of the big railroad cases since, but Judge McPherson, sitting for Judge Philips in Kansas City last year, enjoined the State of Missouri from enforcing its two-cent passenger rate law and made perpetual a preliminary injunction he had previously granted restraining the enforcement of the freight rate law of the State.

REVOLT AGAINST DEAR MEAT.

Harlem Women Use Oil—Bronx Speakers Advise Abstinence.

Armed with cans of kerosene oil, women of the upper east side who are running a meat strike in Harlem attacked butchers' shops on First and Second Avenues, near 110th Street, yesterday, causing such turmoil that Capt. Corcoran of the East 104th Street Station and his reserves were kept busy until the shops were closed. They arrested eleven women.

The women, who insist that the price of meat is outrageously high, first waylaid a housekeeper who had bought the forbidden meat at 242 East 110th Street, grabbing it out of her hands, and poured kerosene all over it.

The victim of the attack began fighting her despoilers, and the shop soon was crowded with screaming women. Policemen Nicola and Sweeney, who were attracted by the noise, saw that they could not handle the situation unaided, and called for the reserves, who, led by Capt. Corcoran, had all they could do to stop the fighting. They took seven prisoners there, and four more from other small fights.

Six of the women were fined $2 each and four were discharged later in the Harlem Court. Bessie Glassberg of 325 East 110th Street was held in $300 bail for trial.

Two women also were arraigned in the Night Court. They were arrested by Policeman Mayer of the Oak Street Station on complaint of a butcher at 100th Street and Second Avenue who said they had snatched two chickens from his stand and thrown them into the street. The butcher failed to appear at the Night Court, however, and Magistrate Corrigan discharged the women.

Mrs. Celia Cohen of 142 East Ninety-eighth Street and Mrs. Rosie Zubkin of 330 East 100th Street, who were arrested by Policeman O'Connell of the Madison Street Station, charged with snatching a chicken from a womag at Ninety-seventh Street and Second Avenue. The Cohen woman was fined $10. The other woman was discharged.

About 150 women and a few men who gathered at Wendover and Washington Avenues, in the Bronx, last night to hear Mrs. Anna Pastor, mother of Rose Pastor Stokes, speak against the high prices for meat, were disappointed, as the chilly wind caused Mrs. Pastor to decide that it would not be well for her to risk speaking outdoors.

While the crowd waited Emanuel Rothstein began to speak, and he finished by declaring that housewives should keep away from butchers until prices go down. The crowd became so demonstrative that Sergt. McCarthy of the Tremont Station and two patrolmen had their hands full keeping order.

STRIKE FIGHT IN SIXTH AVE.

Row Between Leather Workers and Strikebreakers Scares Shoppers.

A hundred strikers, formerly employed by the leather goods firm of Katz Brothers at 135 to 139 West Twentieth Street, engaged in a fight with an equal number of strikebreakers in Sixth Avenue at 6 o'clock last night, blocking the Sixth Avenue cars for several minutes. The reserves from the new West Twentieth Street Police Station arrested four men, said to be strikers, on charges of assault.

Some 200 of Katz Brothers' 300 employes have been on strike for a week for the union scale of wages. Strikebreakers have been put in their places. Last night as the new employes were going home they were surrounded by a band of strikers, who accompanied them to Sixth Avenue and down a block or so trying to persuade them to quit work. At Eighteenth Street, the police say, one of the strikers blew a whistle and strikers came from all directions toward the group. Many of the strikers, the police say, carried clubs with which they attacked the strikebreakers.

The fight scared women shoppers and the women clerks from the department stores who were on their way home.

Catholic School Reunion at Waldorf.

The annual reunion of the Catholic Summer School of America, known also as the Champlain Assembly, will be held at the Waldorf-Astoria to-night. The reunion will take the form of a musicale, with cards, and a reception. Among the boxholders and patrons are the Right Rev. M. J. Lavelle, Daniel F. Cohalan, Thomas F. Ryan, the Right Rev. D. J. McMahon, John J. Barry, and Carl V. Cornes.

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170 Broadway
Capital & Surplus $1,000,000
Interest Paid on Daily Balances and on Certificates of Deposit, both Time and Demand

GET BUGHER THIEF WITH $15,000 GEMS

Baltimore Jeweler Sees Through Disguise of Man Who Robbed Police Official's Wife.

WAS TRYING TO SELL LOOT

Howlett Was Second Man in Mrs. Ludlow's Washington Home—Fooled Police of Several Cities.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 7.—A Baltimore jeweler to-day discovered and trapped the man who stole the diamonds of Mrs. Frederick Bugher, wife of the Deputy Police Commissioner of New York, while she was visiting in Washington on March 27. Fifteen thousand dollars' worth of gems were found in the man's clothes.

The man, who, according to his own statement, has been going about freely in New York, wearing a disguise so poor that "any constable could see through it," is Clarence Howlett, alias Wilson Oliver Reeves, alias Kenneth Freeman. His photograph, the police say, is in the Rogues' Gallery of every large city in the United States.

He was employed by Mrs. Bugher's mother as second man in her Washington home, and disappeared on the day the jewels were missed. The police of nearly every city have been searching for him since.

The specific charge against Howlett is the theft of jewelry valued at $20,000 from Mrs. Frederick Bugher in the Washington home of her mother, Mrs. Nicholas Ludlow, wife of Rear Admiral Ludlow. Howlett got the jewelry from Mrs. Ludlow's room and was gone some time before the theft was discovered.

To-day a man wearing a little mustache entered the jewelry store of Jacob Gammerman, 424 North Calvert Street, and asked to have a diamond taken from a ring and reset. Then he offered to sell the diamond to the jeweler for $150. Gammerman looked at the man and cried out:

"I know you. You're wanted for stealing diamonds. You've got to stay right here till I get an officer."

Gammerman locked his door and telephoned to the Police Headquarters. Then he went to the door and called for an officer. Sergt. Higgins responded and arrested Howlett.

When the jewelry was found on Howlett at the Central Police Station he confessed, the police say, and said he was glad to be in the hands of the police. Howlett said he came to Baltimore at 3 this morning and registered at the St. James's Hotel as J. Moses. He got a false mustache and said he tried to so disguise himself that he would look like a diamond peddler.

Since the theft Howlett has been in New York. Wearing a red wig and a brown mustache, which he admitted was a most transparent disguise, he registered first at the Astor House under the name of Chase and then at the Waldorf.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—When Mrs. Bugher, who is still visiting her mother in this city, was apprised to-night that her jewels had been found she expressed great pleasure. She said she had scarcely hoped that they would be recovered.

TIME to be up and moving—

The Pennsylvania Station is nearly done, and offices here are getting scarcer and scarcer.

The **MARBRIDGE**

Broadway, 34th & 35th Streets.
Representative on premises.
Or your own broker.

Landay Bros. Victor

RECORDS
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OUR ONLY TWO CITY STORES
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MANY MADE BLIND BY WOOD ALCOHOL

Health Department Inquiry Shows the Poison Is Sold Freely on the East Side.

CALLED WEISSES SCHNAPPS

Hospitals Report Many Cases of Blindness and Death from Drinking the Concoction.

Immediate and total blindness, often followed by death, is caused by drinking wood alcohol in even small quantities, and all over the east side they are selling wood alcohol, so Health Commissioner Lederle said in a statement yesterday.

The Health Department having been informed by Dr. E. L. Meierhof of 1,140 Madison Avenue of three cases of total blindness in the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary caused by drinking wood alcohol bought on the lower east side, Dr. Lederle says, an investigation was made by his direction, and already he has caused warrants to be prepared against an Avenue D saloon keeper and against a saloon keeper having two places in Rivington Street.

It does not take a great deal of wood alcohol to produce death or blindness, Commissioner Lederle pointed out. Dr. H. Moulton has reported, he said, that in thirty recorded cases of persons who had drunk only one or two drachms of methyl alcohol all the patients were made ill, and half of them were either killed or stricken blind.

Eleven cases of blindness from drinking wood alcohol were treated in the New York Eye and Ear Hospital last year. Five have been treated there since last October. Dr. Rosenbluth of 746 East Sixth Street has reported that he recently had the case of a man who having been drinking for a week sent his wife out one day to buy ten cents' worth of whisky at the southeast corner of Avenue B and Sixth Street. Soon after drinking this liquor, which was of the "white whisky" kind, the patient went blind and then died.

Charles De Lucia of 317 East 106th Street recently bought a half a gallon of this "white whisky," called "weisses schnapps" on the east side, from a peddler, paying for it 50 cents. The Health Department got hold of part of its contents, finding that it contained wood alcohol in dangerous quantities.

Having considered a number of cases, Commissioner Lederle says in his statement, "the conclusion is unavoidable that methyl alcohol is an active poison, and is capable of producing death or permanent blindness, even when taken in small quantities."

Tea Time Talks

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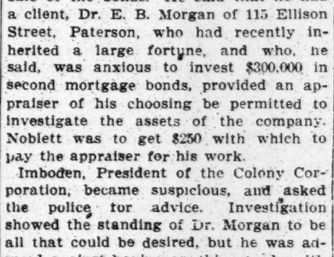

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NEW YORK

BROADWAY BROKER IS HELD AS A SWINDLER

Edwin Arden Noblett Charged with Defrauding Firms by False Pretenses.

HAS A RECORD, POLICE SAY

Accused of Representing Himself as Agent for a Man Who Inherited a Fortune, and Getting Fees Wrongfully.

In the arrest of Edwin Arden Noblett, a broker, in his office in the Brunswick Building, 225 Fifth Avenue, last night by Detectives McConville and Nelson, the police say they have an old acquaintance, and also the man responsible for two recent swindles in this city and Philadelphia. Noblett is charged by David C. Imboden, President of the Colony Real Estate Corporation of Greenpoint, L. L., with stealing $250. He is held also as a fugitive from Philadelphia for the larceny of $1,250.

The Colony Corporation on Nov. 10 advertised for $750,000 capital for real estate bonds. A few days later Noblett wrote that he thought he could arrange for the sale of the bonds. He said that he had a client, Dr. E. B. Morgan of 115 Ellison Street, Paterson, who had recently inherited a large fortune, and who, he said, was anxious to invest $300,000 in second mortgage bonds, provided an appraiser of his choosing be permitted to investigate the assets of the company. Noblett was to get $250 with which to pay the appraiser for his work.

Imboden, President of the Colony Corporation, became suspicious, and asked the police for advice. Investigation showed the standing of Dr. Morgan to be all that could be desired, but he was advised against having anything to do with Noblett.

In the presence of Central Office Detective Murphy, who posed as Vice President of the company, Imboden gave Noblett a check for $250 on the Mechanics and Traders' Bank of Brooklyn on Dec. 28. On the following day Noblett had the check certified and telephoned that the sale of the bonds was probable. Thereafter, Imboden says, he heard no more from Noblett.

Yesterday, with Detective McConville, Imboden went to Dr. Morgan in Paterson and inquired about the sale of the bonds. Dr. Morgan not only said he knew nothing of any such deal, prospective or otherwise, but also told them that Noblett had been using his name in a similar way in another deal with a man named Hoxie, in Summerville, Mass., who was to have put up $500, but who questioned Dr. Morgan in time to escape loss.

Dr. Morgan said Noblett had called on him the day after the news of his inheritance became public, but that he said he did not care to make any investments. However, he had an appointment to meet Noblett at the Brunswick Building last evening, and he suggested that Imboden and the detective go along.

At Noblett's office Imboden demanded that he return that $250, but Noblett said he would do no such thing. He said he would sell Imboden's bonds anyway, but seeing McConville, he offered to compromise. Instead he was arrested.

The second charge against Noblett grew out of a letter to McConville from a firm of lawyers, who charged that Noblett, representing himself as an agent for the American Redemption Company of Rochester, had approached the Keller Manufacturing Company of Philadelphia with an offer to guarantee their stock, provided the plant should warrant such a guarantee by the Redemption Company.

A deposit of $1,250 was to be paid in advance, which was to be retained by the Redemption Company if it decided to guarantee the stock, otherwise to be returned to the Keller Company. Noblett, according to the lawyers, insisted that the check be made payable to him, saying that the Redemption Company required cash payments.

After Noblett had cashed the check the Keller Company said they heard nothing from him, and the Redemption Company repudiated Noblett, who, it was said, had never submitted any agreement to the company nor turned over any money. When the Keller Company wrote to Noblett, it is said, he insisted that he had a right to obtain a guarantee of their stock from any other company he pleased, and if they thought otherwise they might sue him for breach of contract.

According to the same lawyers another client, the Murray & Hill Company of the Southern Boulevard, paid Noblett $250 as fee for an appraiser he brought to look over their plant preparatory to taking a mortgage on it for $125,000. He also was to get a commission of $5,000 if the deal went through. The deal, however, fell to pieces when Noblett, according to the lawyers, tried to have Mr. Murray persuade his banker to advance $85,000 for collateral he wished to deposit.

According to the police Noblett was arrested on Aug. 7, 1893, on a charge of grand larceny, but discharged; arrested on Oct. 11, 1893, for grand larceny, indictment dismissed; arrested for grand larceny on Dec. 3, 1899, and sentenced by Recorder Goff on Sept. 7, 1901, to eight years and six months in Sing Sing; arrested for grand larceny on June 1, 1900, but discharged.

BARNES SENT TO SING SING.

Is Septenced to Between Four and Six Years for Grand Larceny.

Supreme Court Justice Goff sentenced Noah E. Barnes, ex-President of the Cottonwood Creek Copper Company, yesterday to serve not less than four nor more than six years in Sing Sing Prison.

Barnes was convicted on Monday of grand larceny in the first degree for withdrawing $30,000 of the company's funds from a bank in which it was deposited. The principal evidence against Barnes was given by Count Hans Ferdinand von Hochberg, who sold some $150,000 of the stock of the company to his friends in various German courts, including the Crown Prince of Germany, whose aid de camp he had been. This and the reading of several of the Crown Prince's letters gave the trial an international interest.

Barnes made a lengthy plea to the court, asking for a suspended sentence, saying his present predicament was due to his own kindness of heart.

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286 & 288 FIFTH AVENUE

INDICT GLASS TRUST ON THREE COUNTS

Imperial Company and Sixteen Officials Accused by Pittsburg Federal Grand Jury.

IMMUNITY FOR SECRETARY

As He Furnished Most of the Evidence—Organized to Control the Window Glass Trade.

PITTSBURG, Penn., April 7.—The Imperial Window Glass Company, a corporation of West Virginian birth, which lacks but one week of being a year old, and sixteen officials were indicted by a Special Federal Grand Jury here late to-day on three counts: First, conspiracy in restraint of the hand-blown window glass trade in the United States; second, engagement in illegal competition; third, attempt to monopolize inter-State trade.

The officials and Directors of the Imperial Window Glass Company, as named in the indictment, are: President, Myron L. Case of Maumee, Ohio; Vice President, M. J. Healy, Bradford, Penn.; and Treasurer, J. G. Sayre, Morgantown, West Va.; Directors: Thomas Spillane, New Bethlehem, Penn.; G. W. Morenus, Kane, Penn.; Thomas Camp, President Smithport Window Glass Company; W. L. Graham, Masontown, Penn.; Felix Steinberger Clarksburg, West Va.; J. H. Brewster, Weston, West Va.; J. G. Sayre, Morgantown, West Va.; C. P. Cole, Lancaster, Ohio; O. C. Teague, Utica, N. Y.; Frank Bastin, Vincennes, Ind.; F. R. Wear, Kansas City, Mo.; A. Hudson, Chanute, Kan., and U. C. Baker, Carey, Kan.

The Secretary of the company, J. R. Johnston of Pittsburg, was not named in the indictment. He appeared as the principal witness for the Government and may, it is said, receive immunity from criminal prosecution. He produced before the jury a mass of books and papers, letters, and other data. The presentment, however, was based as well on the testimony of a number of other witnesses, who had been summoned from many Western cities.

The indictment sets forth that the company, incorporated in West Virginia, on April 14, 1909, has from that day to this acted as a selling agency and has prevented competition "by persuading and inducing corporations, partnerships, and individuals in the window glass trade to enter into contract with the agency to sell their entire outputs of hand-blown window glass," and that the defendants were able "to establish, fix, and maintain arbitrary, unreasonable, and noncompetitive prices for window glass, greatly in excess of prices which would prevail if said defendants had not engaged in unlawful conspiracy."

The Imperial Window Glass Company is capitalized at $250,000, of which amount $176,000 is paid in. During the four days' inquisition, testimony, it was officially learned, was to the effect that the company had cleared $150,000 net over and above all expenses.

The companies which were permitted by the alleged agreement to sell only to the Imperial Company number sixty-six all told, representing a capitalization of between $7,000,000 and $8,000,000. Of these companies it was testified that twelve were kept closed, the idleness involving an expense of $137,000 a year.

FRANS HALS PAINTING SOLD FOR $137,000.

Portrait of a Woman.

$137,000 FOR A HALS AT THE YERKES SALE

Continued from Page 1.

Peasants Merrymaking—Cornelius Dusart; Knoedler & Co.	1,450
The Watering Place—Philips Wouwerman; Eugene Fischhoff	4,100
Portrait of a Rabbi—Rembrandt Van Rijn; W. W. Seaman, agent	51,400
Portrait of Joris de Coulery—Rembrandt; Seligman & Co.	34,500
Philemon and Baucis—Rembrandt; Scott & Fowles	32,000
Resurrection of St. Lazarus—Rembrandt; Edward Brandus	11,100
Portrait of a Man—Ferdinand Bol; W. W. Seaman, agent	9,100
Portrait of a Woman—Frans Hals; Knoedler & Co.	137,000
The Singers—Frans Hals; Seligman & Co.	33,500
The Violin Player—Frans Hals; Edward Brandus	16,100
The Singing Girl—Frans Hals; Edward Brandus	16,100
The Old Mill—Hobbema; Dowdeswell & Dowdeswell, London	3,900
A View in Westphalia—Hobbema; Scott & Fowles	48,000
The Mill—Hobbema; H. E. Fra[illegible]	4,300
The Ford—Hobbema; Duveen Brothers	10,000
Threatened Storm in Summer—Attributed to Hobbema; W. Blank	700
The Road to the Cottage—Attributed to Hobbema; Philip Berolzheimer	1,100
Landscape—Jacob Van Ruisdael; T. J. Blakeley Gallery	2,100
In the Forest—Anthonie Waterloo; Philip Berolzheimer	1,450
The Social Glass—Peter de Hooch; A. Preyer	4,000
An Interior—Peter de Hooch; Dowdeswell & Dowdeswell	12,800
The Music Party—Peter de Hooch; Seligman & Co.	7,400
The Glass of Lemonade—Gerard Ter Borch; M. Knoedler & Co.	10,300
Sunset—Jan Both; H. N. Koster	900
Portrait of a Lady—Bronzino; A. Brech.	2,000
The False Players—Jan Steen; Kleinberger Gallery	6,100
The Siesta—Jan Steen; Kleinberger Gallery	10,500
Christ Driving the Traders from the Temple—Jan Steen; H. Steinmeyer, Cologne	3,500
Boors Merrymaking—Jan Steen; Edward Brandus	9,300
Wolfgang, Duke of Nieubourg—Van Dyck; Mrs. J. W. N. Cardegs	2,500
Two Apostles—Peter Paul Rubens; Philip Berolzheimer	4,200
Ixion and Hera—Peter Paul Rubens; H. Steinmeyer	20,500

The American Art Association will conclude the sale of pictures at Mendelssohn Hall this evening. The Yerkes rugs will be sold this afternoon.

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SAY HOFFSTOT ISN'T THE MAN HIGHEST UP

Graft Investigators Accused of Shielding a Powerful Figure by the Pittsburg Leader.

ITS PROOF IS DEMANDED

Hoffstot's Lawyer Declares Any Testimony Against Him Is Perjured—His Plight Pleases Employes.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., April 7.—The charge that the Councilmanic graft investigators have been concealing the identity of a man much "higher up" than President Frank N. Hoffstot of the Pressed Steel Car Company, who was indicted yesterday, and that the District Attorney's office has been protecting him, was made to-day in an editorial in The Pittsburg Leader. The editorial calls on District Attorney William A. Blakeley to make public the facts and threatens, in the event he does not do so, that the paper will print the name of this man and will give in full the evidence which, it is charged, Mr. Blakeley is concealing.

Mr. Blakeley at once sent a letter to Editor A. P. Moore of The Leader, requesting that he appear before the special Grand Jury to-morrow morning at 9:30 and tell all he knows about the rumored "man higher up." The District Attorney demands that Mr. Moore produce every witness he has in the case. Moore's paper frequently has referred to some mysterious person high in finance and politics who is being covered up, and to-night Moore declared that he would make public the man's name and give all the testimony he has to the District Attorney.

The District Attorney stated to-night:

Blakeley Wants Publicity.

I desire to state publicly that I have received a great many anonymous communications charging that certain individuals are implicated in the graft scandal, and in addition to this I notice in an afternoon paper that there is a distinct and definite charge against a man "higher up." I now desire to invite any individual of Allegheny County to come before the Grand Jury of Allegheny County, now investigating graft and municipal corruption, to-morrow morning at 9:30, and I will guarantee that they will receive ample opportunity to give their evidence and testimony.

This invitation in particular is directed to Mr. A. P. Moore, editor of The Pittsburg Leader. He has publicly dared me, upon more than one occasion, to do certain things. I now accept his challenge, without conditions, and challenge him to produce all his evidence and testimony before the Grand Jury of Allegheny County. I do this in justice to the people of Allegheny County, who have the right now to know the full and complete lengths to which municipal corruption has descended, and I trust that Mr. Moore can find absolutely no excuse to decline this most urgent request.

William B. Rodgers of Pittsburg, Mr. Hoffstot's lawyer, after a long conference with District Attorney Blakeley, left to-night for New York, where he will to-morrow confer with his client. Mr. Rodgers said it would be decided then whether or not Mr. Hoffstot would come to Pittsburg voluntarily.

"I hope Mr. Hoffstot will come of his own accord, for we will hold this Grand Jury until he appears before it," said District Attorney Blakeley this evening.

"If Mr. Hoffstot does not come of his own free will we will bring him through extradition. Of course we cannot extradite him as a witness to come before the Grand Jury, but we can and will extradite him on the indictments which have been found against him. The wealth and standing of Mr. Hoffstot will have no more effect with us than if he had nothing.

More Bankers Examined.

The Grand Jury made no presentment to-day, but that the inquisitors were still busy with the bank ordinance cases was evidenced by the presence of J. S. Kuhn, President of the First National Bank, and J. M. Young, cashier of the Second National Bank, as witnesses. Their testimony was not disclosed.

To fill vacancies in Councils caused by the resignation of its indicted members, Mayor Magee has called a special election for April 26. Ten days before the proposed election the Mayor will issue a formal proclamation.

There were many evidences of joy among Schoenville millworkers to-day over the indictment of Mr. Hoffstot, who became very unpopular with his thousands of workmen during the strike at the steel car plant. Some of the workmen held small street parades, and carried banners referring to President Hoffstot.

An evening paper friendly to the strikers received hundreds of suggestions from the workmen as to how Mr. Hoffstot's case should be disposed of. The paper reproduces many of them to-night. One suggestion is "sentence the man who sits on a Broadway throne, with his heels on the necks of the McKees Rocks laborers, to eternal captivity in one of his own model Schoenville tenements."

Hoffstot's Lawyer Indignant.

District Attorney Whitman said yesterday that he had received no request from Mr. Blakeley to aid in the extradition of Mr. Hoffstot. The latter was at his office in the Blair Building yesterday, but refused to discuss his indictment. Adrian H. Larkin, of Joline, Larkin & Rathbone, his attorney, at first took the same attitude, but later declared:

"They are making a scapegoat of Hoffstot. He had no more to do with it than you or I or John Smith of Mississippi. They picked on him because he was a friend of the late Mr. Friend. He seemed a good man to jump on."

Mr. Larkin said that he knew nothing of the evidence except what he had read in the newspapers.

"But," he added, "if they have any testimony against Mr. Hoffstot, it is perjured."

ONE VOICE FOR HOFFSTOT.

Interrupts Speaker at a Dinner—Business Men Blamed for Bribes.

"Hoffstot's all right," some one shouted, interrupting the speech of William Jay Schieffelin, President of the Citizens' Union, at the dinner of the New York Credit Men's Association last night in the Hotel Astor. Mr. Schieffelin had referred in detail to the charges on which President Hoffstot of the Pressed Steel Car Company and the German National Bank of Allegheny, Penn., had been indicted. About 300 guests were at the dinner. The man who shouted for Hoffstot was not identified.

"When I picked up my morning paper this morning," said Mr. Schieffelin, "I saw stories of graft and corruption in three States—Ohio, Pennsylvania, and New York—on the front page. In Ohio, there was the charge of a corrupt agreement to secure legislation favorable to the merger of the Edison Telephone interests; in New York there were stories of the revelations of corruption in connection with investigations begun and now in progress. From Pittsburg came the story of the indictment of President Hoffstot of the Pressed Steel Car Company, a big company, doing a big business, charged with paying a $52,500 corruption fund to secure city deposits for his bank. The President of another bank had come into court to confess a payment of a $20,000 bribe for a similar purpose, and his bookkeeper came in to confess he had altered the book to protect his President.

"All these stories of legislative corruption concerned business measures. We know that the investigation of legislative corruption in this State disclosed that business was the reason for the corruption. The Ohio corruption is charged to a business enterprise. The charge against President Hoffstot is that he gave a bribe to get business.

"We are fond of blaming legislators for corruption. We see that many of these corrupt transactions are done through lawyers, and we blame the lawyers. But first and foremost the blame is upon the business men. The responsibility is on business men so that when we speak of commercialism, which should be an honorable word, we mean it as a term of reproach.

"I speak to you as credit men. You know the truth. You face the truth. You know what is going on in business circles. You know for what purposes money is expended. You should cultivate a larger sense of the importance of your responsibility. We should all feel a sense of shame at these occurrences, when the names of business men are mentioned in these things. President Hoffstot is mentioned as the man who is 'higher up' in this Pittsburg scandal—"

"Hoffstot's all right!" came the interrupting shout, loud enough for everyone in the big ball room to hear.

"Hoffstot's all right!" Mr. Schieffelin turned and faced the table from which the shout came.

"I hope he is," he said, in a conciliatory tone.

"I know he is!" said the other emphatically.

Mr. Schieffelin said he knew that most business men were honest and opposed to corruption in every form, and he regretted that certain sorts of business had been injected into politics.

D. L. Sawyer, Chairman of the National Prosecuting Committee of the National Association of Credit Men, advocated the establishment of a $100,000 annual fund by subscriptions from jobbing houses to prosecute commercial frauds. No part of this fund, he said, should be used for collecting debts. He declared that an adjustment bureau of National reputation had characterized more than 50 per cent. of failures as exhibiting elements of fraud.

President Howard Marshall acted as toastmaster.

It was announced that two special cars will carry the New York delegation to the annual convention of the National Association of Credit Men at New Orleans May 17-20.

MRS. THAW TESTIFIES.

Was Warned Against Hartridge, She Says—Didn't Want Hughes for Counsel

Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw, defendant in the suit of Clifford W. Hartridge for $93,009 counsel fees and services in connection with the first Thaw trial, was on the witness stand during both the morning and afternoon sessions of the United States Circuit Court yesterday.

Questioned by William R. Wilder, counsel for Mr. Hartridge, Mrs. Thaw said she never consulted Mr. Hartridge during the entire period from the shooting of Stanford White until the first trial of her son was over, and that during this time she had met him only once or twice. The first meeting was in November, 1906.

"Did any one—Judge Olcott, for instance—warn you against Mr. Hartridge?" asked the plaintiff's lawyer.

"No, not exactly," replied Mrs. Thaw. "Shall I tell you exactly what Judge Olcott did say to me?"

"Yes, let us hear it."

"He said: 'If your son intrusts his case to Hartridge and Gleason, they will send him to the electric chair as sure as I am sitting here.'

"When I reached New York," she said, "after Harry's unfortunate affair, I didn't know which way to turn. I was in doubt as to what position to take, whether to have Harry sent to some decent asylum—not Matteawan—or to have him stand trial. I was not so keen then as I am now, and I was ill and fatigued."

Mr. Wilder read a letter in which it was suggested that Charles E. Hughes, now Governor, be retained.

"Did you favor his entering the case?"

"No. I was not opposed to him personally, but some one told me he was likely to run for Governor, and I then opposed him, as I did not want politics mixed up in my son's defense."

In one letter to Mr. Hartridge, dated Sept. 27, 1906, Mrs. Thaw wrote:

I marvel that the charge of the District Attorney that the move made by you was because Harry was a "rich man" was not at once contradicted. At no time in the past half-dozen or more years has his income reached $30,000. I don't know how much it was before, but little more than this at any time. It should be brought out clearly that he is not a rich man, but has barely an independent fortune.

Mrs. Thaw was still on the witness stand when the case was adjourned by Judge Holt until to-day.

CURTISS SETS AERO RECORD.

Reduces Time for Start at Memphis Meet—Gives Wife First Flight.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 7.—Aeroplanes, sweeping in long curves and darting the length of the Tri-State Fair Grounds to-day, furnished excitement to thousands of spectators at Memphis's first aviation meet. Glenn H. Curtiss of Hammondsport, N. Y., lowered his world's record for quick starting from 6 2-5 seconds, made at Los Angeles, to 5 4-5 seconds. In the same test he failed to break his short-start record of ninety-eight feet.

After breaking the record the aviator took his wife up for her first flight.

Charles F. Willard attempted to lower his accuracy record, but was forced to alight without completing the prescribed course, owing to engine trouble. He will make another attempt to-morrow.

J. C. Mars, one of Curtiss's latest pupils, made his first flights in public to-day. He won cheers for the dexterity with which he handled a four-cylinder biplane.

John W. Albaugh, Jr., Dead.

BALTIMORE, April 7.—John W. Albaugh, Jr., son of the late John W. Albaugh, a famous actor, and owner of Albaugh's Theatre here, died to-night at the Union Protestant Infirmary from Bright's disease. Mr. Albaugh was born in New York City in 1867. In 1897 he became manger of the Lyceum Theatre here and directed the house for three years. In 1900 he gave up managerial duties and devoted himself to acting. He appeared in "Colorado," "Trilby," and "Lord Chumley."

BOROUGH BANK FORCED TO CLOSE

Suspension of the Union Bank Started a Run on Second Brooklyn Institution.

PAY ALL, PRESIDENT SAYS

Sufficient Funds on Hand to Cover Deposits and Protect the Stockholders—Management Absolved from Blame.

As a sequel to the suspension of the Union Bank of that borough on Tuesday, the Borough Bank of Brooklyn, for the second time in a little more than two years, closed its doors yesterday. A heavy run of withdrawals of deposits, caused by the failure of the Union Bank, reduced the cash reserve to 10 per cent., or to one-half the amount required by law, and at a meeting of the Directors it was decided to put the affairs of the institution in the hands of State Banking Supt. O. H. Cheney.

President Broc R. Shears of the Borough Bank declared yesterday afternoon that the assets were sufficient to pay every deposit in full, and also make good the investments of the stockholders. Supt. Cheney said that no other Brooklyn financial institution had in any way been affected by the suspension of the Union and Borough Banks.

In the two days following the closing of the Union Bank some $146,000 was withdrawn from the Borough Bank by the more timid of its depositors. The reserve dropped in that time from $275,000 to $140,000, the latter figure representing but 10 per cent. of the deposits. The remote cause of the present trouble was a shrinkage of $1,500,000 in the deposits in the last two years. Strenuous efforts to raise ready cash were made by the bank officials, but the assets, largely in realty, were "slow" and could not be easily realized on in an inactive market. While there were many withdrawals at the main offices, at 16 Court Street, the run was chiefly on the Eighth Ward Branch, at Third Avenue and Fifty-first Street, where many small tradesmen had accounts.

The Borough Bank's capital is $200,000. Whether it has been impaired could not be learned yesterday, although it was unofficially announced that the capital was intact. It was said yesterday afternoon that the deposits totaled $3,070,000. A payment of 5 or 10 per cent. on their claims, it was announced, would probably be made to the depositors in July. The Finance Department of the city had on deposit in the bank at the time of closing $95,755. Both Controller Prendergast and City Chamberlain Hyde seem to be confident that the city will not lose a dollar of this money.

This second suspension of the Borough Bank, which, as the Banking Superintendent asserts, is in no way due to any fault of the new management, recalls the crash of the Fall of 1907. Out of that collapse grew a scandal which resulted in the indictment of Howard Maxwell, the President; Arthur D. Campbell, the cashier, and William Gow, a Director and stockholder. Deserted by his friends, Maxwell was confined in jail, in default of bail. Eventually a bondsman appeared and he was released. From the jail he went to his home, in Congress Street, and committed suicide. Gow was the only one tried. The jury disagreed, and there the matter ended. Campbell turned State's evidence against Gow.

The officers of the Borough Bank are Broc R. Shears, President; William S. Hurley and Hermann H. Lucke, Vice Presidents, and A. K. Moore, cashier. The Directors are William S. Hurley, H. R. L. Rohlfs, T. F. Martin, W. T. Diefendorf, J. E. Sheppard, H. H. Lucke, M. F. Gleason, Paul Grout, H. T. Ketcham, John H. O'Rourke, Edward D. Ferris, Broc R. Shears, and A. K. Moore.

The State Banking Department gave out this statement:

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Borough Bank of Brooklyn was held at the office of the Banking Department, 52 Broadway, at 6:30 o'clock last night, the meeting having been called by President Shears.

After a conference with the Superintendent of Banks regarding the unusual demands being made upon the institution at its Eighth Ward branch, and considering the character of the assets, for which the present management is not responsible, the board decided to request the Superintendent to take possession, and thus preserve the best interests of all depositors.

Pursuant to the request and the provisions of the banking law the Superintendent has taken possession of the property and business of the corporation. No further statement regarding the condition of the bank will be made until the inventories have been completed. There has been no withdrawal of deposits from any other institution.

In the Borough Bank were a certain number of city funds. The City Chamberlain deposited there Feb. 1 the sum of $25,000, but required the security of a bond from the People's Surety Company. This bond was redeemed yesterday by the company. The Controller also found when he took office that the Department of Finance had there $27,500 in the Public School Teachers' Retirement Fund, and $27,500 to the account of the Rapid Transit Security Deposit. These were inactive accounts, and had not been altered in amount since the beginning of the year. Controller Prendergast also found a deposit of $45,755 to the account of security deposits, but this has been reduced since the beginning of the year to the extent of $30,000, leaving a balance of $15,755.

CODYS NOT RECONCILED.

Colonel Denies That He and His Wife Have Agreed.

CODY, Wyo., April 7.—In a letter received here to-day Col. William F. Cody denies the report that a reconciliation had been effected between him and Mrs. Cody.

JERSEY LEGISLATURE CLOSES.

Lively All-Night Session Ends the State's Lawmaking.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 7.—The New Jersey Legislature adjourned finally at 7:57 this morning after an all-night session in which the House outgeneraled the Senate on two important matters, one forcing through the McCran House bill, which stops the Hudson Water Company from supplying Staten Island with water, and the other the House bill putting on the State Board of Assessors the duty of making a revaluation of railroad property in this State.

The Senate had forced through the amended bill which the Governor said would be found unconstitutional by reason of the work of the lobby here, but the House repassed the McCran bill and sent it over to the upper Chamber with the statement that this was the same bill, free from charges of corruption, and putting it up to the Senate to go on record for that measure or stand the public censure of passing an amended bill for a water company about which there had been charges of corruption. The Senate weakened and passed the McCran bill, and Gov. Fort signed it before he left the State House in the morning.

There was a stir in the Executive session of the Senate when the name of John Rotherham, ex-County Clerk of Hudson, was found as a nominee of Gov. Fort for the County Board of Taxation. Senator Fielder of Hudson said he had not been consulted, and the Senators stood by him in rejecting the names of both of the Tax Commissioners.

Contrary to expectation, the Republican Senators took no action on the investigation resolution offered yesterday evening by Senator Osborne. It was understood the Judiciary Committee, to which the resolution had been referred, would report a substitute resolution resenting attacks upon the integrity of the Legislators, but it was finally decided that the better thing to do was to drop the matter entirely.

One of the bills passed by the Legislature will, if it becomes a law, seriously affect the "marrying" Justices and ministers of Jersey City, Hoboken, and Camden. The bill provides that on and after July 1, before any marriage can be contracted in New Jersey, the contracting parties must obtain a license from the clerk of the city, town, or borough in which the ceremony is to be performed.

TWO DIE TOGETHER.

Discovery of a Dead Man and Woman at Newark Indicates a Double Suicide.

Believed to be victims of a suicide agreement the dead bodies of Peter S. Hessler, an eccentric watchmaker, and Mrs. Mary L. Murphy, wife of William Murphy, a Brooklyn waiter, were found by the Newark police yesterday in scantily furnished apartments at 17 Coes Place, Newark, N. J. After the bodies were examined by County Physician W. H. McKenzie they were removed to the Morgue. The County Physician declared that death had occurred about two weeks ago. He said that cyanide of potassium had probably been taken by the victims.

The discovery of the bodies was made through Theodore Coe, the owner of the house. Coe reported to the First Precinct police that Hessler had been missing for over two weeks. He declared that the tenants in the house had complained to him that there was a peculiar smell in the hallway leading to Hessler's apartments.

Desk Sergeant McGeehan sent Patrolmen Hing and Smith to the house yesterday afternoon, and the door of Hessler's apartments was broken open. When the police entered the rooms they found the victims clasped in each other's arms. From the position of the bodies the police thought there had been no struggle, which favored the theory of a double suicide.

The noise of the police breaking into the rooms so startled Mary Malone, 12 years old, who lives on the third floor of the house, that she leaped out of the front window and narrowly escaped being killed. She had been ill for several weeks and was in a nervous condition. She fractured her left leg, and was removed to the Newark City Hospital.

On a table in Hessler's apartments was several whisky bottles and a glass containing a white sediment, which will be analyzed.

The body of Mrs. Murphy was identified by Mrs. Julia O'Brien as that of her married daughter. She said that she called at the Coes Place house some time ago in search of her daughter, but could not gain admission. Mrs. O'Brien thought her daughter was living in Brooklyn with her husband, with whom she had had trouble. She said that she forbade her daughter to go to Hessler's apartments.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M. Loss.
12:35—195 Bowery; Pearlman & Levine.....None
2:30—1,063 Washington Av.; J. Goldman.....Trifling
5:05—243 Centre St.; F. Skirwanski.....$25
8:17—1,111 Westchester Av.; H. L. Cleveland.....$10
9:45—758 E. 218th St.; G. Divana.....None
9:45—108 East 104th St.; Martin Boake.Trifling
10:00—245 E. 121st St.; Solomon Cusher.....$50
10:05—234 Henry St.; Morris Golf.....Trifling
11:50—Ninth Av., between 34th and 35th Sts.; Metropolitan Street R. R. Company.....Slight

P. M.
12:35—118 W. 41st St.; Madge Monroe.....$50
2:15—133 Avenue C; Max Caplan.....Trifling
2:45—13 Sheriff St.; A. Wasatinsky...Trifling
5:40—Broadway and 134th St.; C. J. Sullivan.....Trifling
6:20—3,122 Broadway; Jacob Helberg..Trifling
7:20—174 Suffolk St.; J. Reimer.....$20
8:00—430 West 49th St.; unknown....Trifling
8:15—542-548 Washington St.; C. P. Shore & Co.....$5,000
8:30—121 West 26th St.; Otto Brago.....$20
9:10—1,385 Lexington Av.; Bernard Epstein.....Trifling
9:15—311 West 69th St.; Morris Feist..Trifling
9:25—Morris Heights; New York Central Railroad.....Trifling
10:10—111 West 17th St.; Newport Embroidery Company.....$500
10:15—872 Front St.; Herman Shapiro....Trifling

QUEEN ELIZABETH'S keen sense of appreciation extended from literature and art to wine and tobacco.

Sir Walter Raleigh was commanded to smoke in her presence and to use only the vintage of 1586. She made a wager with the courtier that the smoke of this particular vintage was lighter than other yields, its delicate aroma suggesting the idea.

This imperial recognition of "Vintage" value by "goode Queen Bess" is exemplified to-day in

LA MARQUISE CIGARETTES of a "vintage"

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The Swirl and Swish

of the silken petticoat is music to the ears of the well gowned woman. And to be thoroughly well gowned the petticoat of silk must be employed—easy matter for those who draw on "The Store of Certain Satisfaction"—Bloomingdales', the easiest store in New York to reach from anywhere—because it is "Convenient Now to Everywhere," whether one travels by auto, elevated train, carriage, surface car or afoot.

Taffeta Silk Petticoats, in black and colors, with deep flounces and tucked ruffle, finished with percaline dust ruffle. A $3.50 value; special to-day at..... $2.69

Heatherbloom Petticoats, in black and all the leading shades, for street and evening wear. They have a deep knee sectional flounce, tucked and trimmed with embroidery; the kind that always sell for $2.95 are here to-day at..... $1.77

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A Saks-made Overcoat or Suit at $15 is identical in its details of tailoring with those at $40—or more. The difference exists only in the relative cost of materials; but the $15 garments are fashioned by the same designers and tailormen—and will pass the criticism of any man, no matter how particular he may be.

Suits & Topcoats for Men, $15 to $43

IN ALL THE FAVORED COLORINGS OF THE SPRING SEASON AND OUR OWN EXCLUSIVE MODELS.

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designed to meet the requirements of those who do not wish to go beyond the bounds of "popular prices" yet insist upon the fullest return for their expenditure.
The models include both Boots and Oxfords, in lace, button or Blucher styles. The leathers comprise tan, Russia, patent, gun metal or vici kid.

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Look for the Red and Gold Tin
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Flavor simply unequalled.
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ROOSEVELT ON ROAD, STORM STILL RAGES

Begins Drive Northward with Mrs. Roosevelt Through Pleasant Italian Hill Country.

DUE IN GENOA TO-MORROW

Controversy Over Vatican Incident Goes on in Rome and All Over Europe —Cardinals Criticise Merry del Val.

By JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN.
Former Assistant Secretary of State.
Correspondent of The New York Times and Chicago Tribune.

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GENOA, April 7.—Though Theodore Roosevelt has disappeared from public gaze, all Italy and, indeed, all Europe, is discussing with interest the incidents in which he figured in Rome.

There is not the slightest doubt, in so far as a certain element at the Vatican is concerned, that the cudgels will be taken up with renewed vigor against Cardinal Merry del Val. This is the element in the College of Cardinals which objects to the way in which the Spaniard has been handling the foreign affairs of the Holy See. These cardinals, however, are powerless, since Cardinal Merry del Val owes his appointment as Secretary of State to the Pope alone, and it is hardly likely, certainly in this juncture, that an attempt will be made to supplant him.

Col. Roosevelt is naturally taking no interest in the criticism of Cardinal Merry del Val and is not manifesting in the slightest degree any feeling over the failure to be presented to the Pope. Writing relative to the matter to two well-known Cardinals who sent him an enthusiastic letter praising his conduct, he said that he had acted solely on principle and that he deeply regretted that he had failed to have the honor of meeting the Pope. He added that he did not entertain the slightest resentment or rancor, but that he continued to regard the incident as a purely personal one, and did not consider that it justified any feeling on his part.

As further evidence of Catholic approval of Mr. Roosevelt's attitude the fact may be cited that the head of one of the strongest Catholic institutions in Rome left at Mr. Roosevelt's hotel his card, on which was written his earnest thanks for all Mr. Roosevelt had done while he was President for the Catholics in America; to which it was added that if he had acted differently in connection with the proposed audience he would have failed to observe the principles which have distinguished his career.

The Methodist organization's officials also realize that Mr. Roosevelt properly condemned the Rev. B. M. Tipple's statement following the incident, and are loud in their expressions of regret that they lost such an admirable opportunity. Like many Catholics, they consider that Mr. Roosevelt acted in the only manner possible for a man of his character, and they have no criticism to make of him, though they do criticise Mr. Tipple.

Mr. Roosevelt in the meantime pursues the even tenor of his way, enjoying a renewal of his honeymoon and forgetting the unpleasant incident which will make his recent brief stay in Rome historic. He and Mrs. Roosevelt reached Spezzia this morning and immediately took a carriage which was in waiting and to-day drove slowly toward Genoa, where, perhaps, more trouble is impending in the shape of Gifford Pinchot, who will arrive at that point on Sunday.

ROOSEVELT AT SPEZIA.

With Mrs. Roosevelt Revisits Hotels Where They Stopped on Honeymoon.

SPEZIA, Italy, April 7.—Theodore Roosevelt and Mrs. Roosevelt began today the carriage drive along the sunny slopes of the Ligurian Alps by the road they followed as bride and bridegroom twenty-four years ago. The day was as beautiful as could be wished. They expect to reach Genoa late Saturday.

A carriage was in waiting when the Roosevelts arrived here by train from Rome at 8:30 o'clock this morning. A little group of Italians, who with bared heads watched from a respectful distance, was rewarded with nods and smiles, and as he drove away from the station Col. Roosevelt looked back and waived his hand in farewell.

Before leaving here the ex-President and Mrs. Roosevelt went to the Hotel Groce di Malta, where they were shown the room which they occupied on their honeymoon. They noted many changes, including an elevator, which did not exist at the time of their former visit.

When they left an Italian lady saluted them, speaking in English, and Mr. Roosevelt addressed her with his usual warmth of manner. Then they entered their carriage, the ex-President refusing to have a detective accompany them, and saying he wished to enjoy entire liberty during the journey. Many flowers were presented to Mrs. Roosevelt.

Among other places visited, where brief stops were made, were Conti Inn and Tre Mori Inn, in the vicinity of Chiavari, where years ago Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt were compelled to take refuge in a heavy storm. A stop for the night was made at Rapallo.

Mr. Roosevelt's request to the Italian as well as the American correspondents that they be allowed to enjoy seclusion during the drive was observed.

On the evening of April 12 the Roosevelts will leave Porto Maurizio for Vienna, stopping at Venice for a day en route.

ATTACKS MERRY DEL VAL.

Roman Press Says He Has Slighted Not Only Roosevelt But Germans.

ROME, April 7.—Some of the prominent ecclesiastics who were received by the Pope to-day managed to introduce the subject of the Roosevelt incident. To those the Pontiff expressed the deepest regret that he had been prevented from meeting and speaking with the former President, but he gave utterance to no opinion regarding the negotiations or the deadlock that followed.

The incident continues to be a live topic of popular discussion and is emphasized by what the Liberal press calls the new mistake of Cardinal Merry del Val, who, they say, prevented the 150 members of the Choral Society of Cologne from being received by the Pope because the society visited the Quirinal and sang before the Italian sovereigns, in spite of the fact that every year hundreds of persons are received by King Victor Emmanuel and afterward admitted to the presence of his Holiness.

The Messagero to-day says:

"Within a few days Cardinal Merry del Val has shown discourtesies to the most beloved American citizen and to a gathering of the most beloved persons of Germany, and indirectly to the King of Italy. As long as this young and audacious Spanish Cardinal dominates Leonine City the Italian Liberals must be on their guard."

At the Vatican this afternon it was denied officially that a Papal audience had been refused to the German singers. It was said that the members of the Cologne Choral Union had left the city before an audience could be arranged. It was added that the request for an audience by the singers was not passed upon by Cardinal Merry del Val, who learned of the matter only from to-day's newspapers.

Most of the newspapers this evening publish a farewell article on Theodore Roosevelt. The Tribuna says:

"Mr. Roosevelt, who probably will return to the head of a great federation, although declaring his wish to be treated in Rome as a private citizen, was greeted as the head of a great State. His cancelled visit to the Pope had the effect of rendering warmer our greetings to him."

CALLS ROOSEVELT EMPHATIC.

Too Much So, Says German Catholic Organ, and Over-Punctilious.

BERLIN, April 7.—The Germania, a Catholic daily, discusses the Vatican-Roosevelt incident to-day in a dispassionate editorial that occupies two columns. This is the first authoritative Catholic view of the matter expressed in Germany. The paper considers that Mr. Roosevelt was over-punctilious and too sharply emphatic about his freedom and independence. The Vatican, it declares, had no desire to do Mr. Roosevelt an injury or to embarrass his movements, but it could not omit a proper understanding in advance so as to make sure the avoidance of an incident similar to that which marred the visit to Rome of former Vice President Fairbanks.

Were the Methodist Society in Rome not extremely and militantly anti-Catholic, says the Germania, but only a medium for the worship of Protestants residing in Rome, the Vatican would have raised no objections. The paper wonders what will happen when Mr. Roosevelt arrives in Berlin.

PARIS, April 7.—The Matin to-day asserts that the treatment of Mr. Roosevelt by the Vatican meets with disapproval in the highest and most important ecclesiastical circles, including many members of the Sacred College, who hold Cardinal Merry del Val, and not the Pope, responsible. These prelates point out that Mr. Roosevelt has always shown the most profound respect for the Catholic Church and now that Church has offended him.

The Matin thinks that the adversaries of the Papal Secretary will seize the incident as a weapon with which to break down his authority and prestige.

LONDON'S ROOSEVELT PLANS.

English Catholic Organ Blames "Talk by Cable" for Vatican Incident.

LONDON, April 7.—The committee appointed to arrange the reception and luncheon which the City of London will give to ex-President Roosevelt is already at work, and is determined to make the affair one of the big events of his tour. The committee will depart somewhat from the severely formal customs which prevail upon the visits of monarchs, and will seek to bring together representative Englishmen irrespective of their official position. Members of the Government, leaders of the Opposition, the staffs of the American Embassy and Consulate, and prominent Americans resident in England will be among the guests.

The Tablet, the organ of the Roman Catholic Church in Great Britain, commenting upon the Vatican-Roosevelt incident, says that the correspondence involved affords melancholy reading, and that the public the world over thinks that the whole "tragedy of errors" was due to "talking by cable" instead of through written communications. The Tablet considers that Mr. Roosevelt, having selected this means of communication, "should have shown some generosity in its interpretation and a readiness to make allowance for the deficiencies of the instrument of his own choice, but instead he appears to have taken offense and thought it necessary to assert his independence, which certainly did not need to be accentuated."

The Tablet contends that the sole offense of the Vatican is that it endeavored to make him acquainted with the facts before he reached Rome so that he might not make engagements which perhaps would be difficult to cancel.

The paper maintains that the responsibility for the incident which has given pain to the whole Catholic world, assuredly no less in America than in Europe, must rest with the person who gave strictly private communications to the press. The Tablet absolves Mr. Roosevelt from blame for the publication of the correspondence, but insists that before "the crude cablegrams were thrown to the world" a few words of frank explanation would have averted all unpleasantness.

SBARETTI SUPPORTS VATICAN.

Papal Legate to Canada Approves Action in Roosevelt Case.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 7.—Mgr. Sbaretti, Papal Legate to Canada, to-day gave out a statement "to enlighten public opinion on the stand taken by the Holy See" in regard to the recent incident connected with Mr. Roosevelt's visit to Rome.

The statement says in part:

"The position assumed and maintained, irrespective of persons, by the Vatican authorities is simply the only one compatible with dignity and self-respect. There is involved no question of tolerance or intolerance with regard to religious views as such.

"The attitude of these Methodists in Rome toward the Vatican, their bitter aggressive antagonism to the Catholic faith and the Holy See, and their misrepresentation and villification of the Holy Father in order to pervert the poor and simple, have imposed the line of action adopted toward them.

"The violent and fanatical tone of the declaration published broadcast by the press, as received from a prominent member of this Methodist proselytizing mission, and the grossly insulting language quoted from an American leader of that sect against one of the most distinguished and respected members of the American hierarchy, tend sufficiently to confirm the wisdom and prudence of the action taken in this regard."

TO WELCOME ROOSEVELT.

Cornelius Vanderbilt Names Subcommittees of Greeters.

The Executive, Finance, Harbor Display and Procession Committees of the Roosevelt Reception Committee were appointed yesterday by Cornelius Vanderbilt, the chairman. They are:

Executive Committee.—Cornelius Vanderbilt, ex officio, Chairman; Otto T. Bannard, B. W. B. Brown, Eugene A. Philbin, William B. Ellison, J. Sergeant Cram, Louis Stern, Elbert H. Gary, Henry L. Stimson, William Loeb, Jr., Robert C. Morris, Lewis Nixon, James R. Sheffield, Capt. Arthur F. Crosby, Frank R. Lawrence, James E. Sullivan, Ludwig Nissen, John A. Sleicher, Herman A. Metz, James Bronson Reynolds, Timothy Healy, William D. Murphy, Judge James W. Gerard, Philip Rhinelander, Frank L. Dowling, and Tristram B. Johnson.

Finance Committee.—J. Edward Swanstrom, Chairman; George R. Sheldon, William C. McAdoo, James G. Cannon, Robert W. De Forest, Henry Clews, William Berri, John Claflin, Henry Seligel, Louis Windmuller, George C. Boldt, Willis L. Ogden, John Henry Hammond, James Speyer, E. W. Bloomingdale, Jacob H. Schiff, Francis Key Pendleton, and Cesare Conti.

Harbor Display Committee.—R. A. C. Smith, Chairman; Arthur Curtis James, Commodore New York Yatch Club; James S. Clarkson, Paul Morton, Henry L. Stoddard, George Cromwell, August Heckscher, Gustav H. Schwab, Rear Admiral Leutz, Commandant Brooklyn Navy Yard; Lloyd C. Griscom, Nathaniel C. Elsberg, F. B. Dalzell, and William C. Towen, Commodore, Broklyn Yacht Club.

Committee on Procession.—Major Gen. Charles F. Roe, Chairman; Gen. McCoskry Butt, Maurice Simmons, Commander United Spanish War Veterans; Gen. J. F. Pierson, William McAdoo, William R. Willcox, Col. H. H. Treadwell, Col. Charles H. Crowley, Gen. George W. Wingate, John Schroers, John A. Stewart, William Blatt, and John A. Steinhardt.

Taft Invited to Old Guard Dinner.

President Taft and Gov. Hughes have been invited to be the guests of honor at the annual dinner of the Old Guard, which will be held at Delmonico's on the evening of April 22. Arrangements have been completed for the annual parade of the Guard, following memorial services in St. Thomas's Church.

VERY often a business, like the man behind the business, is judged by the company it keeps.

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COUNTESS CLARE ACQUITTED.

Thurn and Taxis Matrimonial Loan in Good Faith, Says French Court.

PARIS, April 7.—The court to-day acquitted the Countess Clare and Count Ladislaus Zoltynski of the charges brought by Mlle. Wilhelmina Kemper, who claimed that she was victimized out of $97,000, which sum was to have been used to finance the matrimonial projects of Prince Victor of Thurn and Taxis. The court found that the Countess was not responsible for the loan made to the Count, and that the latter borrowed in good faith to help the Prince find a wife.

On the grounds that it was immaterial to the action the court declined to rule on the question of whether the reputed English Countess of Clare was identical with Blanche Leigh, formerly the proprietress of perfumery parlors on the Rue de la Paix.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

ROME, April 7.—Tomasso Tittoni, the former Minister of Foreign Affairs, has been appointed Ambassador to France. Count Gallina was recently recalled from Paris by the decree of King Victor Emmanuel, and the Marquis San Giuliano was transferred from the Ambassadorship at London to the Paris post. On the formation of the new Cabinet, however, the Marquis San Giuliano was appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs.

MARSEILLES, April 7.—The strike situation here is unchanged, the strikers being encouraged to continue by the declaration of a sympathetic strike by the naval reservists and dockers at Bora, Algeria. A dozen ships have sailed with mixed crews of reservists and bluejackets.

CARACAS, April 7.—The publication of El Universal, a leading daily newspaper, has been suspended by the police, and the editors, Andres Vigas and Andres Mata, have been placed under arrest because of an editorial which appeared in the paper, recommending the passage by Congress of a new tariff law more in accord with the interests of the nation. The British Minister to Venezuela, Sir Vincent Corbett, left here to-day for Europe on the steamer Virginia.

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Even though there's no set color for Spring Suits this season, quite a few men are leaning towards brown.

Our Brown Mixture Suits are attractive enough to get your attention at once, $20 to $30.

Cravenetted Raincoats will serve you right; either for dry chilly days or warm wet days—

$20 to $35.

Spring Suits.....$18 to $40
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Full line of correct Motoring Apparel.

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

KITCHENER IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Famous British General Arrives on Way Home from Australia.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 7.—Traveling as a private citizen on a sightseeing tour, and carefully avoiding any official recognition, Field Marshal Lord Kitchener, commander of British forces in the Department of the Mediterranean, landed to-day from the steamer Mariposa. He reached port last night from Australia, where he has just completed preparatory steps for reorganizing the British Colonial forces along the lines recently laid down in India.

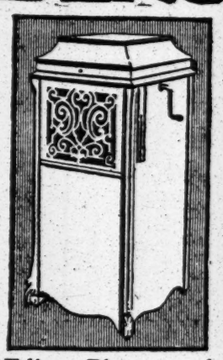
The usual courtesies were offered to Lord Kitchener by the Collector of the Port, and his baggage came ashore unmolested by the customs officials. Gen. Barry, commanding the Department of California, called informally at Lord Kitchener's hotel. Lord Kitchener attended a banquet to-night given in honor of Rear Admiral Sebree, at which Gov. Gillett presided.

All civic bodies and the military and naval fraternities of the city have been informed that Lord Kitchener will not accept honors or receptions due his rank, and nothing of the kind will mark his visit.

Lord Kitchener is on the way to Canada, but his itinerary has not been made public.

The opera season is over, but you, wherever you are, can have your own Grand Opera in your own home all the year around with

The Edison AMBEROLA



THIS newest Edison Phonograph, the Amberola, is a masterpiece of craftsmanship as well as of sound reproduction. It gives you all the best of all kinds of music because it plays both Edison Standard and Amberol Records—and you can change from one to the other at will. It comes in either Mahogany or Oak. Has drawers for holding 100 Records. The price is $200.

Other styles of Edison Phonographs, $12.50 to $125.00.

The season's greatest stars

SLEZAK

Not since the days of Jean de Reszke has a tenor been able to master both Italian and German Opera with the absolute distinction that Slezak has shown this season. And Jean de Reszke himself says "I consider Slezak the greatest living tenor."

You can hear Slezak and Sylva and all the other great stars who have sung and are singing for the Edison Phonograph: Martin, Scotti, Constantino, and Blanche Arral, at your dealer's—and be sure to hear them on the Amberola.

Edison Grand Opera Records, 75c to $2.00: Edison Amberol Records (play twice as long), 50c: Edison Standard Records, 35c.

SYLVA

Of all the great prima donnas who have appeared in the title role of Carmen, Marguerita Sylva, ranks first and greatest. Miss Sylva is a graduate of light opera, who made her American debut at the Manhattan Opera House this season.

NATIONAL PHONOGRAPH COMPANY, 75 Lakeside Avenue, Orange, N. J.

Best & Co.

Misses' Suits and Dresses

Misses' Suits of French Tan Ramie Linen; plaited skirt, coat semi-fitted back and front, well-tailored. Sizes 14 to 20 yrs... 15.75

Misses' and Small Women's Dresses
Handsome Model in Fine French Linen; waist and sleeves trimmed with Cluny lace and eyelet hand-embroidered; plaited skirt made with over-skirt. Colors: Corn, Pink, Light Blue and White. Sizes 14 to 20 yrs. 22.75

Little Girls' Paris Model Dresses
of Fine French Nainsook all hand-made; box plaited back and front, handsomely hand-embroidered plaits, and between plaits in front; collar and cuffs finished with band of featherstitching and Val. edge. Sizes 3½ to 7 yrs..... $4.75

Girls' Coats
of Good Quality Serge; single breasted, buttoned through; yoke lined with material; large sailor collar and reveres of black Moire silk. Rose Color Only. Sizes 6 to 14 yrs..... 11.25

Misses' Pajamas

White Madras Pajamas
trimmed with white; pearl buttons and frogs. Sizes 10 to 16..... $1.50

White Mercerized Pajamas
neatly trimmed. Sizes 10 to 16..... $2.50

Soisette Pajamas
Pink or Blue. Sizes 10 to 16..... $2.65

Misses' and Small Women's Umbrellas

Silk Taffeta Umbrellas
All Desirable Shades; Mission handles, plain or silver trimmed. Value $3.00, Special $2.25

Silk Taffeta Umbrellas
Colors and Black with fancy carved wood handles 18 inches long. Can be used for sun or rain. Value $4.50, Special..... $3.00

Children's Hosiery

Fine Ribbed Black Cotton Hose 35 cts. pair
Extra Value. All sizes.....

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All Sizes. Special.....

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Extra Quality. Special Value. All Sizes.

Plain Black and Tan Cotton Hose 39 cts. pair
Fine Quality. Sizes 6 to 8.....

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Extra Fine Quality Black and Tans. Sizes 6 to 8.....

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Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

If the designing, cutting and tailoring of garments were mere matters of mechanical technique there would undoubtedly be more uniformity in the appearance, value and general excellence of all ready-for-service clothes.

But just so long as the cardinal, fundamental essentials in the production of all good clothes are experience, expert training and master mentality, just so long will only good clothes be produced by those concerns whose experience is longest and whose organizations are strongest.

The result of 65 years' experience in only good clothes building by the only unified organization building high-grade clothes for New York men exclusively is best shown by our display of Spring models, the prices of which range from $18 to $50. There are many small lots of Suits and Overcoats reduced to $18, silk lined to edge. Black and Oxford Vicuna finished fabric Overcoats at $20. Special priced Suits at $22.50, and exceptional values at $27.50, in fine Suits and silk lined Overcoats.

Motor clothes for Owners and chauffeurs.

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Two Brooklyn Stores:
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THE DELICIOUS FLAVOR OF

Apollinaris Water

COMBINED WITH ITS PERSISTENT EFFERVESCENCE

And Valuable Digestive Qualities

Accounts for its

Ever Increasing Popularity

CANADIAN PACIFIC

"The Route Through the Canadian Rockies"

From Vancouver, British Columbia, the western terminus of the rail lines, the famous "Empress" steamships of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's fleet, carry the traveler to Japan and China. Direct connections can be made to the Philippines and all Asiatic points.

In about eleven days the steamship reaches Yokohama and a glimpse of Mt. Fujiyama preludes the panorama of the Orient. This route is 300 miles shorter than that of any other Trans-Pacific line.

The Canadian Pacific Railway can ticket you Eastward or Westward around the world.

Write for our illustrated booklet "The Highway to the Orient."

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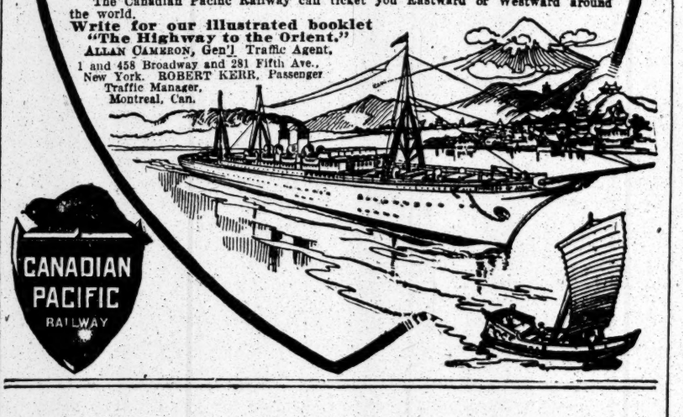

B. Altman & Co.

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SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY THEM IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA

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PARIS, 1889 ST. LOUIS, 1904 LONDON, 1908
PARIS, 1900, HORS CONCOURS.

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LACE CURTAINS ALSO CLEANED AND STORED.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

ROCKEFELLER TOWN FACES ITS END

Railroad Now to Remove Station from Brandon, in Heart of His Adirondack Estate.

TWENTY FOLK LEFT OF 1,200

Lumber Mills, Homes, and Stores Under William Rockefeller's Hand Have Passed from Sight.

Special to The New York Times.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., April 7.—The news that the New York Central wants to abandon the station of the New York & Ottawa Railroad at Brandon and that the road asked permission to do this of the Public Service Commission in Albany yesterday has reached Brandon, and the townspeople are disconsolate. There are only 20 of them all told, occupying four houses, that remain of the once prosperous village of 1,200 people.

Seldom do any of the twenty have occasion to use the railroad station; scarcely ever do they take a ride upon the trains, but the abandonment of the station which now is threatened marks for them the end of the long fight to preserve the town from destruction at the hands of William Rockefeller, whose big estate now surrounds it on all sides, and who, house by house, has bought up the homes and stores of the little town and razed them.

Patrick Ducey, a lumberman, built up the town. He created lumber mills, attracted home builders to the locality, and helped build the railroad. A church was established, schools were opened, stores and hotels built, and the place became a trade centre for a large territory.

The mills and the lumbering operations gave employment to hundreds of men. The community came to number 1,200 or more persons, and Brandon, the railroad station, was the point of exchange of a great volume of Adirondack business. Twenty years ago tourists bound for the St. Regis lakes, Paul Smith's, and the Saranacs arrived via Brandon. To the city man Brandon and its neighborhood was a fishing and hunting resort. To the lumber worker and the guide the town was the centre of social activities.

Each new house built by a woodsman or a merchant exceeded the previous effort in architecture and comfort. "Pat" Ducey's mills hummed night and day. The supplies of timber seemed endless; there was enough money; it was the heyday in the affairs of what at that time was one of the most important towns of Northern New York.

Entering into this life came William Rockefeller and his sons, fishermen, hunters, and campers. "Pat" Ducey extended to them the privilege of camping at Bay Pond, a few miles from Brandon, where there were trout and deer. The newcomers were delighted with the spot, and when Mr. Rockefeller found that he could purchase the Ducey tract he got an option upon it. The tract surrounded Brandon.

Then one day Mr. Rockefeller's agent bought for $50,000 the tract for which $75,000 had been asked, and immediately began the destruction of Brandon. Mr. Rockefeller became a power in the New York & Ottawa Railroad. He purchased village plot after village plot. Then at Bay Pond he built the great camp where the members of the Rockefeller family now gather in Summer. Mr. Rockefeller added to his purchases, and his holdings came to embrace 100,000 acres, completely surrounding the town of Brandon. He scattered the Ducey mills, closed his vast estates to all trespassers, and purchased houses upon terms that required their removal or destruction.

Presently wind-blown sand plots and wild grass and berry bushes overspread streets and cottage sites. People avoided Brandon; trains stopped less frequently at the town. The Post Office was abandoned and the community reduced to twoscore persons. The man who held out to make a home in Brandon or who sought to follow the trails and streams which always had been free, found the Rockefeller circle closed about him.

The purchase of the Ducey tract and the great forest which has been combined with it has been a profitable investment. The hemlock timber, which had never been cut, was marketed by Mr. Rockefeller, and the now houseless town and its environs will yield a profit ultimately in nature's reforestation of the denuded tracts. Mr. Rockefeller has said that investments of the character of his at Brandon will net 12 per cent.

Incidentally, the town of Brandon has been destroyed.

JUSSERAND SAILS FOR FRANCE

Ambassador Goes with Lighter Heart Since Tariff Dispute Is Settled.

The French Ambassador, Jules J. Jusserand, sailed yesterday with Mme. Jusserand on the French liner Lorraine. They will be gone about four months. The Ambassador expressed satisfaction over the tariff agreements between this country and his own.

"The situation is much brighter than when I returned from France a few months ago," he said. "At that time I was not in a happy frame of mind over the situation, though the French people were persistent in their belief that the good sense of the American people would lead to an understanding and amicable arrangements. Their faith has been justified, and the bonds between the two countries have been strengthened."

Some one asked the Ambassador whether Col. Roosevelt would have a good time in Paris

"Certainly he will, everybody has a good time there," he replied with a smile.

The digestive impulse
Is the life of the stomach.
If this is weakened—
Crippled by abuse,
Eating improper food—
The rest of the body suffers.
Body and Brain are nourished
Thru the digestive impulse.
Food is called for, and, if right,
The tissues are repaired
As fast as mental and physical
Activity breaks them down.
This is life.
Grape-Nuts food not only
Meets the requirements of
Tissue-repair, but is a
Source of vital energy.
It contains the phosphates
Stored up by Nature
In wheat and barley.
Grape-Nuts was prepared
By a food expert, so one
Can get these vital elements
Without bother, cooking, or
Other effort than eating it.
Eaten slowly with cream
It is delicious, satisfies
The "digestive impulse"
And builds up brain and nerves.
"There's a reason."

TAFT HAS A HARD PROBLEM.

Does Not Know Yet Whether He Will Go to Indianapolis.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—President Taft is confronting a perplexing problem in the question of whether or not he shall stand by his announcement of yesterday that he would not stop at Indianapolis on his approaching Western trip. When the White House offices closed this afternoon the information was that the matter was still undecided. It was intimated that the President would take at least another day before replying to the telegrams from Indiana. Ex-Vice President Fairbanks is the chief of those who are urging Mr. Taft to visit Indianapolis, but numerous prominent Indianians and commercial and other organizations join in the request.

Coupled with these efforts is the urgent advice of the organization leaders in Washington. Vice President Sherman and Senator Crane saw the President this morning and advised him by all means to go to Indianapolis. Both left the White House under the impression that he would do so.

This insistence of the regulars evidences their eagerness to bring on an open fight between the Administration and the Republican insurgents. They are quite ready to chuck Senator Beveridge over. The fact is that the regulars are becoming desperate. Some of them are openly admitting that they would rather have out-and-out Democrats in the House and Senate than insurgent Republicans, who do more damage.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 7.—Although no word has come from President Taft regarding the change in his plans to visit this city May 5, the heads of the committees appointed by the civic organizations to arrange the reception are going on with the arrangements in the belief that he will return to his original plan.

NEW REGIME IN EXCISE.

First Case, One of Selling Beer to a Detective, Up in Court.

The first arraignment for a violation of the excise law, based on Mayor Gaynor's plan for its enforcement, as outlined in his letter to Police Commissioner Baker last week, took place in the Tombs Court yesterday, when Frederick Feldman, a saloon keeper of 450 West Forty-second Street, was held by Magistrate Barlow for trial under $500 bail. Feldman was arrested on a warrant based on an affidavit made to the District Attorney by Detective Reynolds of the West Thirty-seventh Street Station, who alleged that he had received a glass of beer from Feldman in the latter's barroom last Sunday. Feldman, Reynolds said, accepted 5 cents in payment for the beer.

Feldman seemed downcast when he was called upon to testify in his own behalf. He said that on Sunday, when Reynolds called, he was cleaning up his place. He could not remember, he added, whether he had received payment for the beer or not.

To-day and to-morrow a dozen or more saloonkeepers and bartenders, in the same predicament as Feldman, will be arraigned for violations of the excise law on warrants based on affidavits submitted to District Attorney Whitman by the police.

Five more excise cases were taken up in the Tombs Court later in the day. Three were for illegal selling, and will be tried in Special Sessions. One man, charged with an open-door violation, was held for examination. Another, charged with obstructing the view of the bar, was discharged.

TO DROP CAPT. P. C. HAINS.

Bill to Give Authority to President Approved by Committees.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Bills designed to authorize the President to drop from the rolls of the army Capt. Peter C. Hains, Jr., who is confined in Sing Sing Prison because of murder, and Capt. Thomas Franklin, who is serving a term at the Atlanta Federal prison on conviction of having falsified accounts, were favorably acted upon to-day by both the Senate and House Committees on Military Affairs.

ALIEN RULERS' GIFTS NOT FOR AMERICANS

House Committee Report Rejects All Requests for Permission to Accept Foreign Decorations.

THERE WERE 200 OF THEM

Senate Had Passed 35—Admiral Sperry, Huntingdon Wilson, and Francis B. Loomis Turned Down with Rest.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Disapproval of the many requests made that officials of this Government be permitted to accept gifts and decorations from foreign Governments was given by the House Committee on Foreign Affairs to-day, when it unanimously adopted the report of the subcommittee tabling bills authorizing such acceptances.

In all some two hundred bills of this kind are before Congress, the Senate recently having approved thirty-five of them. The House committee report says:

"These bills contain items fairly representative of the great majority of requests for Congressional sanction for the acceptance of foreign orders, decorations, or presents by officials of the United States, and it is hoped that this adverse disposition of these bills will be regarded as notice to officials of the United States that this committee at least, and it is hoped all future committees dealing with the subject, will refuse to consider such requests, except as hereinafter noted.

"The prohibition in the Constitution seems to have been put there out of a well-founded desire to safeguard our officials from the insidious influences of a natural but not desirable sense of obligation toward the powers donor.

"Again a glance at the list of requests now on file will show that the offers of foreign gifts and decorations have been made in the great majority of cases to officials for services in the direct line of their duty, when in themselves, in many cases, were not desrving of any special commendation."

Among the requests turned down by the House Comittee are included:

That Rear Admiral Sperry be permitted to accept a silver flower bowl from the Japanese Emperor because of the fleet's visit to Japan.

That Huntington Wilson, now Assistant Secretary of State, may receive the decoration of the Order of the Rising Sun, third class, from the same Government, in recognition of his services as Secretary of the Legation at Tokio.

That Francis B. Loomis be decorated with the Order of the Sacred Treasure by Japan's Emperor, Mr. Loomis being Commissioner General from this country to the Tokio Exposition.

That Major Henry Leonard, United States Marine Corps, who lost an arm in the Boxer troublon, be permitted to accept a decoration of the Order of the Double Dragon, conferred by the late Emperor and Empress Dowager of China.

The Senate bill which would have granted the desired permission in thirty-five of the 200 cases was advocated by Elihu Root when Secretary of State, and was introduced in the Senate when he later became a member of that body.

Debs to Talk to Columbia Men.

Eugene V. Debs, former Presidential candidate of the Socialist Party, will deliver a public address in Earl Hall, Columbia University, at 4 o'clock this afternoon under the auspices of the Columbia Socialist Society.

On Exhibition
A MOST IMPORTANT
Ispahan Rug
of the 16th Century
[12 feet wide, 22 feet long]
John T. Keresey & Co.
Fifth Ave., Cor. 28th St.

BILL IN TO EXCLUDE FOOD STORED A YEAR

Senator Lodge Presents One Drawn by the High Cost of Living Committee.

TILFORD BLAMES THE TARIFF

Expense of Delivering Goods in New York Also Responsible—Prices Double in a Year.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The Senate Select Committee on the cost of living to-day made a partial report in the form of a bill introduced by Chairman Lodge, accompanied by an explanatory statement. The bill is aimed at the exclusion from inter-State commerce of food held in cold storage for over a year.

The bill also requires that any article of food that has been in cold storage for any length of time shall be considered misbranded in the meaning of the Pure Food act unless it carries a label stating correctly the length of time it has been in storage.

In presenting the bill Senator Lodge made this statement::

"From such investigation as the committee has thus far been able to make they are satisfied that some limit ought to be put on the use of cold storage for the purpose of maintaining or advancing prices artificially. They are of the opinion that this limit of time will tend to an equalization of prices, and in some cases to a reduction."

Along with the bill and the statement Mr. Lodge presented a resolution authorizing the expenditure of $65,000 for bringing up to date data relating to the cost of food, wages, &c. The committee has found that the data at its disposal do not adequately cover the last ten years, and the appropriation is to supply the lack.

Frank Tilford, the New York grocer, was among the witnesses testifying before the committee this morning.

Mr. Tilford gave these comparative retail prices:

	1900.	1910.
Eggs	18	30
Butter	19	40
Lard	11	23
Bacon	15	28
Rice	8	16

The wide difference in prices for the years named, according to Mr. Tilford, was accounted for by the fact that his firm paid expressage and sold as cheaply in Virginia as in New York. He said the concern could afford to do that because of the high cost of delivery in New York City. He insisted that the tariff caused perceptible increase in prices.

Since the tariff was increased on champagne, Mr. Tilford said that his firm had been making 50 cents a case in comparison with $3 or $4 a case profit ten years ago.

THE MANHATTAN
Storage and Warehouse Co.
CAPITAL $1,800,000. ESTAB. 1883.
LEXINGTON AVE., 41ST & 42D STS.
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Here you will find the place of safety for everything — Furniture, Works of Art, Jewelry, Silverware, Trunks, Documents, Automobiles, etc., etc.
A visit of inspection from curiosity or prudence is cordially invited.
Estimates cheerfully given. Booklet free.

SAY LOITERERS KILL FIFTH AVE. BUSINESS

Shopkeepers Confer with Labor Leaders to End a Noon-Hour Nuisance.

MAYOR PROMISES TO HELP

Shoppers Forced Into the Street by Crowds of Men Who Gather on the Sidewalk While Stores Suffer.

The Fifth Avenue "loitering," which was said to have "almost paralyzed" the business of merchants on that street from Fourteenth to Twenty-third Street during the noon hour every day, was discussed again yesterday at a conference of merchants and labor leaders, brought together by the Fifth Avenue Association, at 542 Fifth Avenue.

Some of those present were Simon Brentano, Falk Younger, S. Ormstein, Mr. Hyde, representing Tiffany & Co.; Miss Evelyn Leonard, Alexander Bloch, business agent of Local 10, Amalgamated Ladies' Garment Cutters' Association; Miss May Branch, Woman's Municipal League; Miss Townsend, Secretary of the Woman's League; C. N. Schenck, representing the Goelet estate; S. Kurzman, and John A. Dycke of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Association.

President Robert G. Cooke stated that a committee had appealed to Mayor Gaynor, who was informed that the loiterers were employes of the garment factories, who at noon flock to Fifth Avenue, with the result that it was almost impossible for shoppers to get in or out of the stores.

Mr. Cooke said the Mayor promised the co-operation of the police in keeping the crowds moving and invited the committee to return when it had a definite proposition. Mr. Brentano said that the suggestion that the workers be sent to rooms on the roof or in lofts to have their luncheon was unfair, as they not only had a right to go to the streets, but they needed the fresh air and sunshine.

Mr. Cooke said the labor organizations appreciated the conditions and stood ready to help in any way they could.

The suggestion that the luncheon hour might be reduced to forty-five minutes, the fifteen minutes being allowed at the end of the day, was opposed by Mr. Bloch and others. They said the workers had made a hard fight for an hour for luncheon, and they would be unwilling to give it up.

Mr. Kurzman's suggestion that the factory men be asked to "walk around Madison and Union Squares" instead of along the avenue was accepted as the most practicable offered. It was agreed, however, to hold another meeting in a few days, to which practically all manufacturers in the district will be invited.

"UTOPIA" VIOLET Toilet Water
The richest, most fragrant and natural floral water made.
50c and 90c a bottle
HEGEMAN DRUG STORES
New York.
Brooklyn, Yonkers, Jersey City.

BEEF TRUST RIVAL TAKES A NEW NAME

Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Company Passes to Sulzberger & Sons Company.

NO CHANGE IN THE POLICY

New Company Will Continue Business and Stay Independent — Capital $32,000,000.

Control of the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Company, known as the largest competitor in the United States of the combined packing interests known as the Beef Trust, is to pass to a new company incorporated at Albany yesterday under the name of Sulzberger & Sons Company. Practically all the holders of the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Company stock have consented to surrender their stock to the new company.

A statement given out yesterday said that the company would continue business as in the past, implying that the independent position of the company would in no wise be changed. The new company has been capitalized at $32,000,000, of which $20,000,000 is common stock and $12,000,000 6 per cent. preferred stock. This statement was issued by the Secretary:

This company has been organized to take over capital stock of the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Company, and has acquired not only the holdings of Ferdinand Sulzberger and his family, but practically all the other holdings. The authorized capital of the new company is $20,000,000 common stock and $12,000,000 6 per cent. cumulative non-voting preferred stock. All of the common shares of the new company are owned by Ferdinand Sulzberger and his family. The greater part of the preferred shares remain in the treasury of the company.

The Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Company had an authorized stock issue of $10,000,000, of which there was last reported outstanding $4,373,400. In addition the company put out in 1906 an issue of $5,401,000 gold debenture notes, which are being called for payment in installments. The company's balance sheet in 1909 showed total assets of over $26,000,000, and a surplus of more than $8,500,000.

Olive Oil Drinkers
Have Firm Flesh, Perfect Digestion and Clear Complexions.
Take a tablespoonful of pure olive oil each day before meals. You will soon realize that you are deriving these benefits. But be sure you take
Chiris Olive Oil
(pronounced SHERIS)
Not only is it the most delicious of all olive oils, but it is the purest and richest in pure food values. It is the first pressing of selected French Olives, bottled in France.
Send 10c. for a trial bottle and our pamphlet, "The Medicinal Value of Olive Oil."
C. G. EULER, U. S. Agent for Antoine Chiris, Grasse, France. Dept. E.
18 Platt Street, New York.

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Surplus and Undivided Profits $11,000,000
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Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

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293 Fifth Ave., near 31st St., N. Y.
CHINESE CURIO COMPANY.
We are offering an exquisite array of true interpretations of old
CHINESE EMBROIDERIES
which represents many unique designs, embellishing Oriental ideas.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue T.

Readers of novels, poetry, biography, books of travel, adventure, and sport will find much to interest them in The Spring Book Number with next Sunday's New York Times. Order to-day to make sure of a copy.—Adv.

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Lowest Prices for Standard Goods in Greater New York

CLUB PLAN
An innovation in book selling here that will delight those who covet fine sets and do not care to lay out the whole cost at once. Try the Club Plan. It makes a fine library, and the paying for it easy.

Important Announcement!

A New $400,000 De Luxe Book Deal!

About two months ago, when we made extensive arrangements controlling in this city the sale of many subscription editions, we made certain stipulations giving us the option April 1st on entire remainder editions of about fifty subscription sets.

Our recent sales have been so successful that relying upon our thousands of bookbuying friends we have exercised our option and consummated the greatest high-class book deal ever known.

Over 10,000 Sets of Books

This mammoth purchase consists of over 10,000 sets of de luxe editions amounting at subscription prices to more than $400,000 which we shall sell at 20c. to 30c. on the dollar. In other words, we shall sell

$400,000 Worth of De Luxe Sets for $100,000

To Be Sold in Four Equal Sections

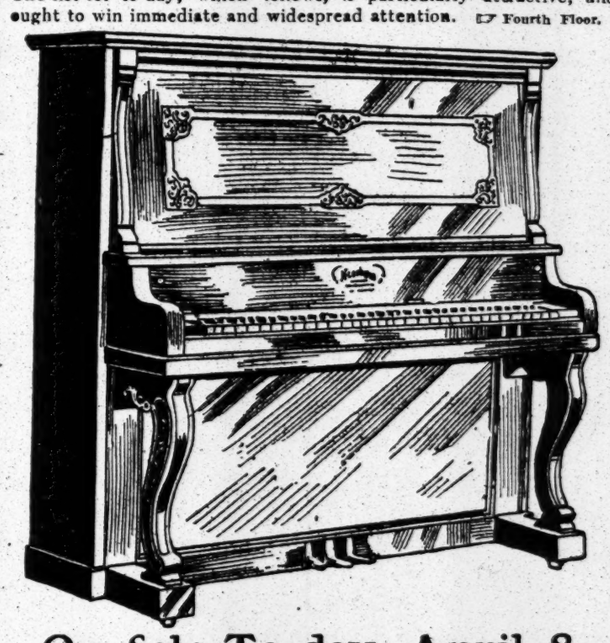
UNFORTUNATELY, THE QUANTITIES ARE VERY UNEVEN, VARYING FROM 500 SETS ON SOME ITEMS DOWN TO LESS THAN 50 SETS ON OTHERS. Part of the stock is already bound and boxed (each set in a wooden box), and the rest is being bound for us. THEREFORE, TO PRESERVE THE FULL ASSORTMENT TO SOME EXTENT AND THUS GIVE ALL BUYERS A FAIR CHANCE THROUGHOUT THE SALE, WE SHALL DIVIDE AND SELL THIS $100,000 STOCK IN FOUR EQUAL SECTIONS. Each section of $25,000 worth contains NOT LESS THAN 10 SETS OF ANY AUTHOR, and when the limited quantity of any set is sold no more of that author will be sold until the next section is placed on sale.

Increased Space and Extra Clerks Ample space and selling facilities have been provided to afford booklovers every comfort and convenience for taking advantage of this great opportunity to secure fine library editions at about one-fourth of subscription agents' prices. Competent book clerks will be at your service and complete descriptive catalogs and price lists are free for the asking. These genuine de luxe editions should not be confused with the inferior trade sets or imitation de luxe editions which flood the market. Remember, these are exclusive subscription sets not sold elsewhere in Manhattan except by subscription—OBTAINABLE ONLY AT OUR STORE.

The First $25,000 Section, 2,500 Sets of Books,
Will Go on Sale Saturday Morning, April 9th.
Look for Full Page Adv't of Sale in This Paper To-morrow.

Franko Concerts, Restaurant, Daily.
Simpson Crawford Co.
31 Years Leaders of Fashion
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK.
Last Two Days of the Big Piano Sale
A List of Offerings That Should Attract All Interested in the Purchase of a Piano.

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW brings with it the conclusion of the ONE-WEEK SALE OF USED AND EXCHANGED PIANOS AND PLAYER PIANOS consequent upon the acquisition of the Greater New York retail representation of the NEEDHAM PIANO COMPANY. Not in many months have so many good opportunities to buy well been offered to our patrons. The list for to-day, which follows, is particularly attractive, and ought to win immediate and widespread attention. ☞ Fourth Floor.



On Sale To-day, April 8

(★) 1 Bradbury Upright $139
We believe this will be one of the "six best sellers." Some one will get a real musical bargain. Not on Sale before 10 o'clock.

(★) 1 Wagner Upright $128
Fancy mahogany case. Whoever buys this will certainly be a "Wagner enthusiast." A splendid piano in fine shape. Not on Sale Before 10 o'clock.

1 Drucker Upright $59
Another unknown make and a very good instrument for the money.

(★) 1 Mathushek & Son Upright $198
One of our salesmen said: "This piano is a corker!" It certainly has a good tone. The case is modern; mahogany veneered. Not on Sale Before 10 o'clock.

1 Rogers Upright $98
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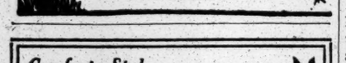

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"LOU" BEDELL IN EUROPE

Superintendent Hotchkiss Wants Their Testimony on the Stock Speculations of Legislators in 1900-01.

The subpoena servers of the State Insurance Department are having a hard time trying to locate Louis Bedell, former Assemblyman, and G. Tracy Rogers,, President of several street railway companies, both of whom are wanted as witnesses in the insurance investigation. Supt. Hotchkiss is anxious to learn from them something more of stock transactions of members of the Legislature through the firm of Ellingwood & Cunningham during 1900 and 1901, when legislation affecting some of the subsidiary concerns controlled by the New York Transportation Company was enacted. He thinks, perhaps, they can explain how it was that Bedell and several others, who were then members of the State Assembly, happened to be dealing so heavily in transportation stock at a time when legislation closely affecting the price of the stock was in progress.

The subpoena servers were told yesterday that Mr. Bedell was in Europe, having gone there a few weeks ago, during the progress of the Allds-Conger investigation at Albany. As for Mr. Rogers, the subpoena servers have been following his trail from Binghamton, his home, to Rutland, Vt., to Albany, to this city, and back again, always just a little too late to find him, they say. It was learned yesterday afternoon that Mr. Rogers was in Rutland early in the day and was seen by newspaper men there in his office, but when a subpoena server got there Mr. Rogers had gone away. This has been going on all week. On Tuesday night one of the subpoena servers thought he was about to meet Mr. Rogers, former special partner of Ellingwood & Cunningham. In some way he learned that Mr. Rogers was in Albany and had purchased a Pullman ticket for a sleeping berth to New York for Tuesday night. The subpoena server was on the train, but Mr. Rogers was not.

It was learned yesterday that former Assemblyman Bedell had been making his home in this city for about two years. Prior to a few weeks ago he lived at the Hotel Gramatan in Bronxville. He had a desk in the office of John B. Stanchfield, on the fifteenth floor of the Hanover Bank Building. The law firm with which Mr. Stanchfield is identified is Collin, Wells & Hughes. Mr. Hughes said yesterday that while Mr. Bedell used to have a desk there and while his name was still on the door, he was very sure that Mr .Bedell was at present in Europe. He said he saw Mr. Bedell in Albany several weeks ago, and that he told him on that occasion that he was about to start for Europe to promote some railroad in which he was interested. Mr. Hughes said he thought that Mr. Bedell went to Europe with ex-Judge Coyne, who was also interested in the promotion of the railroad.

John B. Stanchfield appeared before Supt. Hotchkiss on Wednesday as counsel for James W. Cunningham when Mr. Cunningham was called on to tell about the stock transactions of Bedell and other legislators. The room formerly occupied by Mr. Bedell opens directly into the office of Mr. Stanchfield and his law partners.

Supt. Hotchkiss was in Albany yesterday, and will probably remain there until to-morrow. It is believed that he will have a talk with Gov. Hughes concerning the disclosures of these speculative accounts and their possible relation to legislation in Albany during the period the accounts were active. A new line of investigation may result.

Supt. Hotchkiss said just before he left for Albany that he meant to obtain all the records of Ellingwood & Cunningham bearing on speculations by legislators, even if he were obliged to go into court for an order compelling their production.

An effort is being made by Mr. Hotchkiss to identify a "Mr. Greene," whose name appears on the books of Ellingwood & Cunningham as having dealt in transportation stock in 1900 or 1901. At the hearing on Wednesday Mr. Hotchkiss read from one of the ledger pages an entry to the effect that "Rogers, Bedell & Greene" owed the brokerage firm some $2,000 as the result of trading in transportation stock, probably New York Transportation.

City Judge Joseph I. Greene was a member of the Assembly in 1900, and he was the only one of the name in the State Legislature. Judge Greene said yesterday that he was not the Greene mentioned as he never owned a share of New York Transportation stock in his life and had never had any dealings with Ellingwood & Cunningham.

There was a Greene in the Legislature in 1901—State Senator George E. Greene of Binghamton. The Superintendent of Insurance has not yet determined whether it was a legislator named Greene or some one else who was a member of the trading syndicate of "Rogers, Bedell, & Greene."

Court Upholds Coroner's Physician.

Supreme Court Justice Page dismissed yesterday the $25,000 suit for damages brought against Coroner's Physician Timothy D. Lehane by Mrs. Mary Hassard for removing her son's heart and spleen in an autopsy following his death from accidental causes. The dismissal was based on the plaintiff's admission of the facts of the accident and the statutory rights of Coroners and their physicians.

NEW YORK'S CREDIT STRONGER THAN EVER

So the Mayor Tells Chamber of Commerce, with Many Financial Details.

WE MUSTN'T BE NIGGARDLY

But He Shows How Proper Economies in Government Are Being Brought About.

The Chahmber of Commerce listened to Mayor Gaynor talk on what his administration purposes to do for the city, after a day of unusually important business yesterday, and although the session had lasted well past its usual hour before his Honor was introduced by President Simmons, the Chamber gave him close attention, and energetic applause showed the Chamber to be pretty much in accord with everything he said, even when he favored extending the city's borrowing capacity by removing some $100,000,000 or $125,000,000 of obligations from consideration in the debt limit.

The Mayor's audience overflowed the big hall. Wall chairs and portable seats were filled, and bankers and business men squatted along the edges of the chair platforms.

The regular day's business of the Chamber included the reception of committee reports, which included one on "Resources, Credit, Commerce, and Administration of New York City," and one on "Terminal Facilities," and the Mayor took from them his text.

He had been introduced by Mr. Simmons as an "aggressive, progressive reformer," and his administration was referred to as one "enjoying a degree of success unprecedented in the affairs of the city," and in his introductory remarks Mayor Gaynor disclaimed any credit for trying to bring about a better condition of things now, saying that he had been engaged in the same work, without any backsliding that he could remember, for about thirty years. He was surprised during the campaign, he admitted, that no one except his neighbors seemed to know this, somehow, but he supposed that if it were otherwise he would have had a unanimous vote.

Scores Two Newspapers.

"I have some apprehension," he said, "which I have expressed to your Chairman, about detaining you after such a long session as you have gone through—by a slip of the tongue I had almost said endured on empty stomachs. I shall therefore say very little, now that I have an opportunity to get a word in edgewise." This sally brought laughter ,and the Mayor turned to city affairs. He said:

"I have listened with profound interest to the report read by the Chairman of your Committee on Finance and Currency on the resoruces, credit, commerce, and administration of the City of New York. I would that all our newspapers—barring those who never print anything but trash, [applause and laughter,] of which we certainly have two in the City of New York; I can safely say that much without contradiction—would print this in full. Especially, it seems to me, that the Sunday editions of the respectable newspapers could well carry this in full; for I know that there are a great many people, taxpayers, sir, and people who do not pay taxes, but who pay rents in the City of New York, who would be very glad to read this—allow me to say without exaggeration—magnificent report of your committee. [Applause.]

"What an answer to those who have been maligning the city—maligning the city in its finances, in its morality, in its future in every way that the brain can suggest or would express. Quite a coterie of people with a very few newspapers (thankful may we be to say that in the face of our decent press of the City of New York) are propagating these slanders all over the world, and I regret to say largely here, even, in the City of New York—implanting a notion that this city, in its credits and in its morals, was really at its lowest ebb, and, for that matter, the worst in the world. Whereas, every sane person who knew anything about the City of New York, it stands in its credit, in its morals, in its institutions, in everything that goes to make a city great, foremost among the cities of the world. [Applause.]

Not a Niggardly Government.

"Might I venture to say to you that the new Government has no notion of becoming a niggardly Government. It has been mentioned that we are trying to cut off expenses, and we are cutting off expenses. Even in the matter of the Catskill condemnation of land we cut off in two weeks $1,200,000 a year. In the Water Department, in the Dock Department, and in the various departments we have cut off a great deal of the expense against the Treasury of the city, but we have no notion of being niggardly. On the contrary, we want to run a generous Government, a fair Government to the people of the City of New York.

"There is nothing in the heads of some people, and even some who do not own a foot of property, except this question of reducing the budget. Why, this is a great and growing city, and although this administration and those which succeed it may lop off waste and extravangance, and even the spoliation which has existed in the past of the public moneys, nevertheless there will be a new growth of your annual budget. Nothing can prevent that. This city is growing all the time, and an honest budget will grow all the time.

"We used to have an orator over in Brooklyn, for political occasions. I call him an orator, but he could scarcely be called a rhetorician, although he was noisy enough to be both. He was always talking to us over there about the credit of the city and expenditures.

"One night I heard him go back twenty-five years, almost to the infancy of the city, and show what the budget was then, and then show the alarmingly large budget of that year which these rascally people in power had brought the city to; and somebody disposed of his argument, although most of those present seemed to swallow it with great delight. One of the audience, however, said: 'Your argument is very fine, Mr. So and So, but you have forgotten just one thing, and that is that the City of Brooklyn is now twenty-five times larger than it used to be.'

"Well, in so far as money is put in the budget that is ill-spent or stolen it does grow too fast, but your budget will continue to grow, no matter how honest it may be, because this city will continue to grow at the rate of 100,000 a year or even more. I need hardly say that among intelligent people like you, because you know it perfectly well.

"We have been issuing corporate stock for certain things which possibly we ought to put in our annual budget and have the people of the city stand for from year to year. Now, although we proceed on the principle that all things that are to be permanent assets of the city may well be paid for out of the issue of corporate stock or bonds, and that all things used in temporary administration should be paid for by taxation, yet business men like you can perceive at once that there are a great many expenses that are right on the border line between these two, and it may be that in the past we have taken too many of those near the border line and thrown them into corporate stock in place of raising them by anuual taxation.

Taxes Not Too High.

"I say that with all the more freedom because it does not seem to me that the taxes of this city are high. Compared with the taxes of the largest cities of this State our taxation is not high. Compared with the taxation in other cities throughout the country it is low. Why, take the City of Brooklyn, before we came in here, the lowest, I think, was $2.30, and some of our taxation was as high as $3.13 a year before we came into the City of New York. We have here now a rate of $1.57, if I remember right, on a valuation by no means high.

"When you come to look the whole city over, much of our real estate is valued on a very low basis, and I may say to you that in my selection of the new Board of Tax Commissioners, which I dwelt over a long time, that we intend to carry out an equalization of the values of the city—a great work—so that all property in every borough, wherever it may be, shall be valued on the very same percentage as every other piece of property in the City of New York. [Applause.] That will also put us in funds for expenditures that we have to make.

"Neither is our debt high. I was so glad to hear that come from the report of your Finance Committee. I, in my weak and humble way, have been trying to preach that to the citizens of New York, in order to run up the bids on our bonds, [laughter;] make them higher; not run them down at all, but run them, up. [Laughter.] 'And yet this debt is by no means out of proportion to the wealth of the city,' this report says, and I will add, 'Nor is it by any means out of proportion to the debts of other cities of the world.'

"Let me call attention also to another fact: The net debt of the city now, as quoted, is about seven hundred million of dollars. Well now, there are about $47,000,000 of Subway bonds described here that are self-sustaining, and which will never become obligations of the City of New York in the sense that New York will have to pay for them by taxation. So that in any fair reckoning of the debt, to see whether we are overindebted or not, that $47,000,000 or $50,000,000 would certainly be deducted in the calculation. In addition to that, take Mr. Tomkins's department, the Dock Department. There the outstanding bonds this year—or corporate stock, to be technically correct—is a little over $79,000,000. That total of bonds, with all interest on it, and all costs of administration of the Dock Department up to this time, has been paid for by the revenues from the Dock Department, except the small sum of $3,800,000. Therefore, I say, at least so far as the Dock Department is concerned, the $79,000,000 of the Dock Department should also be counted out. How many people know that there is such a record of the Dock Department as that?

In Aid of City's Commerce.

"Suppose, to put it low, that we take $50,000,000 of these dock bonds out of the city debt upon which we base the fact whether we have reached the 10 per cent. debt limit or not, what are we to do with that $50,000,000? I hope to see, as expressed by Mr. Outerbridge in reading the report on docks and piers, that whatever sum we take out of the debt limit in our bill at Albany from the Dock Department, we preserve every dollar of it for the extension of the docks of this great city. [Applause.]

Mr. Tompkins has at heart—and really that is why I selected him from a long knowledge of the man—a comprehensive plan for the future growth and extension of the docks for this imperial city so that we may accommodate the freight, shipping, and railroads from all quarters and thereby make the city grow by keeping abreast of the times, instead of having the commerce withdrawn to other places.

"While I have been saying this some of you have been asking yourselves 'What about subways? Won't that money be needed there?' If it was I would say take it, but my deliberate judgment is that none of it will be needed for building subways.

"In the first place on July 1 we will have easily available for subways at least $13,000,000 on the present basis, without the aid of this bill which is in Albany, at all. If that bill goes through, as I think it may fairly say, no doubt it will, it will release the $47,000,000 of subway bonds that went to build the present system. That $47,000,000, plus $13,000,000, make up $60,000,000 which, on July 1, will be immediately available for the building of subways if the city has to build them itself. [Applause.] And I think I may say to this intelligent body that if the city should do it with great diligence it probably could not or would not expend more than $20,000 000 a year, so that we will have on July 1 funds for three years of building.

"It is to be greatly hoped that during the period that the city is building one line of subways, doing something to enlarge the subways, that the present corporation which owns and controls the present Subway, will also be building the natural extensions of that Subway on terms which will be entirely satisfactory ot you gentlemen and to the city at large. [Applause.]

"It is the earnest wish of the city government to deal with entire fairness with that corporation. I have not ventured to say more to them than this: that if they desire to build the natural extensions of the present Subway and are willing to finance it so that the city will not be called upon for the expenditure of a dealer in that respect, they nevertheless must have the whole city in their mind and take the lean with the fat, and let the extension go northward through the Bronx and on across the river to Brooklyn, and not alone take the fat which is here on Manhattan Island.

After the Newspapers Again.

"A few days ago I gave out these figures with regard to docks and subways, but it happened that day that the Police Commissioner said that he had spanked one of his subordinates. [Laughter.] That item of news was so important that it entirely overshadowed the matter of the subways and the docks. [Laughter and applause.] And my poor little statement about the finances of the subways and the docks, which was close to my heart was lost entirely or overshadowed by this more important item of news. Not, however, by all of these newspapers. Let it be said to the credit of the city that we have several newspapers here that are alive to these tnings, and who are not constantly running after something sensational. I told them the other day in the City Hall, when they assembled to talk with me, that I could call 10,000 people to the City Hall with regard to subways and docks, when I could not, by advertising as best I could, call a thousand people to the City Hall with regard to police matters. And yet, some little tittle-tattle about the police is deemed to be of more importance to the intelligent minds in this community than the great problems which I have heard discussed here to-day.

"I took up this question of the liquor law. We have a plain statute in this State as to how the liquor law is to be enforced, and it is not enforced in that way, but is enforced in a way that is wholly unlawful and prescribed by no law whatever. The enforcement of it was made the most perfect machine imaginable for the collection of extortion and blackmail. That was inevitable.

"You intelligent people know that when those in executive authority set themselves above the law and think that they can do as they please, why, just as sure as the sun rises in the east and sets in the west there will be oppression, and wherever there is oppression extortion and blackmail are sure to follow."

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CALLS 'DEATH AVE.' MUNICIPAL CRIME

"The Nuisance Stage Is Past," ex-Alderman Doull Says at Great Mass Meeting.

SPEAKERS ATTACK N.Y.C.R.R.

Thousands Pledge Their Support to Appeal from the Court's Decision Giving Eleventh Avenue to the Railroad.

The Amsterdam Opera House, in West Forty-fourth Street, near Tenth Avenue, was crowded last night with men and women, who came to protest against the continuance of the New York Central tracks in Eleventh Avenue and to pledge their support to a movement to appeal from the findings of ex-Supreme Court Justice D Cady Herrick, who, as a referee, decided the city had no power to compel the road to remove the tracks.

Ex-Alderman Reginald Doull, who was one of the speakers, bitterly criticised the Herrick findings, while the other speakers, among them Senator Martin Saxe, John Temple Graves, the Rev. Father John J. Crossey, John J. Pheelan, Timothy Healy, denounced as a great wrong the continuance of a nuisance that they said already had cost 500 human lives.

The meeting was advertised as the "Anti-Death Avenue Mass Meeting," and the hall was filled when Herman W. Beyer, the President of the Eleventh Assembly District Republican organization, called it to order.

Mr. Beyer explained that the meeting was one of individuals and delegations representing various taxpaying and civic organizations, all of which were pledged to work for the ending of what Alderman Doull called a "municipal crime" to push the "Death Avenue franchise suit," as it is popularly known, to the highest court in Washington, if necessary, and to consider plans for the removal of the tracks which would do the least injury to those concerned.

Among the organizations that are back of the movement are the West Side Taxpayers' Association, the Civic Alliance, the Central Federated Union, the Harlem Property Owners' Association, the Eleventh Avenue Track Removal Association, the Greenwich Village Public Service Committee, and many local organizations of the Republican, Democratic, and Independence League Parties.

In the course of the meeting it was announced that Corporation Counsel Watson would assist in the prosecution of the appeal. Clarence J. Shearn will represent the "League to End Death Avenue," and he and Mr. Watson, it was said, would work together.

John J. Pheelan, who represented the West Side Taxpayers' Association, said that the children who live on or near Eleventh Avenue are entitled to the same protection as the children living in more favored parts of the city.

Ex-Alderman Doull gave a history of the fight that has been waged for so many years, and added that he wanted to know if Judge Herrick considered the tears of mothers and the curses of fathers whose children had been ground to death were worth the attention of the city. The continuance of the tracks, he said, was more than a public nuisance; it was a municipal crime of the first magnitude.

John Temple Graves, the next speaker, suggested that the New York Central by voluntarily removing the tracks or building an underground way would not only benefit humanity but would gain for that corporation thousands of valuable friends. Mr. Graves mentioned THE TIMES, and said that everybody familiar with the distressing conditions on Eleventh Avenue admired it for the stand it had taken for the rights of those whose homes are in the danger zone.

Father Crossey said that in the present fight the "Jew, the Protestant, and the Catholic are fighting shoulder to shoulder to eliminate the dreadful conditions." Father Crossey told of the lives that had been crushed out since he had been in the district, of the children that had been orphaned, of the homes grief stricken, and the mothers whose miseries and heartaches were due, he added, to the New York Central operations in Eleventh Avenue.

Senator Martin Saxe, who several years ago introduced the Anti-Death Avenue bill which passed the Senate, said that the defeat of the bill in the Assembly was due to the influence of the railroad. He said that it would take years to reverse the Herrick findings and that he believed the suit would land in the United States Supreme Court before it was finally settled.

After the speechmaking resolutions were adopted approving the efforts that will be made to have the Herrick findings reversed.

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BISHOP WILL FIGHT MOVE TO OUST HIM

Aero Club President Says Demand for His Resignation Is Based on a Misconception.

FLYERS SURE TO MEET HERE

Members Who Oppose Him, He Says, Are Unaware of His Friendly Negotiations with the Wrights.

Cortlandt Field Bishop said yesterday that he would resist every effort to depose him from the Presidency of the Aero Club of America, but he was in no way worried over the attempt of the insurgent faction of the organization to oust him. He says he ascribes the action to personal animus. He announced yesterday that negotiations now pending with the Wright brothers would undoubtedly result in the contest for the international aviation contest being held in this country.

A meeting of a committee of the Aero Club and Wilbur Wright will be held today, when it is expected that an arrangement will be effected and all differences settled, which will insure the success of the meeting.

Friends of Mr. Bishop are said to feel that the trouble in the Aero Club is due to a failure on the part of some of the members to appreciate the friendly negotiations now pending between the Wright brothers and the Aero Club. Mr. Bishop said that his efforts in arranging for American representation at the international meet at Rheims last Summer were too well known to call for reply to the circular letter sent out by six of the dissatisfied members of the club.

Up to the present England and Italy have both sent entries for the meet, it was said yesterday, and several cities are bidding for the privilege of holding the international race. Washington and Baltimore have combined with an offer of $100,000, while Denver, Seattle, Los Angeles, and Indianapolis are also in the field. New York has also subscribed $20,000 as a nucleus for a fund to obtain the event. President Bishop is satisfied that arrangements will be effected whereby the meet will be held in this country. In discussing the latest phase of the club troubles yesterday Mr. Bishop said:

The members whose names appear at the foot of the letter are evidently not familiar with the rules and regulations governing the International contest, as the contest is held under the rules of the International Aeronautic Federation, which assigns exclusive periods within which a date must be fixed for the holding of the meet. The federation fixed the time for holding the meet in America between Oct. 18 and Nov. 2, and the club has designated Oct. 22 as the date for the race.

Apparently they are also unfamiliar with the decidedly friendly negotiations now proceeding with the Wrights, which will undoubtedly result in the contest being held in America. No one has ever doubted the patriotism of the Wrights. They feel, however, that they should legally protect their patents and inventions, so as not to run the risk of having it said that they had waived any of the rights or privileges obtained by them under their patents. The Aero Club of America is certainly not a commercial enterprise. As stated in its charter, it is a club primarily for the development of the science of aeronautics and kindred sciences.

We not only want the one race for the international trophy held in America, but we also want, if possible, a meet to last at least a week, which will be historical in the annals of aviation. I think the Wrights are also desirous of providing the people of New York and of America in general with a great aviation exhibition, and the Wrights, or whoever else will eventually arrange for such an exhibition, will undoubtedly receive the hearty support and cooperation of the club.

Lawrence L. Gillespie, a Director of the Aero Club of America, said:

"Contrary to the impression which T. A. Hill and his friends are attempting to give to the public, the most complete accord and friendly understanding exists among the members of the Aero Club of America, and among the Governors of that society, and its committees are wholly and disinterestedly working in conjunction with Mr. Bishop to advance the cause of aviation in this country. The charge that Mr. Bishop is not taking proper steps to insure the holding of the international aviation contest in this country next Autumn, and is trying to throw the responsibility of its loss upon the Wrights, is diametrically opposed to the actual facts.

"There is no intention of having the international trophy which we won last year in France contested for elsewhere than on American soil, and the committee representing the club in the negotiations with the Wrights has made favorable progress already, and it is hoped that at the meeting scheduled for tomorrow the general terms of the arrangement may be settled under which the international contest may take place.

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NEW PLAN TO FIGHT SKYSCRAPER FIRES

Exterior High-Pressure Standpipes for All Tall Buildings Advocated by Expert.

PRESENT MEANS INADEQUATE

Superintendent of Underwriters Also Recommends Fire Escapes to Permit Firemen to Get at the Flames.

After examining the results of several recent fires in skyscraper apartment houses, Supt. F. J. T. Stewart of the Board of Fire Underwriters is out with a demand for a brand-new kind of fire escape for the taller buildings. It is not intended to help the people out, but to help the firemen in. The need for it was observed at a recent fire in Alwyn Court, a new twelve-story apartment house, at Seventh Avenue and Fifty-eighth Street.

The professedly fireproof structure provided fuel for the flames, which jumped across air wells and from window to window, reaching the apartments above those originally attacked.

"Granted that the high pressure system is sufficient to raise a stream of water 600 feet," said Mr. Stewart, "a column of water working 200 or 300 feet in the air can do little more than wash the outside walls. Even if it does go through a window it will strike the ceiling a few feet inside, leaving the fire in the interior corridors entirely untouched.

"Modern skyscraper hotels and apartment houses are depending on the interior fireproof staircases and elevators for escape in case of fire. And they probably are all the protection needed, but the firemen have no chance to fight a fire that gets started near the roof of a really tall building.

"My plan is to have a standpipe system constructed in connection with exterior fire escapes, so that firemen may reach whatever floor the fire is on, and fight it from the fire-escape platforms with hose connected to the high-pressure standpipes. This will be a step in advance of the water tower and the extension ladder, which are at present the best aids to firemen in reaching the upper stories of the new buildings."

Mr. Stewart's report was made especially for the consideration of the Board of Fire Underwriters, but a copy of it was sent to Fire Chief Croker, who is said to approve of its recommendations. In discussing the Alwyn Court fire the report says:

> The fire burst from the dining room windows on the tenth floor and shot upward along the fireproof wall to the eleventh floor, where it set fire to the window frames, cracked the window glass, and in that way set fire to the eleventh floor. In the same way it spread to the twelfth. Valuable time was lost at this blaze by the Fire Department owing to the lack of outside fire escapes.

When asksd what legal action he thought practicable, Mr. Stewart said that architects and builders were already joining with the Board of Fire Underwriters in a movement to secure the passage of an ordinance on the subject, and also to minimize the amount of wood used above the zone of efficient water-tower action.

ANT-EATER EMPTIES A CAR.

Subway Passengers Flee as It Tries to Escape from a Basket.

A discontented ant-eater is now safely caged in the Bronx Zoo, while at the Aquarium, C. W. Morgan, the foreman, is nursing a lacerated hand. The discontent of the ant-eater at being taken from his Brooklyn home resulted in his being in the zoo, and the injured hand came from the attempt of Morgan to get him there.

The ant-eater was presented to the Aquarium by a Brooklynite, who said it was tame and companionable and affectionate. It was expected to be a good companion for Director Townsend's pet 'possum, but no great friendship developed between the two, and after the ant bear attacked the 'possum it was thought best to send him to the zoo.

Morgan placed the animal in a basket and started for Bronx Park in the Subway, and all went well until Grand Central Station was reached. Then Morgan, feeling a movement in the basket, put his hand down to see what was the trouble. The ant-eater had scratched a hole in the basket, and its great claws ripped open Morgan's hand. Morgan's yells drove most of the passengers from the car, while the others from a safe distance watched the struggle.

Finally Morgan got a grip on its back, out of reach of the claws, and had to hold it that way until he arrived at the zoo.

HIGHLAND PURE RYE
FINEST AMERICAN WHISKEY

Bottled in bond—
Seven years old—
Age guaranteed by U. S. Gov'm't Stamp on bottle

ASK FOR A
HIGHLAND RYE BALL

OFFICIALS GRILLED BY ALBANY WRITERS

Grafters Burlesqued with Honest Folk at the Correspondents' "Roastfest."

"HI" MOE ON THE JOB AGAIN

Hands Out Envelopes with the Admonition, "Don't Get Them Mixed"—Defining a Boss.

ALBANY, April 7.—Official Albany took a night off to-night to attend the annual dinner of the Legislative Correspondents' Association Gov. Hughes, Lieut. Gov. Horace White, Speaker Wadsworth, Timothy L. Woodruff, Chairman of the Republican State Committee; Chairman William J. Conners of the Democratic State Committee, and scores of State officers, legislators, and men prominent in public life throughout the State were there. It was the annual "roastfest" of the correspondents, and no one was spared.

While the diners were assembling in the lobby of the Ten Eyck Hotel a member of the association dressed to represent Deacon "Hi" Moe of Groton in an Inverness coat, square topped derby hat, and carrying a large carpet bag with the inscription: "H. G. M., Groton, N. Y.," circulated among them. He approached Gov. Hughes, and other prominent guests, handing to each an envelope labeled: "Don't get mine mixed with anybody else's."

The banquet hall was elaborately decorated with American flags, palms, and flowers. One end of the long room was reserved as a memorial to the "Old Guard." There was not a touch of red, white, and blue on that wall. Instead it was hung with an immense black flag having in the centre a skull and crossbones. Under the flag was the inscription: "It's better to nail the black flag to the masthead than to run up the white flag of surrender."—Bill Barnes. Near this were two other inscriptions: "The old guard dies, but never surrenders," and "Don't cheer, boys."

East guest wore across his shirt front a red sash with the slogan: "We hate peace, L. C. A., 1910." The souvenirs were bronze ash trays inclosed in envelopes, across which was written: "It feels good." The songs and menu were printed in the form of legislative documents and bound in a document file.

P. T. Rellihan of The New York Press, President of the Association, was toastmaster. A dialogue between members representing Republican State Chairman Woodruff and Democratic State Chairman Conners, in which they exchanged views on the political situation, aroused much merriment. Mr. Conners admitted that he was State Chairman because "Charlie" Murphy and "Packey" McCabe and other "highbrows" in his party had obtained an injunction to prevent him from retiring. Mr. Woodruff said the same thing had happened to him. All the "highbrows" in his party from Gov. Hughes down had begged him to "go down with the ship."

"What, did they want to drown you?" queried Conners.

"No, no, go down with the ship if the ship goes down," explained Woodruff.

"Aw, go on," jeered the Democrat. "She's sunk in forty fathoms now."

Then everybody joined in this parody: "I wish I had a job," sung to the tune of "I wish I had a girl." According to the song Woodruff and Conners did the wishing.

A class in candidates, which included "Billy" Hotchkiss, "Freddie" Stevens, "Clarkie" Williams, "Eddie" O'Malley, and "Billy" Willcox, was called by the President. Each gave his reasons for believing that he was the proper man to name for Governor.

A Democratic class was called, beginning with "Willie" Gaynor, but another member said that "Willie" Gaynor wouldn't come because he heard the White House calling.

The class was dismissed in disorder, whereupon "The Sharing of the Green" was sung. It had this verse:

> Oh, Mr. Hughes, please don't abuse
> The gang, for Conger states
> The crowd was good and always stood
> For naught but union rates.
> And, don't you know, good Deacon Moe
> Went back to Groton glad,
> And thanked us for not taking
> Every dollar that he had.

While the guests were trying to pay attention to some of the eatables the lights went out, and there was a loud blare of horns, crashing of drums, and rolls of thunder. Then in the blaze of a spotlight appeared "Bwana Tumbo" in African costume, with a gun strapped across his shoulder. He announced emphatically that he would not have "A Return from Elba." "They tell me Root is trying to bury 'Tim' Woodruff," said he. "That is absurd, ridiculous. Woodruff has been dead so long that it is a waste of time." The spotlight was turned off and when the lights of the dining room blazed forth again Mr. Roosevelt had disappeared.

A boss was defined as "an optimist who uses his powers to help those who are with him." A reformer was defined "a pessimist, who uses the same power in the same way to soak those who are against him."

An investigation of a reformer was conducted with much severity by Martin W. Littleton and James W. Roarsburn. When Mr. Roarsburn got at him he admitted that he wouldn't know a bribe if he saw one, how long it was, or how wide or how thick. He had heard that "it felt good."

"Then you admit you are guilty," shouted Mr. Roarsburn.

"I can't remember," timidly replied the reformer witness.

Thereupon Mr. Roarsburn called for the conviction of the witness. "He has admitted that he is a reformer," he said, "and he says he is honest. What business has he in the Senate of the State of New York? He should be fired." Loud cries of "guilty" sentenced the reformer, and he was led away in disgrace, while the orchestra struck up "In the Days of Gold."

The last verse said:

> There were many things to admire in insurance, life and fire,
> In the days of long ago;
> We don't want to brag, but we welcomed the bag
> That contained Mr. Kennedy's dough.
> There was no one to quiz into any one's biz,
> And Hotchkiss was practicing law;
> But he since hit a drug called the Governor's bug,
> And he's going at every one raw.

A person representing himself as Elihu Root, a United States Senator, was then called upon to answer a few questions.

"What do you think will be the principal issue of the coming campaign?" he was asked.

"Trying to forget recent events," said Mr. Root after much thought.

Then followed a farewell address by Gov. Hughes, who was impersonated by one of the members, in which he paid his respects to the bosses and politicians, and predicted that they'd all be turned out to grass as soon as his Direct Primary bill got working.

After the fun making Gov. Hughes, Senator Depew, Speaker Wadsworth, and others of the guests responded to toasts.

MRS. VAN DEN HEUVAL'S WILLS

Litigation Likely to Result Over Conflicting Testaments.

Unless a settlement is arranged between the parties, it is expected that there will be a legal fight over the estate of Charlotte Van Den Heuvel, who died Jan. 10, at 106 East Twelfth Street, over 80 years old.

In a will made in 1896, with a codicil dated 1897, Miss Van Den Heuvel left $5,000 each to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, the Messiah Home for Little Children, and Daisy Field's Home for Crippled Children. This will, an account of which was printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES when filed, left the greater part of her estate to her cousins, William Bibby, Justine V. Fisher, Julia L. Bibby, and Emma Marie Cooper, and provided for a life income of $10,000 to another cousin, Susan I. Mottelay.

The second will, made in 1903, omitted the charitable bequests, and made a slightly different division among the cousins. The codicil of 1904 contains the provision that the East Twelfth Street house shall be given to her "faithful housekeeper and nurse, Mrs. Karolina

WEALTHY STOWAWAY HOME.

Father Meets Young Camp with a Tug Down the Bay.

After a brief stay in Europe Sewell F. Camp, the Princeton senior, who crossed the Atlantic as a stowaway on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, is home again. He returned from Cherbourg as a passenger on the American liner St. Louis. When the steamship got to Quarantine yesterday morning the tug John Nicholls was waiting to take him off. On the tug was his father, Walter H. Camp of Watertown, N. Y., his two sisters, and an uncle, E. E. Orcott, of this city. As soon as the St. Louis came to a stop off the Quarantine station young Camp climbed down to the deck of the waiting tug. He was affectionately greeted by his relatives and the tug swung clear of the steamer and headed toward Barclay Street, where the party went ashore.

Sewell Camp differed with his father as to his vocation in life. Deeply interested in religious work, he wanted to become a minister. His father wanted him to take up a business career. On March 22 he left Princeton supposedly to go home. He dropped out of sight. One week later a cable was received announcing that the young student had landed at Cherbourg after crossing the Atlantic as a stowaway. He had taken a train from Princeton to Hoboken and walked aboard the Kronprinzessin Cecilie about to sail.

Camp was a first cabin passenger on the return voyage. He was made a sort of hero by the passengers and had to tell the story of his adventures. When it became known that he was a stowaway on the German liner he was treated well and his father was notified when the steamer got to the other side. On the St. Louis Camp wanted a chance to work in the pantry. Chief Steward Harris said that it would not be possible to comply with his wish as he was a passenger. To one who asked him why he left home it is said he replied that he wanted to rough it.

As the young man carried but little baggage the customs officials gave his father permission to take him off without landing with the other passengers on the American Line pier.

12,000 ARMENIANS STARVING.

Appeal to Americans Says They Must Die Unless Help Is Sent.

Bishop Greer, as President of the Armenian Relief Association in this country, has received this cablegram from W. W. Peet, Treasurer of the Armenian missions in Turkey and President of the International Relief Committee at Constantinople:

> Twelve thousand people in the Marash and Zeitoun region in extreme need. Will die unless helped till harvest two months hence.

E. R. L. Gould, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Armenian Association, explained yesterday that the famine conditions which the families of the Armenian highlanders of Cilicia are now facing are the aftermath of the massacres last year, in which the fruitful Turkish Provinces of Adana and Aleppo were devastated and tens of thousands of people, mostly widows and orphans, left destitute.

Mr. Gould states that while the new Government of Turkey, which found an empty treasury when it came into power, is doing all in its power to help those left homeless and starving, it cannot cope with the extreme situation. Help from outside must be forthcoming, Mr. Gould is assured, or the people will certainly starve before the harvest provides them with abundance. The afflicted region, Mr. Gould declares, is one in which a race of brave people have for centuries defended their Church against all aggression and have won a reputation throughout the world for courage, generosity, and nobility of character. It is requested that contributions be sent to Messrs. Brown Brothers & Co., depository, 59 Wall Street.

NO GUARANTEE WITH HER CAT.

Nevertheless Miss Pope Is Sued for Its Price, $10, Because It Died.

In the Fifth District Municipal Court next Wednesday lawyers will argue whether Miss Virginia Pope of 146 West Sixty-eighth Street, dealer in birds and other animals, knew or did not know that a long-haired angora cat was sick when she sold the cat to Mrs. R. M. S. Putnam, wife of a lawyer of 31 Nassau Street. Yesterday a demurrer of Miss Pope in the case was overruled.

It appears that on or about Jan. 13 Mrs. Putnam went into Miss Pope's bird store, and there saw an angora cat, gray in color and pinkish in tint, which she bought for $10. Mrs. Putnam had the cat sent home to 318 West Eighty-fourth Street, but on or about Jan. 17, Mr. Putnam says, the cat grew so ill that she was sent back to Miss Pope's store and hospital, where she gave up the ghost two days later.

Now, Mr. Putnam, through R. M. Matteo of 320 Broadway, declares that Miss Pope guaranteed the healthfulness of the angora; and that when the cat died in defiance of that guarantee she refused to pay back the $10 and failed to substitute any other cat for it. The complaint continues further:

"That said representation and statement that the cat in question was in good health and condition were and each of them false. That the said cat was at the time of the said sale ill from an illness and disease contracted in the possession of the defendant, and prior to sale."

As for Miss Pope, she said yesterday afternoon that Mrs. Putnam, on seeing the cat running in her bird store, wanted to buy it; that the cat belonged to her brother, who, however, agreed to sell the angora; that the cat looked all right to her; but that it became ill and died after she sold it. She did not insure the angora's life, she said, and when it fell sick she did all she could for it. On top of that, she promised to keep her eye out for an angora kitten for Mrs. Putnam.

NEW YORK ATHLETES DINED.

More Than 350 Honor N. Y. A. C.'s Champions—Medal for Ewry.

Members of the New York Athletic Club and their guests to the number of 350 gathered last night for the second annual athletes' dinner. There were two speakers' tables, and many small ones, besides which all the club's champions were seated at one long table, which ran more than half the length of the main dining room, which is itself as wide as the clubhouse. This table was decorated with the many trophies the champions had brought to their organization.

The speakers were James H. Haslin, President of the club; James E. Sullivan, Secretary-Treasurer of the Amateur Athletic Union; Bartow S. Weeks, former Capt. Jerry T. Mahoney, Alfred H. Curtis, and Harry Buermeyer. Following President Haslin's remarks Ray Ewry was presented with a gold medal commemorative of the eleven world's championships he has won for the New York Athletic Club in his twelve years of active athletic membership.

Those at the champions' table were Capt. M. P. Halpin, ex-Capt. J. T. Mahoney, Platt Adams, H. S. Babcock, J. N. Boyle, G. K. Bainbridge, W. L. Bowman, Dr. H. M. Clark, Oscar Coolican; R. G. Castleman, V. P. Curty, W. L. Dawbern, H. Doneshaw, Ray C. Ewry, L. J. Goodwin, H. E. Gissing, J. L. Haftranft, F. D. Hooper, C. Kusche, J. R. Munn, Dr. R. M. Mills, Matt McGrath, F. W. Marrow, F. Narganes, Marshall Peabody, Charles Quinn, J. H. Reilly, R. Reimund, L. C. Rivas, C. J. Shirreff, R. G. Strange, W. W. Swan, George South, and G. H. White.

Point System Approved.

The Columbia Student Board of Representatives yesterday approved the point system of limiting the number of offices that any one man can hold while in college. This matter has been before the board for several months, but until now it has not succeeded in framing limitations to suit all the members. Before the system goes into effect, however, it must be voted upon by the student body. This will occur later in the month in connection with the Spring elections to the Student Board.

Assistant Managers at Princeton.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 7.—As a result of the election held to-night, Robert O. Annin, 1912, of Washington, D. C., was elected assistant manager of the Princeton baseball team and Harry Le Roy Pelt, 1912, of New York City was elected assistant track manager.

EVENING DRESS RULE KILLS OPERA CAFE

Managers of Elaborate Broadway Restaurant Say Their Patrons Resented It.

ADMIT SERVICE WAS POOR

Couldn't Get Good Waiters and Kitchens Were Badly Placed—Company Owes $500,000, Including Servants' Wages.

The Café de l'Opera, at Broadway and Forty-second Street, closed its doors at 1 o'clock this morning, to stay closed indefinitely. Its 750 employes filed out in small groups on the sidewalk, without their last week's pay. Representatives of Anton H. Meyer, the assignee, stayed in charge.

It was announced late yesterday that the restaurant, which opened Dec. 14 last, had failed. The café is owned by the United States Restaurant and Realty Company of this city, organized April 25, 1908, for $600,000. The debts now outstanding amount to more than $500,000, according to William F. McCombs, of 96 Broadway, counsel for Mr. Meyer, the assignee and President of the company.

"We close to-night because we have not been able to meet our running expenses," declared Mr. McCombs. He pointed out the tables on the opera floor, most of them deserted, and, making a rapid survey, estimated that the employes outnumbered the patrons. Such, he said, had been the condition of things almost every night since the restaurant opened.

"The widely circulated statement that this restaurant was exclusively for persons in evening dress has cost us thousands of dollars," he said. "It may be considered one of the principal reasons for the present failure of the enterprise. New Yorkers will not don evening dress for a Broadway restaurant. They go to the theatre for relaxation, and do not care for formal attire. As a result we have lost valuable after-theatre patronage. The Directors realized this a month ago and relaxed the rule. You see that we have some people in ordinary garb here to-night. But we have not been able to overcome the impression that persons not in evening dress are not welcome. The idea that evening dress should be worn was a London idea, and could not be made successful here. In London evening dress is the rule for theatres.

"The other reasons for the failure of the enterprise were the service and the situation of the kitchen. The kitchen is too far from the tables. The food has been chilled in transit to the patrons, and this has caused dissatisfaction. We started at a time when all good waiters were engaged, and we had to take what waiters we could get. As a result we got rather a crude crew, to tell the truth, and this did not help us to attract and retain the class of patronage we needed to make this great enterprise pay.

"The jealousy of other restaurants may have been a factor. It is nothing unusual for a restaurant to have a large amount of outstanding bills, but reports have been constantly circulated exaggerating the amount we owed. The smaller and more timid creditors began to bother us, and to sue us, and we were forced to make an assignment to save the interests of the stockholders.

"Another factor against us was that we had no bar. A bar seems to be a necessary adjunct to a place in Broadway, and would have proved a good source of revenue, especially since persons would be attracted in to see the costly furnishings."

Mr. McCombs said that of the indebtedness of the café some $400,000 was secured. The entire indebtedness amounts to more than $500,000, mostly for supplies and furnishings. The site and building cost, altogether, he said, $4,000,000, of which $1,250,000 was for furnishings and interior decorations. The land and building are the property of the Henry Phipps estate. It is occupied on a twenty-one-year lease.

The Café d l'Opera was managed by Henri Pruger, formerly manager of the Hotel Savoy in London. His salary was said to have been $50,000 a year. Edward H. Cahill was Treasurer of the café company.

The café was fitted up with what its press agents termed Oriental magnificence. Its Broadway and Seventh Avenue exterior bristled with the winged bulls and other Assyrian and Babylonian mythological animals which are associated in the popular mind with the luxurious indulgence of the era of Nebuchadnezzar.

WESTON MEETS OLD FRIEND.

Jack Eldridge Has Short Chat and Walk with Veteran Pedestrian.

Special to The New York Times.

GOSHEN, Ind., April 7.—Edward Peyton Weston and Jack Eldridge, both of whom are walking from coast to coast, met to-day on the road twelve miles east of Goshen. They shook hands and then went to an orchard near by, where they sat down on a stump and talked about good roads and their expectations as to making their trips on time. Weston is now fourteen days ahead in his distance covered, while Eldridge is two and one-half days ahead.

After their little rest Eldridge walked back a mile with his friend and they then parted. Weston will spend the night at Kendallville, Ind., and Eldridge said when he passed here to-day that he hoped to pass the night with friends at La Porte, Ind.

It is Weston's opinion that if the weather remains good and he has no setback he will reach New York on May 3 at the latest, although he says it may take him one or two days longer. It was noted to-day when the two men walked together that Eldridge takes a long, slow step, about twice as long as Weston's short quick step, but that Weston moves his body so that there is not the least loss of speed by his short step. Eldridge recently left Boston to walk to San Francisco, a distance of approximately 4,000 miles.

If Edward Payson Weston keeps up with his schedule from Chicago to this city he will tramp up to the City Hall on Monday, May 2, fourteen days ahead of the time he had planned to reach here. Weston, before he started from Santa Monica on Feb. 1 to walk across the continent, figured on a 3,480-mile trip, and said he would do it in ninety days, Sundays excepted. He calculated on reaching here on May 17, and made arrangements to take a lady to the theatre in this city on that evening. On that part of the trip between Los Angeles and Chicago, following the route of the Santa Fe Railroad, Weston disregarded his walking schedule and reached Chicago twelve days ahead of the time he had allotted to himself to make the trip.

This remarkable performance is partly explained by the fact that Weston's schedule has many inaccuracies in regard to the distances he covered in walking along the route of the Santa Fe. His schedule shows the trip from Los Angeles to Chicago along the railroad tracks as being 2,429 miles, while the Santa Fe time tables show the same distance to be 2,265 miles, a difference of 164 miles, which explains at least four of the days which he has presumably made in advance of his walking time. He is going at about a forty-mile a day gait, some days going more and other days less. The fact that more than half the distance was along the route of the Santa Fe Railroad, where the walker received the greatest attention from the railroad officials and station agents which freed him from all the worries about roads and places to eat and sleep, also partly explains why he is far ahead of his scheduled time.

And another reason is that he has been more fortunate in the matter of weather than on any of his previous walks. He encountered only two rainstorms on the first forty-eight days of his journey. It rained at Santa Monica on Feb. 1, the day he started, and he did not encounter another rainstorm until he reached the outskirts of Chicago on April 3.

Even to the slightest detail Weston was exempt from all the arrangements of his trip along the Santa Fe. The train dispatchers had a standing order to give him the right of way over trestles and through railroad yards in the different cities, and the trainmasters sent orders to all the conductors and engineers to keep a sharp lookout for the pedestrian and his motor car and to sound the whistle at all obscure places in the tracks so that there would be no danger of coming across the walker unawares. The station agents were always ready to put him up for the night and furnish him with the best of food. These arrangements saved Weston a great deal of time and worry and were a big factor in aiding him in making the fast time over the route. During his daily tramps Weston carried a green railroad signal flag and at night carried a bull's-eye railroad lantern. He left the Santa Fe route at Chicago and then struck the dirt roads to New York. It is likely that he will strike plenty of rainy weather and muddy going during the present month.

The old man has shown wonderful vitality and has been able to keep along on an average of only six hours' sleep a day. Of course he takes occasional rests and does not hurry when he eats his meals. His feet are holding out wonderfully well and he has not been troubled with blisters, as on many of his walks during the past few years. He is sturdy and strong, but at times gets very peevish, and his attendants have a hard task in getting along with him.

His route to New York is through Indiana, Ohio, and Pennsylvania, coming into New York State at Westfield. He will go through Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, Little Falls, Schenectady, Troy, and continuing along down the Hudson through Poughkeepsie, Peekskill, Tarrytown, and Yonkers to this city.

CONCORD with Ara-Notch EVANSTON with Buttonhole
THE NEW
ARROW COLLARS
FOR SUMMER. High enough for looks—low enough for comfort and plenty of room for the tie to slide in.
15c. each, 2 for 25c.
Cluett, Peabody & Co. Arrow Cuffs, 25c.

DO YOU WANT A POSITION?
Read the announcements of reliable concerns wanting help in the Help Wanted column of The New York Times. Every day there are advertisements of positions vacant that must be filled quickly.—Adv.

TAFT GREETS BALL PLAYERS.

Brooklyn Team Introduced to President by Congressman Calder.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—To-day's game between Brooklyn and Washington was called off because of cold weather. In the morning the Brooklyn players, together with President Ebbets, Miss Genevieve Ebbets, Treasurer Henry Medicus, Mrs. Medicus, and Mrs. Al Burch were introduced to President Taft at the White House by Congressman Calder of Brooklyn. Mr. Taft told the players he liked the game, but couldn't accept an invitation to witness a mere exhibition game. He prefers the kind that is for blood.

The Brooklyns will go to Baltimore in the morning, twelve of them going through to Brooklyn, where they play Sunday with the Laughlins at Washington Park.

WHITE LABEL BASS ALE
FINEST BOTTLED ALE IN THE WORLD
Empty White Label Bottles Redeemed
Pints at 15c. a doz. Splits at 12c. a doz.
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Lion Collars
Made with "Easy Tie Slide" Space.

1887 Brill Clothes—Ready to wear 1910

The Brill Twenty

It is the custom of men to convey impressions by single words or phrases. Where a man, speaking of hats, says "a Stetson," he has summed up all that is desirable in head-covering. So, when you hear the words "Brill Twenty," there shall come into your mind a picture of Quality, of all that a man of good taste might wish in Suit or Overcoat, ready to wear, at $20. And, at any Brill store, at any time, all men, of all statures and taste, may find the original of the picture and make it their own.

Spring Suits and Overcoats for men, $15 to $35
For young men and boys, $10 to $30
And, Stetson Hats, $3.50 to $12

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CLOTHIERS 4 CONVENIENT STORES
Harlem Store Open Evenings.
279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St. 125TH ST., cor. 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., nr. B'way. 47 CORTLANDT ST., nr. Greenwich.

Style—Fit—Quality.
A Composite Picture of our Men's $18 Suits & Overcoats

In the analysis of thoroughly good garments these three chief factors—Style, Fit and Quality—are looked for by every man and found in Wm. Vogel & Son Suits and Overcoats at $18.

The assortment of models, fabrics and colors at this moderate price is broad enough to include everything that is governed by good taste.

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Two Broadway Stores {At Houston Street / At 44th Street

T. KELLY
263 Sixth Avenue—104-106 West 17th Street
In our Piano Department we offer our old customers and the public in general Pianos at the lowest possible prices. We allow no commissions to any one, thus saving for our customers $50 to $100 by buying Pianos from us

FREE Music Cabinet, Stool, Cover or Scarf

$225.00 for this beautiful Piano. Full 7 1-3 octaves, fine repeating action, combining all modern improvements, possessing remarkable purity and brilliancy of tone; same in every respect as sold elsewhere for $400.00. We have others at $195, $215, $250, $275 and $300, all of the best makes. Send for particulars, and somebody will call and see you.

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THE TROUBLESOME INSURGENTS.

The Republicans, so the story runs in Washington, would be entirely willing to pass through the fires of defeat in the Congressional elections this Fall, if only they could be sure that the insurgents would be scorched and smothered. They are said to desire, even, that Senator BEVERIDGE may lose his seat in the Senate as the penalty of his insurgency. His term expires in 1911. The report has long been current at the National Capital that the Republicans believe it would be a piece of good fortune for them to lose the House of Representatives. With a Republican President and a Republican Senate, a Democratic majority in the House could do no harm, and, reasoning from the recent behavior of the party, it would be very likely to make such ill-judged use of its power that in 1912 the country would gladly turn to the Republicans again, electing a President of that party and restoring its control of the House. In various ways this legend is woven in with the reports concerning President TAFT's reconsideration of his announced purpose to make a speech at Indianapolis May 5. That decision was said to have been the result of his displeasure at the Indiana Republican platform and the speech of Senator BEVERIDGE.

In their wrath men will say many things. Mr. PAYNE and Mr. DALZELL are very angry with the insurgents. They feel, they may have said, that they could get along better with a Democratic majority than with a House in which Republican majority control is tempered with frequent and triumphant exhibitions of insurgency. But we are of the opinion that the sober-minded and far-seeing leaders of the party are very little in sympathy with the idea of permitting a Democratic triumph this Fall. It is a maxim that parties advance by victories, not by defeats. There would be great and obvious perils in permitting a Democratic majority to come in by default. There is the risk that the Democrats might obstinately refuse to blunder. They might by their Congressional policy win in increased measure public respect and confidence. Something of that kind happened when the Democrats won the House in 1890, just after the enactment of the McKinley tariff. They carried the next House, also, and the Presidency with it. No, the Republican Congressional Committee will not ride for a fall this year. Money will be obtained in some way, and the doubtful districts will be attended to.

The Republican leaders cannot be blind to the signs of the times. They see, they must have been among the first to see, that for the first time in years the Democrats have an issue, an issue that is in the hearts of the people, and, what is more, in their pockets. Free silver and Bryanism were not Democratic issues in 1896—they belonged to the Populists. BRYAN in 1900 put forward nothing the people cared for, in 1904 the tariff issue was neglected, and in 1908 there remained nothing but the shreds and patches of Bryanism. Now the Republicans themselves have wrought an issue, and it would seem that they have wrought it for the salvation of the Democratic Party and the destruction of their own. By insisting upon the revision of the tariff as the object of their campaign, the Democrats will be fortified and encouraged to a degree that will easily enable them to cast off the plague of Bryanism and to organize for the fight under Democratic leaders of unquestioned loyalty to Democratic principles. There is the greatest probability that they will be directly and enormously reinforced from the Republican ranks by reason of the deep popular dissatisfaction with the Payne-Aldrich tariff, and because of the resentment aroused by the betrayal of the people's hopes and the violation of the Republican pledge.

The Democratic victory of 1890 was an insurrection of the country against the McKinley tariff. We do not need to go so far back for light upon what is now in prospect. The disaster to the Republicans in the Fourteenth Congressional District in Massachusetts is an alarming portent. New York is in doubt, it is felt that Ohio is lost, and, when things come to such a pass in Indiana that a Republican President feels that he must avoid that State, it is time, indeed, that the leaders of the party took sober thought about its present condition and future state.

Mr. PAYNE, Mr. DALZELL, and the other defenders of the Payne-Aldrich tariff may be amazed this Fall at their remarkable success in reading the insurgents out of the party. The Republicans of the Senate and House who refuse to accept the new tariff as an honest fulfillment of the Republican promises are not the real insurgents. It is the people themselves who are in insurrection. In their present temper, feeling every day the pinch of high prices, they are quite willing to be read out of the party, they have read themselves out. Hosts of them will vote as Democrats this Fall. If the Republican leaders and those about them persist in their uncompromising adherence to the present tariff, they will vote as Democrats in 1912. A more fatuous policy than that of withdrawing the right hand of party fellowship from members of that wing of the Republicans who have the sympathy and support of the people, and who are the true representatives of popular sentiment, could not well be imagined.

PUNISHMENT FOR THINKING.

The Sherman anti-trust law punishes trusts for existing, even if their existence is beneficial. Their acts may sometime be bad, therefore they are punished for being alive. Certain inconveniences have been developed in the enforcement of such a law, but before it has been repealed we have proposals to punish thinking. Congress mercifully limits the penalties to those who think, or fail to think, in connection with the cotton trade. Thinking wrong is not punished by the statute, but it is punished all the same.

New York legislators are more thorough. They propose to punish generally traders on any Exchange who buy or sell with no thought of delivery of stocks or commodities in general.

We wonder whether it would be lawful to change your mind under these statutes? Suppose that in entire good faith you bought something to be delivered some months ahead—the so-called "futures"—would you be compelled to take and pay for your purchase, and be unable to get rid of your bad bargain? For example, suppose you were a spinner, and had bought cotton to be delivered some months ahead, and suppose some bad men had raised cotton so high that people could not afford to buy cotton to wear. Would you be forbidden to sell your "futures" to those bad men who were bidding so high for them that you could not sell your cloth? It happens sometimes that spinners are marking down cloth while gamblers are marking up raw material, paying more for it to deliver back and forth to each other, even across the ocean, than spinners can afford to pay for spinning. Under such conditions would a buyer of futures be compelled to take delivery, although he had seen his mistake and wanted to sell what he had intended to spin?

THE PIGOTT FORGERIES.

The admission of Sir ROBERT ANDERSON, K. C. B., in the course of his reminiscences, contributed to Blackwood's Magazine, that he was the author of the series of articles in The London Times entitled "Parnellism and Crime," published in 1887, while Mr. BALFOUR'S Crimes bill was pending in the House of Commons, is not a very important revelation, historically speaking. That the articles were written by a man of firm convictions, who believed he was serving his country well in writing them, is easily understood. The articles did not include the Pigott forgeries, but the author presumably had been those supposed letters of PARNELL, sold to The London Times by RICHARD PIGOTT, and believed in their authenticity.

Sir ROBERT ANDERSON is an Irishman, a Trinity College man, and was for many years the adviser of the British Home Office in matters relating to political crime. Later he was Assistant Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police. He is a sternly religious man and has written books in criticism of the "higher criticism" of the Bible. He published in 1906 "Side Lights on the Home Rule Movement."

The newspaper articles whose authorship he now avows were the beginning of the sad downfall of CHARLES STEWART PARNELL and the defeat of Mr. GLADSTONE'S effort to secure Home Rule for Ireland. With the last of them, April 18, 1887, one of PIGOTT'S forgeries was printed in fac simile. It was a letter from PARNELL to some person unnamed, dated in 1882, professing sympathy with the Phoenix Park murderers. Passion was running high in Great Britain. The Home Rulers were associated in the public mind with lawlessness, intimidation, and murderous assault. PARNELL, in the House, with dignity and feeling denied the authenticity of the letter.

The Irish Party believed him. GLADSTONE held firmly to him. On the other hand, the opponents of Home Rule, the whole Conservative Party, accepted the letter as genuine and openly rejoiced, and undoubtedly the faith of many of his supporters among the Liberals was shaken. PARNELL refused an offer from the Conservatives to pay the expenses of a libel suit against The London Times, as he believed it was insincere. It was not until September that he began suit against The Times on his own account, demanding $500,000 damages. Meanwhile a Special Commission appointed by Parliament had begun an inquiry into the whole matter, The Times being commanded to produce all its evidence. PIGOTT was then brought into the case, together with other forged letters, and the inquiry assumed the character if not the form of a criminal procedure, with PARNELL and sixty-four others as the accused persons.

In this inquiry PIGOTT broke down under the cross-examination of Sir CHARLES RUSSELL, afterward Lord RUSSELL of Killowen, and the next day confessed to Mr. LABOUCHERE that the letters were all forgeries. He fled to Madrid and killed himself. Judgment against The Times was entered in PARNELL'S suit. But much mischief had been done and more mischief followed. Within a year or so GLADSTONE was compelled to break with PARNELL because of his connection with the O'Shea divorce suit. The ablest leader the Irish cause had in the nineteenth century was crushed and disheartened. That, from first to last, he was the victim of conspirators his friends have always believed. On the other hand, many Conservative Englishmen and Irishmen of the type of Sir ROBERT ANDERSON have been satisfied that he was justly treated.

A FIFTH AVENUE PROBLEM.

Every now and then a problem arises in New York which harks back to the shape of Manhattan Island and the business life conditions which, through no fault of any one in particular, are peculiar to this city, embarrassing, and apparently unavoidable.

Just such a situation the Fifth Avenue Association, burdened with the task of making that thoroughfare the most attractive in the world, now resolutely faces. Many know, and many do not, that between 12 and 1 o'clock every week day tens of thousands of men and girls engaged by the various tailoring trades are turned out of the skyscraping manufactories between Madison and Washington Squares and Broadway and Sixth Avenue for luncheon. Most of these manufactories apparently are nearer Fifth Avenue, and that street proves the magnet which draws the great majority of this vast tidal wave of workers. The result is quickly seen. Fifth Avenue becomes instantly so congested that it is almost impossible for customers to get into or out of the stores without considerable inconvenience, not to say annoyance. It is often difficult for women with children to push through the crowds, and the merchants most interested say their business is being seriously damaged because of such conditions.

The name by which this sudden overcrowding of the street is called is "loitering," but the Fifth Avenue Association is approaching the matter from the very proper point of view that the workers have a right to air and sunlight in their noonday hour, and ought to have both. It is because here, as almost nowhere else, the manufacturing and exclusive shopping localities are merged, that the problem arises, and not because the workers ought not to use the streets if they want to. By conferences with the employers, the employés, the labor organizations, and the merchants, it is expected that some plan may be evolved which will relieve the congestion, but in no way, by police force or otherwise, deprive the workers of their rights or the benefits which they undoubtedly derive from spending their luncheon hour out of doors. But the problem has many angles and a solution will not be easily found.

THE UPPER BERTH.

"The Upper Berth" is the title of a story by MARION CRAWFORD which has been called "the best ghost story ever written." It is surely a shocker. But the berth concerned in its grisly happenings is in the cabin of a steamship. No ghost story we remember is associated with the upper berth of a sleeping car. If ghosts ever occupy those upper berths it is only when they are purposely avoiding living creatures for the sake of rest. Upper berths are likely to be vacant until the lower ones are all occupied.

No traveler by rail now occupies an upper berth if he can get a lower berth. The prejudice in favor of the lower berth, except in the case of fat men, is not reasonable, for either is as uncomfortable as the mind of the occupant chooses to make it. Sleeping on the rail is not a luxury but a necessity. One has to make the best of it. For that reason everybody insists on having a lower berth, and will postpone his journey, if possible to get one, simply because of the popular prejudice against upper berths. As it is impossible to have the sleeping car composed entirely of lower berths the companies, and the porters, are compelled to submit to a great deal of irrational abuse.

For this reason, the report that the Inter-State Commerce Commission is about to render a decision in the case of LOFTUS vs. the Pullman Company, directing that hereafter the cost of an upper berth shall be lower than that of a lower berth excites peculiar interest. If the upper berths are to be cheaper the prejudice against them will quickly disappear. They are likely to be spoken for as eagerly as the cheaper staterooms on the night boats. The decision, if it is really to be made, should work for the ultimate benefit of the Pullman Company. As every traveler knows that an upper berth is as good as a lower berth, the comparative cheapness of the upper berth can be ignored in conversation. Some millions of traveling men will suddenly make up their minds that they prefer the upper berth, the slow folks will have to take the lower ones, and pay more, and everybody will be satisfied.

The cause of coeducation has slumped in New Jersey. First the Hackettstown Collegiate Institute becomes a school exclusively for girls, then the Pennington Seminary decides in favor of retaining the boys. A year ago Wesleyan voted to become a man's college. What is the difficulty in the coeducational plan? Is it too romantic for serious endeavors? Or do the girls tend to outnumber the boys, to crowd out their studies and standards? Wesleyan was jealous of the athletic prowess of her masculine competitors. Now Pennington will slough off its courses in sewing, cooking, music, and art, and "go in" for football. Hackettstown, it appears, is irreclaimably "feminized."

The privilege to send all mail free of postage is extended not only to THEODORE ROOSEVELT, but to the widows of former Presidents, in the bill favorably reported by the House Committee on Post Offices. This is a graceful compliment; it would greatly become Congress to validate it. The Pension Committee of the Senate, too, has reported a bill conferring pensions of $5,000 yearly upon Mrs. HARRISON and Mrs. CLEVELAND. The objection that these ladies are free from the compulsions to rigid economy is insufficient. Some widows of ex-Presidents have needed such provision, and it is a good precedent to set. Besides, it is a pension of honor, not merely to relieve necessities. But why does the committee object to pensioning the retired Commanders in Chief of the Army and Navy, as Rear Admirals are pensioned?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Mr. Wright Answers His Critics.

In his latest statement of the position taken by himself and his brother as regards other aviators WILBUR WRIGHT shows that he is more sensitive than most people had supposed to public criticism based on the impression that the brothers, for purely financial reasons are trying to maintain a monopoly injurious to the development of aerial navigation. To meet this charge Mr. WRIGHT carefully explained that he had done nothing except what the law compels him to do if he is to retain any ownership at all in his invention, and emphasized the fact that he had restrained the activities only of aviators who, using machines that infringed his patents, had refused to pay him reasonable fees for a license to use them.

The reality of the infringement is, indeed, denied by his rivals, but the denials are considerably more loud than convincing. Of course, nobody with a flying machine which does not utilize the Wright devices, especially those by which steering is accomplished, need fear court proceedings in this country or abroad. For any unjustifiable interference they can easily recover adequate compensation, since the Wrights and their backers are persons from whom judgments, if secured, can be collected. That flying is a business, not a sport, with the brothers has been apparent from the beginning, but, as WILBUR WRIGHT says, his would-be competitors have at least as keen an eye on the main chance as he. The giving of exhibition flights for big prices is not either so dignified or so sportsmanlike as to warrant denunciations of "commercialism" in others, and it is not especially well calculated to advance the art of aviation.

It is a highly significant fact that, until the WRIGHTS succeeded, all attempts at flight with heavier-than-air machines were dismal failures, but since they showed that the thing could be done everybody seems able to do it. The almost inevitable conclusion is that there are essential similarities in all the successful machines—in other words, that there is something in the theory of infringement.

Mr. WRIGHT says that he would have been glad to sell his patents to the Government, which could have given them to the world if it chose, but it manifested no inclination to purchase. Congress did make one such gift—that of Babbitt metal—but the utility of flying machines was hardly obvious enough to warrant any large expenditure of public money.

Pugilism and Gentility.

"Cashel Byron's Profession" is a book that can be brought forward in proof that, in the opinion of no less eminent judge of the proprieties than GEORGE BERNARD SHAW, a prizefighter is, or at least may be, both intelligent and decent, with a more than colorable claim to the title of "gentleman." That book was written a good many years ago, however, and though Mr. SHAW has recently worked over into metrical form many of the ideas it contained, it might not have been safe for "Battling" NELSON, in his suit against a Philadelphia hotel for refusing to accept him as a guest, to have called upon Mr. SHAW for testimony in support of the contention that pugilism is not incompatible with gentlemanliness.

Anyhow, Mr. NELSON didn't do it, but relied upon a vigorous assertion of his own belief as to that compatibility. "I am," he declared, "as much a gentleman as any one that walks." That is going pretty far. To put the truth of the statement beyond fair question, Mr. NELSON should have said, "I am as much a gentleman as any one who walks—and makes public assertion that he is as much a gentleman as any one who walks." Real gentlemen, some people think, do not use the word "gentleman" nearly as often as do those who are not real gentlemen, and the application of it to themselves they carefully leave to others. This modest abstention, however, is a good deal a matter of custom, largely determined by time and geography, and many very noble gentlemen have not hesitated to speak of themselves, when due occasion arose, as what they undoubtedly were.

That much of authority, therefore, Mr. NELSON has for his claim, but he hardly vindicated it by boasting, as he did, that he had $250,000 worth of real estate and had written his own biography. Of course, neither is in itself ungentlemanly, any more than either is gentlemanly; both are irrelevant. Our own impression—open, naturally, to correction and exception—is that it is not characteristic of gentlemen to make a living in the prize ring. Whether those who do it should or should not be excluded from Philadelphia hotels is a question for other decision than ours, but, however it may be as to this or that exponent of pugilism, we should imagine that the managers of hotels of the best kind would be at least reluctant to have their houses constantly and densely thronged by the more enthusiastic admirers of prize-ring heroes. Perhaps that is why the gentlemanly Mr. NELSON was put out or kept out, whichever it was. Anyhow, he got no sympathy from the jury, which brought in a verdict against him.

The Racing Issue Clarified.

After carefully reading the arguments made in Albany against the Agnew-Perkins Anti-Gambling bill, one gets a strong impression that its chief fault in the eyes of its opponents, the real reason why they oppose its passage, is that it would do what the existing law was expected to do—render bookmaking impossible.

The speakers proclaimed an agonizing fear lest the amended statute should interfere with the precious and inalienable right to make little bets between man and man, but underlying this apprehension, so creditable to head and heart alike, there could be glimpsed another anxiety. While "bookmaking" means a particular method of conducting the business of professional gambling, all is well, these orators say, in effect, but all is wrong as soon as the professional gambling and not the particular method is attacked.

There the case stands before the Legislature, and it must decide which of the two things it wants to stop. There is no question at all as to what the Governor and the general public have determined to put an end to, sooner or later.

CONCERTS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.

Miss Post Explains Their Aims in Cultivating Musical Taste.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES this morning a misleading article was published regarding the concert given at the Hudson Theatre on March 28, at which Mme. Sembrich, M. Gilibert, and the choir of the Musical Art Society appeared. It is best answered by the following statement:

Twelve years ago Frank Damrosch and I organized the Symphony Concerts for Young People for the purpose of teaching young people and children to listen intelligently to music, of cultivating their taste, and of enabling them to gain a clearer insight into and a fuller appreciation of the works of great composers. Brief explanations by Mr. Damrosch preceded each programme. Six concerts have been given annually with large audiences; at each concert 1,500 teachers and scholars from the public schools have obtained tickets at half price—25 and 50 cents. A large and interesting portion of the audience consists of music teachers who bring groups of their pupils. In attesting the value of these concerts the press has said: "They are enlarging steadily and surely the musical constituency of New York and broadening the field of musical activity"; "This educational enterprise, bravely begun, has now a large and vital place among the artistic institutions of the metropolis." The association is not incorporated, has no founders, guarantors, or Directors, and the deficit which has faced it at the end of almost every season has been met from time to time by generous donations from well-known men and women who believe with us that music is the form of art which enters most deeply into our civilized life, and whose influence is greatest in developing the love of beauty and poetry. At the beginning of each season faith has been our principal asset.

It is seventeen years since the Musical Art Society was organized, during which time I have been its Secretary. The day is approaching when it will be necessary for the society to have a salaried Secretary and manager, for which extra expense a small endowment fund will be needed.

To form the nucleus of this endowment fund and to meet last season's deficit of the Symphony Concerts for Young People the net proceeds from the concert on March 28 were to be devoted. This concert was not presented as a charitable affair; people were not asked to take tickets; simply an unusual combination of artists and an extremely interesting programme were offered to the musical public.

Mme. Sembrich, through her friendship for me, knowing my love and interest in these organizations, graciously offered to sing. The choir of the Musical Art Society was asked by Mr. Damrosch to assist.

LAURA J. POST.

New York, April 7, 1910.

NORMAL GRADUATES.

Publicity of the Percentage Who Qualify as Teachers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a further contribution to a vexing question I submit that quite a number of those Normal graduates who are among the 87 per cent. who succeed in attaining License No. 1 have been examined two, three, even four times. Very often young women who fail at the examiners' hands have been excellent students at the Normal, and a re-examination looks like putting them in jeopardy twice for the same offense, so to speak. A year ago about 30 per cent. failed, this year half as many, and with a little more publicity none will fail, since it is a good deal of an outrage all around to have any fail after a four-year course when practically none fail after the two-year course in training school.

There is considerable gossip going on in school circles about "coaches" who can tell these unlucky young women who fail after the four years just what is lacking in methods and "principles" (these latter changed annually) after a long course under excellent teachers at Normal. The price for the service is large in itself, and very large to young women just out of college. It would be worth inquiring just how many of the successful 87 per cent. had a coach or got one after a failure had made them wise, or perhaps after two failures had made them cynical. Publicity is a great thing, and sweet are the uses of advertising.

ROBERT P. GREEN.

New York, April 7, 1910.

A Question of the Standard.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter of Robert P. Green in to-day's TIMES, advocating higher proficiency in our city grammar schools, is certainly to the point. His contention that the percentage for promotion should be 90 per cent. instead of a far lower percentage is worth considering. New York City has the reputation of having the best schools in the world, but does not turn out the best set of scholars from those schools. From this it appears that something is radically wrong. Is not that something the standard set? HENRY HERBERT LAYBURN.

New York, April 6, 1910.

The Air in Theatres.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Considering the present activity in the way of reform in every direction, it seems strange that the public is so slow to awaken to the need of pure air. We are still infected with blind indifference handed down from an unenlightened ancestry.

Theatres everywhere are crowded nightly with humanity breathing poison which has been inhaled millions of times before.

C. WARDE TRAVER.

New York, April 6, 1910.

"Doing Up" the Romans.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Our distinguished fellow-citizen, Col. Roosevelt, has evidently forgotten the old saying, "When you are in Rome you must do as Romans do." Rather, he is doing them up.

Philadelphia, April 6, 1910. L. C. T.

Vale.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

All will be merry when Del says Val (e) to the Vatican. EVA S. F. ROSSEAU.

New York, April 5, 1910.

THE MUSE OF THE COLONEL.

Dear Colonel, will you please suppress
The spirit of that restlessness
Which keeps you ever on the jump
And all us others on the hump?
I yearn to measure lines of song
Upon you as you move along
Among the ancient dynasties
And modern effete monarchies
And things like those; but, Colonel, say,
When something new comes every day
That calls for action on my lyre
I feel as though I'd split a tire
In my endeavors to maintain
Myself against the constant strain.
So, Colonel, cease your strenuous swing
And give the Muse a chance to sing;
Pray listen to her soft appeal,
And hand her out a squarer deal,
Won't you please?
(Signed) EUTERPE.

Paterson, N. J.

ART MUSEUM ACQUISITIONS.

Rodin's "Pygmalion and Galatea" and Collection of Graeco-Egyptian Portraits

"Pygmalion and Galatea," by Rodin, the gift of Thomas F. Ryan, is one of the interesting acquisitions this month at the Metropolitan Art Museum. The group is not a large one, Galatea, an expression of sweet, meditative wonder on her face, is leaning away from the artist, who sits beside her. The figures rise from the unhewn marble. A bronze water nymph, by B. L. Pratt, is a purchase. A large bronze mortar by Jacopo Sansovino, dated 1544, a fine example of Renaissance bronze casting with the design of the Fall of Troy, is an interesting new purchase, and a fine Spanish altar piece of the fifteenth century, a bequest from William M. Laffan, has been seen in the Museum before, as a loan.

The altar piece is ascribed to the Catalan artist, Jaime Vergos II., whose work is of the latter part of the fifteenth century. It is in six panels, the larger upper part showing scenes from the Passion, while below are the heads of saints in medallion. Brilliant blues and reds are abundantly used in the scenes with much gold, and the panels are outlined in Gothic designs in gold.

In a fine state of preservation is a collection of Graeco-Egyptian portraits, examples of the ancient encaustic work, painting in wax. The portraits are painted on thin panels of wood, and were inserted in the mummy case over the face. Taken from the tombs now that they have been cleaned and the panels slightly repaired, they have a wonderfully vivid freshness. The colors in these portraits were mixed with the molten wax and applied in a fluid condition, the finer lines being put in with a brush.

There is an interesting Persian prayer carpet of needlework, (patchwork,) the designed appliqued, and two antique Chinese tapestries, presented by Thomas E. Kirby, are unusual and beautiful. Six Persian tiles, with inscriptions upon them, from Messopotamia, are the gift of Otto Kahn, and a collection of more than thirty drawings are of the English, Dutch, French, and Italian schools. A collection of Sheffield plate was the property of the Viscountess Wolseley, and was purchased by the Museum. There are several new pictures among other things. The Whistler collection is being visited by large numbers of people, it being estimated that 10,000 visitors see the pictures on Sundays. There are reproductions of several of the Whistler paintings in the Museum Bulletin for April. The big Frans Hals, recently loaned by Otto Kahn, is also visited by crowds.

WOULD EXTEND TWO AVENUES.

Estimate Committee to Consider Proposals for Sixth and Seventh Avenues.

Four different plans for the extension of Sixth and Seventh Avenues to the south have been put before the committee of the Board of Estimate appointed to consider them. The members of this committee, Controller Prendergast, President Mitchel of the Aldermen, and Borough President McAneny of Manhattan, are so busy that they cannot give time for a hearing in regular business hours. They have decided on a night hearing, to be held next Tuesday at 8 o'clock.

Project A, which has behind it a property owners' petition, suggests the extension of Sixth Avenue in a straight line to Varick Street, and of Seventh Avenue to the intersection of Carmine and Varick Streets. The extensions would be 100 feet wide, and Varick Street would also be widened on its easterly side to the same extent between Carmine and Franklin Streets.

Project B is proposed by the City Improvement Commission. It contemplates cutting Sixth Avenue in a southwesterly direction from its present extremity to Chambers and West Streets, and cutting Seventh Avenue parallel to the Sixth Avenue extension to Canal and West Streets. Varick Street would be extended from Christopher Street to West Broadway, and Christopher Street would be widened between Greenwich Street and Greenwich Avenue.

Project C emanates from the Municipal Art Society, and has not been worked out in detail. It provides for the widening of Carmine Street on the north side, and the continuation of Varick Street north, and of Seventh Avenue south till they intersect.

Project D has been put forward to include all the best features of the other plans. It provides for an extension of Seventh Avenue to the south from Greenwich Avenue to the intersection of Carmine and Varick Streets, the widening of Christopher Street on the south, between Greenwich Street and Greenwich Avenue; the widening of Carmine Street on the north, between Sixth Avenue and Varick Street; the widening of Varick Street on the east, between Carmine and Canal Streets, and the widening of Vestry Street on the north, between Varick and West Streets.

The estimated cost of these projects is: Project A, $8,373,000; Project B, $16,926,000; Project C, $3,798,000, and Project D, $7,316,000.

NEW RULES AT COLUMBIA.

Students Devise a Plan for More Even Distribution of Class Honors.

After much discussion the Student Board of Representatives of Columbia University adopted yesterday a system by which it is hoped the control of student affairs will be taken out of the hands of a small body of students and the offices more widely distributed.

By this system all student activities are divided into two groups, and no student holding office in one will be eligible for office in the other. The first group includes the manager of any athletic team, Captain, or assistant manager of a major sport, editor, or business manager of The Spectator or Columbian, and show manager. No student may hold more than one of these offices.

In the second group two offices may be filled by one person providing he does not occupy an office in the first division. The second group includes Captain of a minor sport team, editor, and manager of The Jester and Monthly, Presidents of literary societies, the Debating Union and Kings Crown, and managers of musical clubs.

A member of the Student Board said last night that the "point system" is in force at Harvard, but that it is confined to athletics. The Barnard College girls have a point system similar to that which the Columbia boys propose to adopt.

Before becoming effective the student body will have to ratify the "point system" at a general election on April 27, 28, and 29

OFFERS PRIZES FOR DESIGN.

American Red Cross Opens a Competition for the Best Christmas Seal.

The American Red Cross is offering thirteen cash prizes for the best design for its 1910 Christmas seal. The first prize is $100, the second $50, the third $25, and the remaining ten are $10 each.

Any person may submit a design, but it must not be in more than three applied colors. Two applied colors are preferable. The design must contain the words, "American Red Cross, 1910. Merry Christmas. Happy New Year," and it must include the Red Cross emblem displayed prominently.

The competition will close May 15. Designs should be submitted to Charles L. Magee, Secretary of the American Red Cross, War Department, Washington, D. C.

AGAINST INCOME TAX PLAN.

Legislative Committee in Massachusetts Divides on Party Lines.

BOSTON, April 7.—The proposed income tax amendment to the Federal Constitution was voted down by the Legislative Committee on Federal Relations to-day by a vote of 11 to 4. It was supported by the Democratic members of the committee.

The amendment was submitted to the Legislature by the Governor early in the session. The committee gave three weeks of public hearings, but these were noteworthy for the few men of distinction who appeared either for or against the measure.

WILL WEED OUT FAKE VETERANS

Mayor to Disregard Those Who Became Firemen to Benefit by Charter.

THEY HAVE NO FIXED STATUS

Gaynor Hears Water Commissioner Has 133 Veterans of This Class from Richmond County.

Mayor Gaynor announced yesterday his policy toward the veterans in the city service. He declared that every protection should be granted to all bona fide war veterans, but pointed out that there are a number of men who entered the Volunteer Fire Department of Staten Island just before consolidation merely to obtain the privileges of veterans, and declares that no consideration will be extended to them.

The letter, in which this policy was outlined, was called forth by a communication from Commissioner Henry S. Thompson of the Department of Water Supply, in which he recounted a great saving of expense, but said he was handicapped in his reorganization plans by the number of veterans he had to care for. He gave the numbers of these as—Civil war veterans, 176; Spanish-American war, 21; Volunteer Firemen, 212, and Volunteer Firemen of Staten Island, 133, making a total of 542.

The Mayor sent this reply:

Office of the Mayor,
April 7, 1910.

Sir: Your favors of April 6 and 7, showing the reductions you have made in your department, the increased revenue from water collections, and the difficulties you are under on account of having 542 veterans on your roll, are at hand. The preference which the law gives to veterans of the civil war we must scrupulously observe. There are also veteran firemen, made such on account of long service as volunteer firemen, who are also entitled to protection. But there are a lot of so-called veteran firemen who are not veteran firemen at all, but have got the title by fraud.

Please do not regard them as entitled to any fixed status in your department, whatever. Your letter shows that there are 133 so-called veteran firemen from Richmond County in your department. They are probably all, or nearly all, men who went over to Richmond County from all parts of Brooklyn and old New York City just before the new city was formed, and joined a fire company in Richmond County, in order to get status as veteran firemen. They did not move to Richmond County, and they joined the company over there for the fraudulent purpose of getting the immunities of veteran firemen. The courts have already in two instances decided that they are not veteran firemen. Very truly yours,

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Henry S. Thompson, Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity.

The Commissioner reported to the Mayor that by reorganization of the engineering bureau of the Department of Water Supply he had been able to effect a saving of $256,756 a year in the payrools. He has concentrated the management under one head instead of under four Chief Engineers, and can therefore dispense with $937,504, the major part of several bond issues, already authorized, and at the same time obtain for the boroughs a higher grade of engineering supervision.

Mr. Thompson has also substituted a well-defined plan for the development of the Brooklyn water supply which will afford an annual saving of $90,000 in maintenance and operation over the plan previously adopted. The reorganization of the Water Register's department in Manhattan, he reports, which involved the increase of certain salaries and the elimination of the lower grade clerks, has resulted in an increase on the water revenue collected. He gives these figures to show this:

	1909.	1910.
January	$458,977.92	$369,215.06
February	307,897.41	429,556.15
March	229,696.54	549,780.07

Moreover, Commissioner Thompson says that on Jan. 1 about one-half of the meter accounts had not been billed for a year or six months, but now the work has been practically brought up to date. Then he says:

"We have started an investigation in the Borough of Queens, and have found a most deplorable situation in that borough."

WALDO SEES GAYNOR.

Who Likes His Fire Commissioner, but Is Not Expected to Displace Baker.

Fire Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo was a morning caller on Mayor Gaynor yesterday, and with his coming rumors that he was to succeed William F. Baker as Police Commissioner, and that Frederick Bugher, the First Deputy Police Commissioner, was to become head of the Fire Department, became current.

It is common talk about City Hall that the Mayor is pleased with the way Mr. Waldo has handled the Fire Department, particularly in the elimination of unnecessary expenses in its administration, but it is also generally understood there that Police Commissioner Baker is likely to stay, for the present at any rate. There is, in fact, every reason to believe that no present changes are contemplated in the Police Department so far as its executive heads are concerned.

Mr. Waldo came out of the Mayor's office yesterday morning wearing his well-known smile, and he continued to smile when bombarded with questions as to the probability of his becoming Police Commissioner. He did not say a word that could be taken as an indication of what he and the Mayor had talked about. The Mayor also smiled when interviewed, but had nothing to say about Mr. Waldo's visit.

As indicating how well informed the Mayor is concerning what goes on in the Police Department, it became known yesterday that a few days ago the Mayor was informed that the Thedford garage, at 316 West Ninety-sixth Street, was frequented by policemen on post in that vicinity, and was used both as a sleeping and a loitering place.

A Lieutenant and a Sergeant were sent to investigate the report. Presently they found Policeman Millard Blake off post in the place, chatting pleasantly with the chauffeurs. He was ordered back to duty.

Soon a second policeman, Andrew McLaughlin, was seen to enter the saloon at 330 East Ninety-sixth Street. He was sent back to duty also. Next, at West End Avenue and Ninety-sixth Street, Policeman Jeremiah Sullivan was found two blocks distant from his post. In a Broadway restaurant not far from Ninety-sixth Street three other policemen were seen, but they got away without being identified.

Charges were preferred against Blake, McLaughlin, and Sullivan yesterday, and they will be brought to trial early next week.

PREPARE FOR CHURCH FIGHT

Massachusetts Episcopalians Will Contest Open Pulpit in Convention.

BOSTON, April 7.—In the expectation that the long-standing "open pulpit" controversy would be thrust upon the Triennial General Convention of the Episcopal Church, which meets at Cincinnati this year, conservative churchmen of the Diocese of Massachusetts, who are opposed to the appearance of non-Episcopalians in the pulpits of the denomination, have nominated a list of delegates in opposition to the greater portion of a ticket recently agreed upon at a conference of broad church leaders held at the diocesan house on March 29.

The diocesan house conference nominated the Rev. Dr. Alexander Mann of Boston, formerly of Orange, N. J.; the Rev. Dr. Henry S. Nash of Cambridge, the Rev. D. D. Addison of Brookline, the Rev. Dr. Endicott Peabody of Groton, Charles G. Saunders of Lawrence, William V. Kellar, Henry M. Lovering, and James J. Greenough of Boston.

The opposition has nominated the Rev. Dr. William H. Van Allen of Boston, formerly of Elmira, N. Y.; the Rev. Dr. William G. Taylor of Southboro, the Rev. Leonard K. Storrs of Brookline, William A. Hayes, and George P. Gardner of Boston. The Rev. Dr. Mann and Mr. Saunders are apparently unopposed.

The election will be held in Boston next Wednesday.

KOEPENICK RAIDER TELLS OF HIS EXPLOIT

Voight, the Cobbler, Who Posed as a Kaiser Guard and Held Up a Treasury, Is Here.

MADE ALL GERMANY LAUGH

Just Did the Job, He Says, to Show the Follies of the Rich—Selling His Pictures Taken in Uniform.

Wilhelm Voight, alias "Capt. Koepenick," the cobbler who made all Germany laugh by masquerading as an army officer, arresting the Mayor of a small town and raiding the municipal treasury, arrived in New York yesterday by way of Canada, and is now retelling to Germans here the story of the adventure which made him famous.

Voight is here on a visit and incidentally, as was made apparent last night, to make money by selling photographs of himself in the uniform of an officer of the Kaiser's Regiment of Guards, the dress he adopted when "commanding the Kaiser's troops."

To the clink of glasses in the Café Bismarck, Sixty-eighth Street and Third Avenue, last night Voight spoke of his trip from Canada. He is a rather tall, well-built, elderly man, with a fringe of gray hair and blue eyes, the twinkle of which tells that he is not without a keen sense of humor.

In his adventure, which landed him in a German prison, he sees no wrong, and declares that he neither expected to benefit from the money obtained in the raid on the treasury nor be lifted from the obscurity of the cobbler's bench. His act, he said, was a protest against the scheme of society which made the follies of the rich the crimes of the poor.

Twice he said he lost his position through intoxication, and then the scheme dawned upon him of impersonating an officer of the Kaiser's regiment. Voigt was a cobbler near Berlin. On Oct. 17, 1906, he obtained a uniform of a Captain of the First Regiment of Guards, stationed in Berlin. He went to the military station at Ploetzensee and ordered a company of guards to accompany him to Koepenick. He marched his little company to the City Hall, explained to the Mayor he was sorry, but must take charge of his person and the city funds.

He arrested the Mayor and appropriated the $1,250 in the city treasury, following the action by discharging his soldiers and making his escape. When eventually he was arrested he was tried and sentenced to a term of imprisonment, from which he was released over a year ago. The German people then began to appreciate the joke on the predominant military spirit in Germany, and when they laughed the world laughed with them.

"I got here on March 17, landing at Halifax," said Capt. Voight. "I visited Detroit and Chicago. I come here simply as a visitor, and expect to remain six weeks. I have a brother-in-law in Dallas, Texas, but I do not believe I will be able to see him. I wanted to see the United States. I do not believe the sensible and the numerously inclined will object to my visit."

Voigt spoke through an interpreter sitting in the dining room of the café. Every one seemed to know him, and frequently he had to stop and bow to new arrivals.

"At the time I became 'Captain of Koepenick' it was not for the money, but I wanted to show the absurdity of the system. Twice I was thrown out of employment because I became drunk, and I said I will imitate those in a higher sphere. I felt I was an abused man and wanted to protest and get even. I was practically brought up near a barracks, and I knew the drill, though I had never served in the army.

"The military was the authority, and what more natural than that I should seek to ape them? I had no idea that my act would be a sensation or that it would raise me above the cobbler's bench."

Voight said that he liked what he had seen of America, and when asked whether he did not think the immigration officials would consider him undesirable alien because he had been convicted and sentenced to serve a term in prison, he said: "I do not see why any one should object to me."

The Captain of Koepenick enthusiastically arose to sing "Wacht am Rhein." Then with uplifted glass he made a speech to those in the café. He declared his loyalty to his country, and with every sentence he was interrupted with applause. When the orchestra started another air he found time to talk again.

Had he seen American soldiers? Yes. And though perhaps lacking in appearance he knew they enjoyed more liberty than the German soldier, and, therefore, exercised more ability to think for themselves.

"In Germany soldiers are taught only to obey orders. I do not see that that is bad if not carried to the extreme. It has helped to make Germany great, for authority must not be despised. The school boy in my country learns this authority—both the right to exercise it and the right to obey it. It helps self-possession and gives coolness at critical times."

Voigt was asked whether he had ever had an interview with the Kaiser since his world-famous adventure.

He laughed and said it was a secret. Finally after some rapid fire talk with the interpreter his remark was translated like this:

"Yes, I saw the Kaiser. He said to me: 'Can you keep mum,' and I said, 'I can.' 'So can I,' replied the Kaiser. That was all he would tell of the interview.

During the evening an aid circulated through the café selling postal cards representing Voight in civilian clothes and as the Captain of Koepenick. The sale was good. Voight was kept busy signing his autograph.

EXILED FOR ARMY FEUD.

Women's Quarrel Sends Col. Williams's Regiment to Isolated Philippine Post.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., April 7.—Because Col. Charles A. Williams, in command of the Twenty-first Infantry, refused to retire, he and the headquarters of the regiment have been transferred to Parang, an out-of-the-way and unfrequented military post in a remote part of the Island of Mindanao, according to news received here from Manila. The transfer is said to be the latest development in a feud between Col. Williams and Major Lawrence J. Hearn. Col. Williams feels the isolation keenly, and because of the relegation to this remote point has asked the War Department for a board of inquiry. It is not known that the department will grant this request, which threatens to drag a large part of the army at present stationed in the Philippine Islands into unpleasant notoriety.

The feud started three years ago when the regiment was at Fort Logan. Mrs. Hearn, it was said, snubbed Mrs. Williams, and the Colonel and the Major quarreled bitterly. When ordered to the Philippines last September, Col. Williams placed Major Hearn in irons for drunkenness on the voyage. At Manila the Major was exonerated, and Brig. Gen. Duvall and Brig. Gen. Pershing asked Col. Williams to retire. He refused, and his banishment to Parang followed.

CONTEST FOR IOWA GOVERNOR

Ex-Lieut. Gov. Grast Announces Himself as a Progressive Candidate.

DES MOINES, Iowa, April 7.—The political surprise of the year in Iowa came today when Warren Grast of Coon Rapids, Iowa, Lieutenant Governor in the last term of Senator Cummins as Governor, announced himself as Progressive candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor.

He will oppose Gov. B. F. Carroll.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The infant son of Dr. George A. Lung and Mrs. Lung (Miss Helen de Peyster) will be christened to-day in St. Bartholomew's Church. He will be named George Augustus for his father. He is a grandson of Mrs. Frederic J. de Peyster.

Mrs. Oliver Harriman left town yesterday for the South, chaperoning a party of young girls, including the Misses Carol Harriman, Evelyn Spencer Witherbee, and Agnes and Cornelia Langdon.

Miss Catherine Hamersley of 1,030 Fifth Avenue will pass most of the Summer at Tarrytown, where she will go early in May. Part of August will be spent by Miss Hamersley with Mrs. Charles D. Stickney at Bar Harbor.

George Newell Griffith of London, who is to be one of the ushers at the Drexel-Gould wedding, is due to arrive to-day. He will be at the St. Regis.

Miss Leary will give a dinner this evening for Lady Paget.

Mrs. Vanderbilt will give a dinner to-morrow evening.

Miss Mary C. Bishop gave a small dinner last evening at her residence in East Eighty-fourth Street.

Mrs. Edward McCall, the Misses Constance and Ella McCall, and Miss Varvara Pupin have left Paris and are now in London. They spent Easter week in Rome.

Miss Mary Helen Carlisle gave a farewell tea yesterday afternoon at her studio, 147 East Fortieth Street, for Forbes Robertson. Miss Constance Collier, Savage Landor, and Miss Sevening were among the guests.

Leverett Saltonstall will entertain this evening with a dinner at the Plaza.

Mrs. A. G. McDonald of Sands Point, L. I., is stopping at the Hotel Wolcott for a few days.

Among those who are to be waitresses at the supper to be served after "Milenka" next week at the Waldorf-Astoria are the Misses Rosalie Smith, Katharine Harris, Elise Holmes, Ruth Ashmore, Vera Onativia, Mary Wilde, Florence Rand, Alice Demorest, Marion Graham, Madeline O'Brien, Margaret and Madeleine Smith, Mrs. Richard Stevens, and Miss Outerbridge. Miss Constable is to be the cashier.

Prof. H. Fairfield Osborn and Mrs. Osborn and Miss Josephine Osborn have returned from California and are at their residence, 850 Madison Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman are stopping at the Plaza for a month before going to Greenwich for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis S. Paine have just returned from Palm Beach, where they spent most of the Winter.

Sir George and Lady Cooper arrived yesterday from Chicago and are stopping at the Plaza until they sail for Europe in a fortnight.

JAMES McMAHON AGAIN WEDS.

Ex-President of Emigrant Savings Bank Marries Sister of Second Wife.

James McMahon, a prominent Catholic layman of Brooklyn, was married for the third time yesterday. His bride was Miss Mary Helena Devereaux, a sister of his second wife. Since the death of her sister last Summer she had been the housekeeper at the McMahon home, 87 McDonough Street. She is 50 years old, while Mr. McMahon is 78 years old. The marriage ceremony was performed in St. John's Chapel, Bishop Charles E. McDonnell, the head of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Brooklyn, officiating. Mr. and Mrs. McMahon are spending their honeymoon in Atlantic City.

Mr. McMahon was for many years President of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, Manhattan, retiring four years ago. He was the founder of the Easton-McMahon Transportation Company, and is a Director in many financial and charitable institutions. He was one of the Committee of Nine which placed William J. Gaynor in nomination for Mayor.

J. A. DIX TO BE BRIDEGROOM.

Son of Late Rector of Trinity to Marry Miss Sophie W. Townsend.

The engagement is announced of Miss Sophie W. Townsend, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Townsend, to John A. Dix, the only son of the late Rev. Dr. Morgan Dix, rector of Trinity Parish, and Mrs. Dix.

Miss Townsend, who came out about two years ago, is the only daughter of Mr. Townsend by his first wife, who was Miss Sophia Dickey. She died many years ago, and later he married Miss Anne L. Langdon. Miss Townsend is a granddaughter of Mrs. Howard Townsend, who was Miss Justine Van Rensselaer, and is a niece of Charles D. Dickey.

Mr. Dix is a grandson of the war Governor of New York, John Adams Dix, for whom he was named. Through his mother he descends from the Souther family of Virginia. He was graduated from Harvard in 1902 and is a member of the Union, University, Riding, and Automobile Clubs, and also of the Sons of the Revolution and the Society of the War of 1812. He is a brother of Miss Margaret W. Dix, whose engagement to Charles Lanier Lawrance was announced in Tuesday's TIMES, and of Mrs. William H. Wheelock, who was Miss Catharine Morgan Dix.

No date has yet been set for the wedding.

ROOSEVELT, JR.'S WEDDING.

To be Held on June 20 in Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church.

The date of the wedding of Miss Eleanor Alexander, only daughter of Mrs. Henry Addison Alexander, to Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., has been set for June 20 in the afternoon, the hour not yet having been decided upon.

The ceremony will take place in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church. The reception, which is to be given by the bride's mother, will take place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Alexander, 4 West Fifty-eighth Street. It is to be a large reception, and the spacious town house of the C. B. Alexanders, with its large ballroom, has been offered by them, as Mrs. Alexander's city home is too small for a large affair.

None of the other details of the wedding has been decided upon, and none of the attendants has been selected.

The ex-President and Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Roosevelt will have returned to this country before June 20, and it was not until the date of Col. Roosevelt's return was known that the date of the wedding could be fixed.

LIEUT. C. L. CORBIN TO WED.

Nephew of Late Gen. Corbin to Marry Miss Emaline A. Sweeny.

The engagement is announced of Miss Emaline Agnes Sweeny, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sweeny of Spokane, Washington, to Lieut. Clifford Lee Corbin, a nephew of the late Gen. Henry C. Corbin, will take place on Tuesday afternoon, April 12, at 5 o'clock at the Apthorp Apartments, Broadway and Seventy-eighth Street, where Mr. and Mrs. Sweeny and their daughter have been stopping.

Miss Margaretta Morse of Washington, D. C., will be the bride's maid of honor, and her bridesmaids will be the Misses Irene Daly of Baltimore and Elizabeth Stewart of this city.

Lieut. Lloyd B. Magruder will be Mr. Corbin's best man and his ushers are to be Lieut. Richard J. Herman and Lieut. Rolland W. Case. Mr. Corbin, who is a son of Dr. Lee Corbin and Mrs. Corbin of Dayton, Ohio, is a Lieutenant of Artillery, stationed at Fort McHenry, Baltimore. The couple took out a marriage license yesterday at City Hall.

HITE—TILLINGHAST.

The marriage of Miss Grace Tillinghast, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ray Clarke Tillinghast, and Earle Phipps Hite took place yesterday afternoon in the Fourth Presbyterian Church, the Rev. George H. Hite of White Plains, father of the bridegroom, officiating, assisted by the church rector, the Rev. Edgar W. Work. Miss Tillinghast was attended by the Misses Harriet G. Burns, Lola Erbeck, Gladys Patten, Amy Conklin, and Grace Allen. George H. Hite, Jr., was his brother's best man, and the ushers were William E. Condit, Alonzo E. Adams, W. H. Lyon, and Charles E. Munch. There was no reception.

VAN VALKENBURG—MEYN.

Heinrich Meyn announces the engagement of his sister, Miss Thusnelda Meyn, to Carlton van Valkenburg of this city.

ROSS—MARTIN.

Mr. and Mrs. Vereker Ross announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Alvina Mary Ross, to Herbert Lounsbury Martin.

OPERA STARS ARE LEAVING OUR SHORES

Mme. Mazarin and Devries, Renaud and Huberdeau Sail on the Lorraine.

MARY GARDEN TO FOLLOW

Will Appear in "Salome" at Paris Opera Soon After She Lands—Hammerstein Sails Next Week.

As the real songbirds are returning to New York from the South the opera songbirds, as is usual at this time of year, are beginning to flit across the ocean. Several of them have already gone and every boat which leaves this port from now on during the next two months will carry more of them.

Yesterday Mme. Mazarin and Messrs. Devries, Renaud, Huberdeau, and de la Fuente sailed on La Lorraine. Mme. Mazarin intends to rest during the Summer. Mr. Renaud may sing a few performances at the Paris Opéra in the Fall, but he will not be heard there at présent, as he desires to rest.

Mme. Delna was one of the first singers to sail. She has gone back to Paris, where she is to sing at the Gaité. Mr. Dalmorès made a sudden departure last week. He is to sing Julien, in "Louise," at Covent Garden, and will be heard in various German cities. Mme. Cavalieri sailed directly after the Manhattan opera season had closed. She is to appear with the Metropolitan Opera Company in Paris in May at the Chatelet in Puccini's "Manon Lescault," in which Mr. Caruso is to sing the tenor part.

To-morrow on the Adriatic Miss Garden, Mme. Dorla, and Mr. Coini have booked passages. Miss Garden is to make her reappearance at the Paris Opera almost directly after she lands, in "Salome," which will be produced for the first time in French in Paris. Six performances have been given there in German.

Mr. Dufranne, also of the Manhattan company, is to appear as Jokanaan in this production. After she has finished her engagement at the Opéra, Miss Garden will rest, partly in Paris at her home in the Avenue Malakoff, and partly at Summer watering places.

Next week Mr. Hammerstein sails, and if one can judge by the look of his face these days, he will return with several novelties. Mme. Tetrazzini has not yet decided what boat she will take. Orville Harrold and several of the other singers are at present on a concert tour under the personal charge of William Guard.

Few members of the Metropolitan Company have gone as yet. Mme. Delna has departed, and so have the Russian dancers Pavlowa and Mordkin, and the German tenor, Mr. Burrian. The Russian dancers will appear in London during the next two months, then in Paris, then back in London, and finally in St. Petersburg before returning to America.

Most of the Metropolitan Opera Company is now on tour and will be for the next month. The greater number of these singers will depart on May 10 on Kaiser Wilhelm II. Those already booked on this boat are Mmes. Destinn, Farrar, Gadski, Fremstad, Homer, and Aldrich, and Messrs. Caruso, Dippel, Scotti, Amato, Goritz, Martin, and Hertz.

Mme. Destinn goes to London to sing at the Covent Garden season, as does Mr. Martin. Miss Farrar and Mr. Scotti are to sing a "guest" engagement at the Opéra Comique, during which time they will be heard in an Italian production of "Tosca."

Mme. Fremstad and Messrs. Caruso and Amato will sing in the Paris season of the Metropolitan Company at the Chatelet.

Mr. Toscanini, who will conduct the operas of this Paris season, will sail toward the end of April. Mme. Noria, who leaves to-day for Pittsburg, will sail on La Provence on May 19.

Mr. Bonci goes to Havana for a season of concerts with Miss Gluck, and he will sail on May 17 on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. Mr. Clement sails on La Lorraine on May 5.

Mr. and Mrs. Gatti-Casazza will sail on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie on April 26. On May 3, on the Potsdam, will be Mmes. Hidalgo and Alten and Messrs. Soomer and Jadlowker.

Mr. Coppicus has arranged concert appearances for several of the singers in Washington at the close of the tour. Those who will appear there are Mmes. Fremstad, Nielsen, and Flahaut, and Messrs. Clément and de Segurola. The Italian chorus which will sing in Paris sails on the Chicago on May 2.

JOHN BROWN, CONTROLLER.

Metropolitan Opera Directors Settle Question of Business Manager.

The heads of the variqus departments of the Metropolitan Opera House received notice yesterday that next season John Brown would be invested with the title of Business Controller of the Metropolitan Opera Company, with absolute power. Mr. Brown will make weekly reports to the Board of Directors of the company.

This settles the question of "Business Manager," which has been hanging fire for some time. During the past season Mr. Brown has been Associate Secretary of the company and has had control of the business details of the opera company, both at the Metropolitan and The New Theatre. His courtesy and his serious business methods have succeeded in making friends for him on every hand.

Princeton Students In Musical Play.

The Triangle Club of Princeton University will give performances of "His Honor the Sultan" at the Hotel Astor to-morrow afternoon and evening, to conclude a long tour made as far West as Chicago. The book of the piece was written by Cyrus McCormick, '12, and the music by Eethelbert Paul Nevin, '12. Julian F. Thompson, '11, is author of the lyrics, and will playe the title rôle. The proceeds of the performances will be used toward building a theatre at Princeton.

Shamrock Club to Give Irish Comedy.

The Shamrock Literary Club will give an entertainment at the Lexington Avenue Opera House on April 16, at which an Irish comedy in Gaelic and English, called "The Great Change," ("An tAthrugadh Mor,") and a Gaelic sketch, "The Tinker and the Fairy," will be presented. The Irish school of All Saints' Church will give exhibitions of Irish dancing and singing.

Bernhardt Joins Suffrage League.

At the Comedy Theatre last night a benefit was given for the Joan of Arc Suffrage League, at which most of the members of the league were present. At the end of the second act the President read a cablgram from Sarah Bernhardt in which she accepted honorary membership in the league.

Helene Gordon, Actress, Weds Broker.

Word was received last night of the marriage of Miss Helene Gordon, a sister-in-law of Victor Herbert, the composer, and herself an actress in musical comedies, to Louis Halliday, a broker of New York City. According to a dispatch received from Chicago the marriage took place at Cleveland about two weeks ago, and Mr. and Mrs. Halliday are on their way to Seattle on their honeymoon. Mrs. Halliday has been a member of Ziegfeld's companies for the last three years, and was recently with "The Follies of 1909."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The chorus men of "The Jolly Bachelors" have organized a baseball team under the direction of Harry Lehman, the stage manager of the play, and by next Monday will be ready to receive challenges from other organizations.

The Elks have decided to take part in the Actors' Fund Fair, and will have one of the largest booths in the bazaar. New York Lodge, No. 1, will have charge of the booth through a committee consisting of James J. Armstrong, Harry Leonhart, Edward O'Connor, Charles H. Prince, and Smith O'Brien.

When the children who are to appear in the performance of "Alias Jimmy Valentine" next week arrived for rehearsal yesterday afternoon they discovered that Albert Cowles the stage director, was ill and could not appear. Donald Gallaher, who has been playing Bobby in the piece since it opened, took charge of the rehearsal.

GERMANS ACT A NEW FARCE.

Frau von Neuendorf Celebrates 30th Anniversary of Her Appearance Here.

A new farce, with interpolated songs, was presented at the Irving Place German Theatre last night as a part of the testimonial to Frau Georgine von Januschowsky-Neuendorf, who yesterday celebrated the thirtieth anniversary of her first appearance in New York. The play, "Die Gruenhoerner," is by Hans Kissling-Dobers, the comedian of the Irving Place stock company, and was called on the programme an American character comedy in five acts. The scenes are laid in New York, and the principal characters are Germans, who have come to this country from various parts of the Fatherland. An acquaintanceship with a variety of dialects assisted the auditor in understanding much of the fun. A steamship dock, a cheap music hall, the Bowery, a Police Court, and again the steamship dock were the spots in which the action took place.

Gustav Hartzheim played the part of a Leipsic native, with much money and a simple mind. Frau von Neuendorf had the rôle of his wife, and when she first came on the stage she received an ovation from the audience and the honors of the orchestra. The author of the play, Mr. Dobers, appeared as a Baron from Berlin, Flora Arndt was a lovelorn maid from Vienna, Rudolf Koch an American swindler, with an east side knowledge of German; Lina and Alice Haensler, Tyrolean singers; Else von Bostel, a concert hall singer, and Heinrich Oesfeld, a policeman, whose statement that he did not understand German was belied by his accent. In the second act songs were sung by Lucie Engelke, Else von Bostel, Franziska Kornwachs, and Remy Marsano.

Lots of Acts for the Friars' Frolic.

The Friars' Frolic at the New York Theatre on Sunday night, April 17, will probably contain more acts than there will be time to present, unless the managers adopt the circus scheme of having several going at once. There will be a minstrel first part, with Bert Feibleman and Samuel H. Harris as alternate interlocutors, and J. Fred Zimmerman, Jr., Jack M. Welsh, Ren Shields, Robert Dailey, Lew Dockstader, and Raymond Hitchcock as end men. In the olio that will follow George M. Cohan and Sam H. Harris will do a song and dance, and Jean Schwartz, Mose Gumble, George Spink, and Gus Edwards will present a burlesque called "The Pianobugs." The Lambs will offer one of their satires, and nearly every theatre in town will contribute some novelty.

Rooster on Miss Mayhew's Hat Crows.

Although the "Chantecler" hat of Gertrude Vanderbilt caused some disturbance to the peace of "The Jolly Bachelors" at the Broadway Theatre, Stella Mayhew, in the same play, is wearing a creation of her own and the property man that has not yet aroused any jealousy on the part of another performer. Miss Mayhew chooses to call her hat plain chicken, and she has named its principal decoration Clarence. Clarence is able to sit down, stand up, flap his wings, and crow, which gives him a unique place among the many forms of rooster decorations seen on Broadway and the stage.

THEIR SOUVENIRS TOO COSTLY

Two Passengers Who "Collected" Cunard Property Face Deportation.

Two enthusiastic souvenir collectors will probably be deported by the immigration authorities because of their industry in picking up and stowing away articles on the Cunard liner Pannonia, which brought them to this port.

The men are F. A. Bosa and E. G. Lopez, second-cabin passengers. On the voyage of the vessel from Mediterranean ports a number of small articles were missed. The loss was not great, and the stewards thought the passengers were taking reminders of a pleasant voyage.

When the vessel got here it was found that the two men alone were the collectors and that they had taken more than was at first thought. The customs men, in examining the passengers' baggage, found that the two passengers were carrying away about forty knives, forks, and spoons; three double blankets, and a collection of sheets and ship's linen. The whole collection was appraised as worth some $30.

The immigration officials, not considering the men proper aliens to land without an examination, sent them to Ellis Island.

CONFESSES DARING ROBBERY.

Barenski Played Piano to Drown Victim's Screams.

After a "third degree" grilling James F. Larkin, Inspector of Detectives in Jersey City, succeeded yesterday afternoon in getting Stanislaw Barenski or Bayonne to admit that he helped to bind and gag Mrs. Annie Walsh at 16 Canal Street, Jersey City, and then rob her flat of $1,000. Barenski said he and the other man overpowered Mrs. Walsh, bound and gagged her, and then he played the piano to make people think that she was playing.

His companion, he said, told Mrs. Walsh to stop her noise. "If you don't I'll murder you," was the man's threat, and Barenski said he drew a knife from his pocket. For his part in the robbery, he said, the other gave him a silver watch, three gold stud buttons, a gold ring, a pair of opal earrings, and $2. The jewelry was found in his home at Bayonne, where he was arrested. The police are looking for his companion.

DENIES MURDER CONFESSION.

Prisoner Says He Was Forced Into Falsehood by the "Third Degree."

Stephen Boehm, on trial before Judge Crain, in General Sessions, for murder in the first degree, took the stand yesterday and denied the confession he made to Capt. Carey and a group of policemen at the time of his arrest. It was the third degree, he said, that had forced out of him a false admission that he killed Jacob Volz at 169 East Eighty-seventh Street on Dec. 27.

According to his story, he was kept for hours at Headquarters without food or water; that he was roughly handled, and finally so cowed that he was ready to listen to their insistence that he admit the crime. They told me that it wouldn't amount to more than a few weeks in prison, and that afterward I would be well paid for my trouble."

KEYSTONE DEMOCRATS UNITE.

Harmony Meeting Makes Plans to Strengthen the State Organization.

HARRISBURG, Penn., April 7.—Scores of Democrats, including most of the party leaders in Pennsylvania, attended the State Committee's harmony conference here to-day, and after listening to speeches by Congressmen and others adopted a resolution to raise $20,000 to perfect the organization in every county in the State.

The State Executive Committee held a meeting after the conference and decided to hold the State Convention at Allentown on June 15. No action was taken regarding a ticket or fusion, but the general sentiment appeared to be against anything but a straight Democratic ticket.

AFTERNOON Costumes of exquisite design made from models of our exclusive importation.

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Custom Tailors to Women
32 WEST THIRTY-SECOND STREET 32

JASPER AT LAST FINDS A FATHER

Little Brooklyn Waif Tried Many Homes, but All Objected to Freckles.

HE'S AFRAID IT WON'T LAST

Every Time a Visitor Calls He Thinks He's to Go Back to the Asylum—New Parents Won't Give Him Up.

Jasper R., the little boy who couldn't be adopted because he had freckles, has finally found a home where they say he is "just the kind of boy we've been looking for." Jasper R., readers of THE TIMES may remember, is the small lad from an institution in Portland, Me., whom six people near New York agreed to adopt on seeing his photograph.

When the boy appeared after a Summer on a farm, his small nose was decorated with freckles, and all the six prospective homes refused to have him.

After the story of Jasper's troubles was told in THE TIMES several other offers were received, but all the families with a liking for freckles already had several boys and girls of their own, so that an addition to the household would have been a serious problem. Then a wealthy woman offered to pay Jasper's expenses until a home could be found for him. Accordingly, instead of having to send Jasper back to the institution in Portland, his guardian in this city has been going through the lists of those who have signified their interest in the child-placing work.

In this way Jasper's new foster parents were found, who, after a trial visit, expressed their entire satisfaction. The boy's freckles, it is expected, will not fade this Summer, for while Jasper will go to school in Brooklyn in the Winter, the rest of his life will be spent on a farm in Connecticut.

Jasper is very happy, except for one thing. He is afraid it won't last. Every time a visitor calls on his new mother he fears it is some one to take him back to the asylum. The other day he was dressed in his Sunday best, to be displayed to some friends of his adopted parents. Jasper was very proud of his fine new clothes, but the minute the door bell rang the old fear overcame him, and he disappeared down the back stairs. Jasper's new parents, though, have no intention of giving him up to any one.

PLAYED WITH DYNAMITE.

Boys Threw Sticks Stolen Long Ago and Hidden on Golf Course.

The discovery of seventeen sticks of dynamite yesterday under a bridge on the grounds of the Essex County Golf Club solves the disappearance of the explosive which led to the reports of a plot to blow up the hat factories here. It was in the early stages of the hat strike. The dynamite was stolen from the trap rock quarry of the Spottiswoode-Cusack Company.

No one connected with that concern could identify the stuff found yesterday and the police, who had taken it in charge, turned it over to a contractor, who said he would use it if it could be used. The find was made by two caddies on the golf links who were looking for a golf ball. They did not know what it was and were tossing the sticks about with unconcern when Edward Connors of Orange, who knows something about explosives, happened along and recognized the substance. He told the lads what it was and they quickly stopped playing with it.

Students Study Benguiat Collection.

A large class of students from the New York School of Applied Design for Women, chaperoned by their teachers, visited the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries, Silo Building, yesterday afternoon, to study the Oriental rugs, tapestries, appliques, and embroideries of the Benjamin Benguiat collection now on view there. Among the day's visitors were Mr. Breck of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, who made several selections for its Department of Decorative Art; Archer Huntington, C. B. Alexander, and George B. Wheeler.

Brig. Gen. Eugene B. Payne.

Brig. Gen. Eugene Beauharnais Payne, U. S. V., retired, died at his home in Washington yesterday after a short illness. He was a native of Seneca Falls, N. Y., where he was born on April 15, 1835. He was graduated from the Northwestern University in 1860, and was admitted to the bar in the same year. At the outbreak of the civil war he organized the first company of Union troops in Illinois, with which he served throughout the conflict. Before being mustered out of service he was breveted a Brigadier General. After the war Gen. Payne returned to Illinois, where he was elected a member of the State Legislature. He practiced law for seventeen years, when he was made an officer of the United States Pension Bureau in Washington. He was the author of several volumes dealing with the work in his department.

Obituary Notes.

The Rev. Dr. JOHN CAMERON, Roman Catholic Bishop of Antigonish, N. S., died suddenly in Halifax on Thursday, aged 85.

THOMAS FRANCIS PENNY, certificate clerk for thirty years in the County Clerk's office, died on Tuesday at his home, 409 East Eighty-eighth Street.

JAMES W. BROTHERTON, a descendant of an old Quaker family, is dead at his home, in Dover, N. J., of pneumonia. He was born seventy-six years ago in Randolph Township.

MYRON A. McKEE died at Richfield Springs, N. Y., yesterday, after an illness of only a few hours. Mr. McKee was a banker, and formerly was a member of the Assembly.

JOSEPH STURTEVANT, a scout famous throughout the Western country as "Rocky Mountain Joe," was found dead near an interurban railroad track in Boulder, Col., yesterday.

The Rev. PETER S. DAVIES, a Congregational preacher, formerly of Pittsburg, Penn., and missionary for many years in Japan, died in Pueblo, Col., yesterday. He was 75 years old.

WILLIAM HYAMS, a retired real estate dealer, died at his home at 118 West Eighty-sixth Street yesterday, after a short illness. He was born abroad about seventy-two years ago.

KIRK P. CRANDALL, a civil engineer, died in Ithaca, N. Y., yesterday, aged 64 years. He surveyed the Northern Pacific lines through the Dakotas, and engaged in engineering work in the Florida Everglades.

JOHN OAKES, one of the oldest residents of Glen Ridge, N. J., died there yesterday at the home of his son, Thomas Oakes, 20 Ridgewood Avenue. Mr. Oakes was born in Dublin, Ireland, eighty years ago.

Miss MARY ELVIRA HOLT, National Secretary of the Women's Board of Foreign Missions of the Methodist Church, dropped dead yesterday of heart disease in the Home Savings Bank, Boston. She was 63 years old.

Dr. CARL HOFFMANN, Musical Director of the Concordia Singing Society of Gloversville, N. Y., and also Director of German singing societies in Amsterdam and Albany, died in Gloversville yesterday, aged 41 years.

GEORGE H. MURPHY, who was Commissioner of Charities of Kings County from 1889 to 1893, died yesterday at his home, 259 Steuben Street, Brooklyn. He was born in Mystic, Conn., in 1833, and was for a time in business in this city as a manufacturer.

ALFRED KIMBER, a consulting engineer, of 270 West Eighty-sixth Street, died of heart disease yesterday in Roosevelt Hospital, aged 66. He was born in England, and was a graduate of King's College, London. He had a seat on the Stock Exchange for eighteen years, and was Director of many mining companies.

HENRY JOHNSON, a signal engineering expert, is dead at his home in Rahway, N. J., aged 72. He was born in England, and came to this country in 1868. He founded the Johnson Railroad Signal Company in 1888, and the Standard Signal Company in 1896. With his nephew, Charles R. Johnson, he was practically the first man to introduce scientific railroad signaling in this country.

ELIJAH T. HOPKINS, a wealthy resident of White Plains, N. Y., and one of the oldest manufacturers of pickles in the United States, died at his home yesterday. He had an establishment at Fort Plain, N. Y., of 220 acres, where pickles were put up and shipped all over the world. During the Spanish war he had a contract with the Government to furnish pickles to the army and navy. He was also one of the largest real estate operators in White Plains. He leaves a widow and one son.

SAVAGE'S NEXT SEASON PLANS

"Divorce Fund" and "Excuse Me" New Plays—Eighteen Companies.

Henry W. Savage yesterday announced his plans for next season, with the news that he would have eighteen companies playing fifteen attractions, which do not include the European plays that he may purchase during his present visit abroad.

The new pieces announced include "The Little Damozel," a comedy of Bohemian life, by Monckton Hoffe, in which Charles Hawtrey is appearing in London; "The Great Name," by Victor Leon and Leo Feld; "Little Boy Blue," by Henry Bereny; "Theodore & Co.," from the Theatre Neauveautes, Paris; "The Divorce Fund," by A. E. Thomas; "Excuse Me," by Rupert Hughes; "The Grape Girl," by Gustav Luders, and J. Clarence Harvey, and "Everywoman," by Walter Browne.

Of older plays Mr. Savage will have "The Merry Widow," "The Gay Hussars," "Madame X.," "The Love Cure," "Miss Patsy," "The Florist Shop," in musical form, and a revival of "The Prince of Pilsen."

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

ANTHONY—HAND.—Wednesday evening, April 6th, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Charles W. Hand, Brooklyn, New York, by the Rev. C. B. McAfee, D. D., and the Rev. David J. Waller, D. D., Miss Laura Waller Hand to the Rev. Robert Warren Anthony of Cleveland, Ohio.

ALLEN—HYLAND.—April 6, Katherine Hyland to Henry Allen.

DALY—ECCLESINE-PELL.—April 5, Charles N. Daly to Mary Ecclesine-Pell.

DORAN—MURRAY.—April 6, Katherine G. Murray to T. Stanley Doran.

GALEY—LORD.—April 6, Mary T. Lord to William T. Galey.

GUTHMAN—SAUERVEIN.—April 6, Louise Sauervein to Roy I. Guthman.

KAPPRELL—ROLLES.—April 4, Florence M. Bolles to Emil Kapprell.

LEARER—ELLIS.—April 6, Eva Ellis to Samuel Learner.

O'CONNOR—KEELER.—April 2, Danbury, Ruth Keeler to Joseph O'Connor.

Brooklyn.

BOGART—WEDEGARTNER.—April 6, Louise Wedegartner to Leonard H. Bogart.

BUETTNER—SAYEN.—April 6, Grace J. Sayen to Charles Buettner.

HARPER—LIDFORD.—April 6, Grace Lidford to the Rev. E. S. Harper.

LAWRENCE—GLYNN.—April 6, Edna Glynn to Robert Lawrence.

ROGERS—FINDLAY.—April 6, Eliza Findlay to John Rogers.

STRUGNELL—BOWIE.—April 6, Evelyn Bowie to Harry Strugnell.

SWEENEY—WOODCOCK.—April 6, Emma Woodcock to Walter V. Sweeney.

WIGAND—BAUMAN.—April 4, Clare Bauman to Louis Wigand.

New Jersey.

CODDING—DELLERT.—April 6, Elizabeth, Katherine C. Dellert to Arthur Codding.

FORBES—WHITE.—March 28, Paterson, Prudence White to William Forbes.

KASS—KREITLER.—April 5, East Orange, Irene Kreitler to Frederick Kass.

JOHNSON—HAWLEY.—April 4, Paterson, Elizabeth Hawley to Herbert Johnson.

KING—NEWBERRY.—April 6, Arlington, Jennie S. Newberry to James W. King.

LOGAN—COOK.—April 5, East Orange, Helen C. Cook to Benjamin C. Logan.

ROEBER—SEIBERT.—April 5, Orange, Carol Seibert to Carl A. Roeber.

SCHNEIDER—TEEPLE.—April 2, Elizabeth, Bertha Teeple to George Schneider.

SPERLING—REILLY.—April 6, Chatham, Anna Reilly to John G. Sperling.

STEINER—STEINER.—April 5, Newark, Renie Steiner to Frederick Steiner.

Died.

ANDRESEN.—On Wednesday, April 6, 1910, at his late residence, 288 West 92d St., John Andresen, in the 84th year of his age. Funeral private.

BRINCKERHOFF.—On Thursday, April 7, at her residence, 19 East 80th St., Mary E. Hoople, widow of the late Van Wyck Brinckerhoff and daughter of the late William H. Hoople. Notice of funeral later.

FABBRICOTTI.—At Biltmore, N. C., April 4, 1910, Luciano, son of Sadie F. and the late Luciano Fabbricotti. Funeral from Church of St. Vincent Ferrer, Lexington Av. and 66th St., Friday, April 8, at 10 A. M.

FLAGG.—April 6, Frances Hussa Flagg, infant daughter of Dr. Frederick W. Flagg and Ludmilla Hussa. Funeral April 8 at noon, Rockaway, N. J.

DEDRICK.—On Thursday, April 7, 1910, at his Summer home, Highland, N. Y., Charles Dedrick, in his 70th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 611 West 146th Street, on Saturday, April 9, 8 P. M.

FERNBACH.—After a

YANKS IN TWELVE-INNING TIE GAME

Strong Finish by New Yorks Averts a Defeat at Hands of Lynchburg Club.

Special to The New York Times.

LYNCHBURG, Va., April 7.—Only by a garrison finish did the New York Yankees this afternoon stave off defeat at the hands of Lynchburg's leaguers. The game went twelve innings and ended in a 3 to 3 tie.

The players are beginning to show the effects of the rigorous weather encountered in the past two days. It was cold enough for snow this afternoon and very windy. Thus it was but natural that fingers were stiff and that errors were many. To add to the discomfort of the visitors a strictly "home" umpire handled the indicator. From start to finish his decisions were very bad and apparently prejudiced. Moreover, the visitors played in hard luck all afternoon. If the outfield trio could field every day like they did this afternoon nothing could keep them out of the big league. At least half a dozen extra base hits were killed by the most phenomenal running catches. The infielders, too, were in the way of many hard drives.

Lynchburg's runs were all gifts. Every one started with an error. The locals scored on Tom Hughes in the first inning, and the big Salida twirler never looked better in his life. He didn't give a hit in the five innings, but he did make a very bad mistake that helped the opening run along. King was safe on Foster's error. Hughes played A. Smith's bunt to second in spite of the fact that there was no chance for a force out. Then Gardner dropped the twirler's toss to first on the following bunt and the bases were filled with none out. King scored while Foster, Gardner, and Knight were showing a lightning double play.

Lynchburg got two runs off Jack Frill. Knight's error, a passed ball, and a walk put two on bases with one out in the seventh. Wolter returned Behan's hit to left so quickly to the plate via Knight that D. Smith was evidently caught by several yards. He was declared safe. The Yankees plucked a brace of runs off Brandon in the ninth, after one had been retired. Cree singled and moved to third as Gardner reached second on an infield hit and an error. Foster's sacrifice fly would have been a home run but for a phenomenal catch by A. Smith. Knight batted Gardner home.

Each side scored a run in the eleventh. Foster's kick gave Jackson a life. An infield out advanced the runner and he scored on Woolum's single. In New York's half Cree hit with one out and got a station further than that to which he was entitled on the short stop's wild heave. Gardner's single tied the score again. Foster also hit safely, taking second on the throw-in. Here was New York's great chance of victory, but with men on third and second and only one out Knight popped and Austin rolled weakly to first. The game was called at the end of the twelfth inning on account of the cold. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	LYNCHBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'phill, lf.	6	0	2	1	0	King, rf.	5	1	1	3	0
Wolter, rf.	4	0	0	2	0	A. Smith, cf.	5	0	0	3	0
Cree, cf.	5	2	2	2	0	Jackson, lf.	5	1	1	2	0
G'dner, 2b.	4	1	1	2	3	D. Smith, ss.	5	1	0	1	3
Foster, ss.	3	0	1	2	6	Williams, 1b.	5	0	1	15	1
Knight, 1b.	5	0	1	16	0	Sharp, 2b.	3	0	0	2	5
Austin, 3b.	5	0	1	2	2	Behan, 3b.	5	0	1	3	4
Sweeney, c.	4	0	0	9	2	Lucia, c.	2	0	0	4	4
Hughes, p.	1	0	0	0	1	Rowe, c.	3	0	1	1	1
Quinn	1	0	0	0	0	Eddowes, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Frill, p.	3	0	0	0	2	Brandon, p.	3	0	0	1	2
Total.	41	3	8	36	18	Total.	48	3	5	36	21

*Batted for Hughes in the fifth inning.

Errors—Gardner, Foster, (2.) Knight, (2,) D. Smith, Brandon.

New York....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 0—3
Lynchburg ...1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0—3

Hits—Off Hughes, none in five innings; off Frill, 5 in seven innings; off Eddowes, 1 in five innings; off Brandon, 7 in seven innings. First base by errors—New York, 1; Lynchburg, 4. Left on bases—New York, 8; Lynchburg, 9. First base on balls—Off Eddowes, 2; off Frill, 3. Struck out—By Eddowes, 4, by Brandon, 1; by Hughes, 4; by Frill, 4. Two-base hit—Behan. Sacrifice hits—A. Smith, Jackson, Wolter. Sacrifice fly—Foster. Stolen bases—Wolter, Hemphill. Double plays—Foster, Gardner and Knight; A. Smith and Sharp. Hit by pitcher—By Eddowes. (Gardner, Sweeney.) Wild pitch—Eddowes. Passed ball—Sweeney. Umpire—Mr. Johnson. Time of game—Two hours and thirty-six minutes.

GIANTS BACK IN TOWN.

Yale Will Be Their Opponent To-morrow at Polo Grounds.

New York was deep in enjoyment of sleep this morning when Manager John J. McGraw and his squad of forty-four Giants got back to town after six weeks of training in the South. They were all there, the regulars, the cripples, who are still stiff from the early season bruises, the whole collection of recruits, including the youthful fence breakers, most of whom are sure to go back to the minors and get a few seasons more baseball knowledge before they join the big show. They worked for several weeks in the training camp at Marlin, Texas, clashed with all the minor league teams in the South within reach, and return in fairly good shape to start the season in Boston next Thursday.

The team will rest to-day, although there may be some light practice indulged in by some of the recruits at the Polo Grounds this afternoon. To-morrow the Giants will open the New York season against Yale.

Secretary-Treasurer Fred M. Knowles of the New York Club, who has been at Lake Placid for several months, will return to his desk to-day much improved in health. During Mr. Knowles's absence William M. Gray has been Acting Secretary, and returned with the team this morning.

Manhattan, 10; Vermont, 3.

The Manhattan College baseball team had an easy time defeating the University of Vermont by a score of 10 to 3 at McNulty Field yesterday. The Granite State collegians could not hit Hanley, the Manhattan southpaw, three hits being the best they could get in the batting line. Against the local team, Vermont tried out a freshman pitcher, King, for the first time. The youngster's debut was marked in the first inning by a long home-run drive to centre by Cotter. While King was not hammered hard after that, he was wild and distributed bases on balls freely, and hit several of the opposing batsmen. Vermont was loose in the field, making half a dozen costly errors. Donahue led in the stick work for Manhattan with two doubles. Vermont had a distressing session in the second inning when two errors, a base on balls, two passed balls, and a two-base hit netted Manhattan four runs. An Arctic gale swept across Harlem, which made the players' teeth chatter, and the cold affected the the spectators worse than that. The line-up:

MANHATTAN.	R	H	PO	A	E	UNIV. OF VERMONT.	R	H	PO	A	E
Fryer, ss.	2	1	1	2	2	Lyons, ss.	1	1	2	1	2
Connelly, c.	2	1	8	2	0	W'lliams, 3b.	0	1	0	2	0
Cotter, 2b.	1	1	1	0	2	Haynes, rf.	0	0	2	0	0
Donahue, 2b.	1	3	3	1	0	McC'neil, lf.	0	0	0	0	0
Holahan, 1b.	0*	1	15	0	1	M'Don'll, cf.	1	0	1	0	0
Hest'b'g, lf.	1	0	1	0	0	Dutton, 1b.	0	0	4	0	0
B'kmore, cf.	1	1	0	0	0	O'Dea, c.	0	1	9	0	0
Archer, rf.	1	0	0	0	1	King, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Hanley, p.	1	1	0	3	0	Daley, 2b.	1	0	3	0	1
						Smith, 1b.	0	0	3	0	1
Total.	10	9	27	16	4	Total.	3	3	24	3	4

Manhattan ..... 2 4 0 0 2 0 0 2 .—10
Vermont ..... 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 1— 3

Two-base hits—Donahue, 2. Three-base hit—Blackmore. Home run—Cotter. First base on balls—Hanley, (4,) King, (5.) First base on errors—Manhattan, 1; Vermont, 1. Struck out—By Hanley, 8; by King, 9. Stolen bases—Fryer, Connelly, (2,) Donahue, (2,) Hesterburg, (2,) Blackmore, (2,) Archer, (2.) Double plays—Donahue, Fryer and Holahan; Hanley and McDonnell. Left on bases—Manhattan, 5; Vermont, 5. Umpire—Mr. Tone. Time of game—Two hours.

BASEBALL NOTES.

"Ty" Cobb will join the Detroit Club at Indianapolis to-day. Cobb is sound and light, and really did not need to go south with the Tigers to get into condition.

Outfielder Waite of the Chicago Americans, who was reported ill with smallpox in California, has gone to his home at Rockville, Conn. He has been turned back to the Springfield Club of the Connecticut League.

The second team of the Boston Nationals was in a railroad wreck on the Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Saxton, Ky., yesterday. The engineer was killed and the fireman injured, but none of the players was injured. However, the baseball paraphernalia and baggage of the players was badly damaged.

Cold weather yesterday prevented the fifth game between the Philadelphia major league clubs.

BECKER GETS A TRYOUT.

Giants' New Outfielder in Harness Against Baltimore Orioles.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 7.—The practice season of the Giants was completed this afternoon, when they defeated Baltimore by a score of 5 to 3. There were more than forty New York players on the field in uniform, but the weather was so intensely cold that after the first two innings Manager McGraw sent most of them back to the hotel. Coming from the warm weather of the South, the cold encountered here caused the players much inconvenience, and several of them have severe colds.

Sy Seymour is ailing, and, while this is lamentable, it served to give Becker, the new outfielder recently obtained from Boston, a chance to show what he could do in a New York uniform. He played centre field, and covered that territory perfectly. At the bat he had little chance, as he was so placed that he either had to sacrifice or try other teamwork plays to advance runners. He beat out one hit and advanced a runner on a sacrifice out of four times at bat. On one occasion he was on first when a single was hit to the outfield, and he made a great run to third and a fall-away slide that was practically perfect. McGraw is immensely pleased with his new outfielder. Collins and Herzog, who go to Boston, left here at a late hour to-night for Louisville, where they will join the Boston Club.

Raymond, Marquard, and Klawitter did the pitching for the Giants this afternoon, and they were so effective that the result of the game was never in doubt.

The New Yorkers hit the ball hard and often. Chief Meyers, when called to bat for Raymond in the third inning, drove a long hit to the left-field fence for three bases and scored two runs. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BALTIMORE.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Devore, lf.	5	0	1	2	0	Slagle, cf.	3	0	0	4	0
Doyle, 2b.	3	1	1	1	2	Hopkins, lf.	3	1	0	0	0
Murray, rf.	4	1	2	1	0	Hall, 2b.	4	1	3	1	4
Becker, cf.	5	0	1	1	0	Clancy, 1b.	4	0	1	11	2
B'dwell, ss.	5	0	1	2	1	Catiz, 3b.	4	1	1	2	0
Devlin, 3b.	4	1	1	1	0	Hill, ss.	4	0	2	2	3
Merkle, 1b.	4	0	0	7	1	Smith, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
Schlei, c.	3	1	1	6	1	Byers, c.	3	0	0	4	0
Wilson, c.	1	0	0	4	2	Russell, p.	0	0	0	0	2
Raym'd, p.	1	0	1	0	1	Pat'son, p.	2	0	0	1	5
Marq'd, p.	1	0	0	0	1	†O'Hal'ran.	1	0	0	0	0
Klawitter, p.	1	0	1	0	1						
*Meyers	1	1	1	0	0						
Total.	40	5	11	25	10	Total.	32	3	7	27	16

*Batted for Raymond in the fourth inning.
†Batted for Russell in the third inning.
Errors—Merkle, Hopkins, Hill, (2.)

New York .....0 1 1 2 0 0 0 0 1—5
Baltimore .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1—3

Two-base hits—Devlin, Hall, Catiz. Three-base hits—Murray, Bridwell, Meyers. Left on bases—New York, 3; Baltimore, 4. First base on errors—New York, 3. Struck out—By Raymond, 2; by Marquand, 4; by Klawitter, 4; by Russell, 2; by Paterson, 1. Bases on balls—Off Russell, 1; off Marquand, 2; off Klawitter, 1. Hits—Off Raymond, 1 in three innings; off Marquand, 2 in three innings; off Russell, 6 in three innings. Umpires—Messrs. Pensmith and Kimzey. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes.

De Witt Clinton Scores a Victory.

The De Witt Clinton High School baseball team defeated that of New York University second team yesterday afternoon on the Ohio Field by the score of 10 to 6. The game was called in the seventh inning on account of the cold weather. Price, for the De Witt Clinton team, pitched a very good game, striking out ten men, and Moore, the New York University pitcher, struck out nine men. The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
De Witt Clinton....2 1 0 6 0 1 0—10	8	6	
N. Y. U. second....1 0 1 1 0 0 3—6	6	7	

Batteries—Price and Riordan; Moore and Lappides.

Scores of Other Games.

At Columbus, Ohio—Columbus, 12; Otterbein University, 4.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 9; Philadelphia Americans second team, 8.

At Greensboro, N. C.—Rochester, 13; Greensboro, 9.

At Roanoke, Va.—New York Americans second team vs. Roanoke canceled on account of cold weather.

At Nashville, Tenn.—Boston American, regulars, 9; Nashville, 2.

At New Orleans—Cleveland American second team, 10; New Orleans, 8.

At Kansas City—Detroit, 3; Kansas City, 1, (12 innings.)

At Dayton, Ohio—Cleveland, 8; Dayton, 4.

AUTO MAKERS DINE; HEAR GOV. WARNER

Michigan Executive Guest of Honor.—Loving Cup for Charles Clifton.

The advancement of the atomobile industry was the subject of the discussion last night at the annual dinner of the Association of Licensed Automobile Manufacturers at the Hotel Astor. Gov. Warner of Michigan was the guest of the evening, and he devoted the major part of his speech to the part played by Michigan in the development of the automobile. The occasion drew nearly 150 of the most prominent automobile manufacturers in the country.

The main dining room of the hotel was tastefully decorated with various designs of the industry, and Job Hedges, who acted as toastmaster, was at his best in introducing the speaker. One of the features was the presentation of a silver loving cup to Col. Charles Clifton, President of the association for several years. Col. Pope, who made the presentation, paid a flattering tribute to the work of Col. Clifton, and dwelt upon the progress of the association under the Presidency of Col. Clifton. The latter in responding, said the success of the association was due to the work of the members of the association rather than to his individual efforts.

Several interesting facts were stated by Gov. Warner in the course of his speech. He said that over $38,000,000 were invested in the automobile industry in Michigan, and that 240,000 vehicles would be manufactured in the State during the year.

Col. Pope told of the history of the association, and Col. Clifton followed with pertinent remarks about the trade. Arthur Brisbane predicted that in te nyears the streets of New York would be cleaned by vacuum, which would be of material benefit to automobilists. Joseph E. G. Ryan of Chicago made the hit of the evening with a witty speech, in which he kept the auditors in good humor by his faceatous remarks on the automobile.

Previous to the dinner a meeting of the Association of Automobile Manufacturers was held at which trade conditions were discussed. At the meeting it was definitely decided that the 1911 A. L. A. M. show at Madison Square Garden should extend through two weeks, the first week being devoted to the exhibition of pleasure cars and the second to commercial cars.

HARVARD ON GRIDIRON.

Sixty Men Practice Under New Rules —Coach Problem Unsettled.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 7.—Lothrop Withington, Harvard's football Captain, expressed his pleasure this afternoon when sixty men appeared on Soldiers' Field for the Spring football practice. Withington said the men are taking to the new rules aptly and they do not notice much material difference in the changes, as far as the actual gridiron work is concerned.

Harvard's squad this Spring is unusually heavy. After a half-mile run around the Stadium at a good gait, tackling the dummy and passing the ball to and fro were indulged in. The men have been quick in eradicating the tendency to diving tackle.

Smith, Leslie, and Morrison bunted to a "spread eagle" field. The men displayed great aptitude in timing the punts. Harvard is far advanced in this work. Failure to gauge punts was one of Harvard's worst faults last Fall. Toward the close of the practice the men divided into two squads for scrimmage. Harry Gardner, last year's freshman quarter back, looks to be a genuine find. He directed the first team at quarter back. Wigglesworth, who made his "H" against Yale, piloted the "seconds." The scrimmage was lively, the regulars making one touchdown. The forward passes netted but little gain for either side. The attempts at on-side kicking were used with better success.

After the men were dismissed, Withington and Smith practiced drop kicking. If Smith can hold the form shown this afternoon he will be a hard-worked player next Fall.

The return of Coach Haughton looks very uncertain. The position has been offered to him, but whether he has refused has not been given out. Nothing definite will be announced for some time. Dave Campbell does not desire the position, it is said. Charley Daley and Francis Burr both are talked of as probable Crimson coach if Haughton does not return this year.

Billiards at McGraw's.

Two games were played last night in the amateur handicap three-cushion carrom billiard tournament in progress at McGraw's Billiard Academy, Thirty-fifth Street and Broadway. In the first game Frank Becker defeated Sylvester Levy by the score of 30 to 20 in seventy-five innings. Becker's high run was 3, and Levy's was 2. Both men played at scratch. It was an interesting game throughout, and Becker made some very hard shots. In the second game J. H. Wilson (scratch) defeated C. H. Ditmars, (5,) by the score of 35 to 32, in eighty-two innings. Wilson made a high run of 4, and Ditmar's high run was 3.

NAT BUTLER TO FLY.

Old Cyclist Will Make First Appearance as an Aviator at Atlantic City.

Nat Butler, the old bicycle racer, will make his first appearance as a professional aviator at the big meet to be held at Atlantic City from June 30 to July 10. Butler, who is now in Paris, has cabled that he will sail for this country as soon as he can make arrangements to ship his machines. Two years ago Butler left Newark, N. J., to engage in pace following on the French tracks, and was quite successful. While at Paris he became interested in aviation and was one of Blériot's first pupils. He developed into an expert not only with the Blériot monoplane, but also with a special machine of his own design and construction, and he now declares that he will be able to duplicate and surpass all the performances of Paulhan when the French aviator was in this country.

Several years ago Butler won his first big bicycle race as an amateur at Asbury Park, when he annexed the one-mile championship of the League of American Wheelmen. Later he participated in a nubmer of races as a professional at the old Vailsburg track.

Frank Hoppe Wins Doyle Clup.

The final game of the three-cushion carrom billiard tournament at John Doyle's Billiard Academy, Forty-second Street and Broadway, for possession of the metropolitan three-cushion championship and the Doyle Cup between James Blair and Frank Hoppe resulted in a victory for Blair by a score of 50 to 30 in eighty-one innings. Hoppe made a high run of 5. The total score for the three night's games was: Hoppe, 150; Blair, 139. Referee Thomas Hueston awarded the cup to Hoppe.

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We are accused by some competitors of having special demonstrating cars. These tales come to us through men who, after careful investigation, buy Buicks. We gladly sell any demonstrating car we have at the list price. We never ask a customer to take delivery of a car until we prove to his satisfaction that his car is the equal in every way of any in which he may have made a demonstration. WE GUARANTEE that all $1,750 Buicks we deliver to customers or offer for sale will take you over the BUICK ROUTE on high gear as easily as some cars take the slight grades in Central Park. WHY PURCHASE A LOWER PRICE CAR THAT CANNOT DO THE WORK OR A HIGHER PRICE CAR THAT CANNOT FOLLOW THE BUICK? The few Buick Cars that get in the second-hand market bring a better percentage of their original price than any other make—consequently they make a better investment.

Some Late Buick Victories

Buicks distinguished themselves at the recent hill climb at Atlanta, Ga., on March 26. The $1,750 Buick, as usual a winner, made better time than any other fully equipped car at the meet. The $1,000 Buick won in better time than machines costing twice and three times its price. Look at these summaries and all of the times:—

CLASS 1—$800 AND UNDER. Car and Driver.	Time. M. S.
Krit, C. F. Wolfe	1.25
Hupmobile, K. T. McKinstry	1.31
Metz, D. R. Miller	3.43
CLASS 2—$801-$1,200.	
BUICK, L. E. FAIN	1.07
Warren-Detroit, J. E. Darby	1.15 1-5
Ford, M. W. Venable	1.19
Mitchell, R. C. Howard	1.26 3-5
Cameron, G. F. Hardy	1.31
Cameron, J. B. Wall	2.16
CLASS 3—$1,201-$1,600.	
White Star, C. E. Jones	1.15 3-5
Parry, P. C. Schultz	1.28 3-5
E-M-F, H. L. Cohen	1.15

CLASS 4—$1,601-$2,000. Car and Driver.	Time. M. S.
BUICK, W. OLDKNOW	.57 2-5
BUICK	1.02
BUICK, L. E. FAIN	1.03 2-5
Pullman, R. T. Peckham	1.13
Inter-State, A. R. Brown	1.15 3-5
CLASS 5—$2,001-$3,000.	
National, W. J. Stoddard	.58
Knox, L. La Blanche	1.07 1-5
Marmon, W. T. Candler	1.09 2-5
Pope-Hartford, A. W. Kirk	1.13
Selden, R. G. Young	1.20 2-5
CLASS 6—$4,000 AND OVER.	
Packard, C. C. Rooney	1.04 4-5
Stearns, W. L. Dunn	1.05 3-5

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Well made too, for what good would fast color be if the suit wasn't well made.

For dress-up occasions, these little suits of white poplin are unusually pretty, with their dainty lace and hand embroidered collars: $5.50 and $6.50.

Other suits from $1.75.

$2.25, $2.50, $3 and $3.50 are strong lines.

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Mothers who can cut and sew, especially appreciate them.

$1 to $2.50.

In underwear—

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Balbriggans for now; 50c. a garment.

For sturdy little legs—

Half hose in all sorts of pretty patterns.

Plain white, also tan.

25c. and 30c. a pair.

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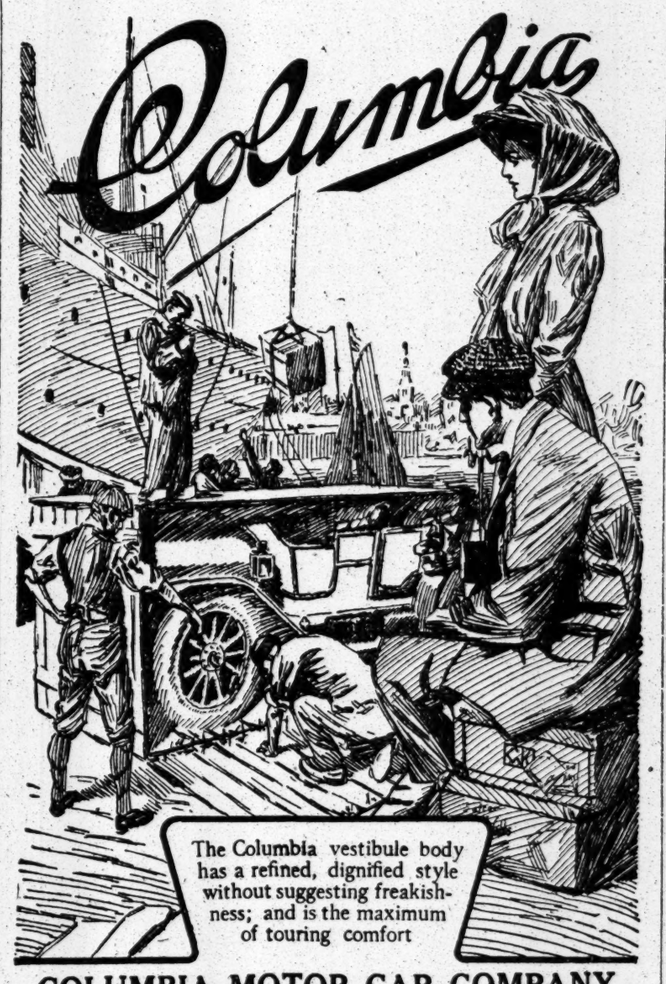

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COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

United States Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The following were among the proceedings in the United States Supreme Court to-day:

140—Southern Railway Company, petitioner, vs. Mrs. Josephine King, and

141—Southern Railway Company, petitioner, vs. Inez King, by her next friend, Mrs. Josephine King.—Argument continued for the respondents and concluded for the petitioner.

142—Robert L. Owen, plaintiff in error, vs. Dudley & Michener.—Argument commenced.

Day call for to-morrow: Nos. 142, 143, 145, 146, 147, 6, 131, 148, 149, and 150.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF Appeals—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. —212—Hill v. Kennedy. 225 and 226—Union Carbine Co v. Am Carbide Co. 227—In re Barge Tommy. 235—Thorley v. Pabst Brew Co. 237—Bossert Elec Co v. Pratt Chuck Co. 238—Same v. Sprague Elec Co. 240—Leonard v. Harlem. 241—In re O'Hare. 242—Trumbull Elec Co v. Conn Co. 243—City of N Y v. Dredge No 1. 244—Neale v. Dougherty Co. 245—Dougherty Co v. Neale. 246—In re Roth.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Holt, J. —Jury calendar. Case on. 121—Hartridge v. Thaw. No day calendar.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Ward, J. —Motion calendar. 1—Dam v. Kirke La Shelle. 2—Waterbury Buckle Co v. Howie. 3—Supplementary Spiral Spring Co v. Graham. 4—Branson v. N Y, N H & H R R. 5—Frischmuth v. Am Tobacco Co. 6—Jomelli v. Pullman Co. 7—Walkon v. Selkowitz. 8—Euler & Robinson v. U S. 9—Sholes v. same. 10—Carter v. same. 11—Schefter v. same. 12—Cont Auto Co v. Spaulding. 13—Havens v. Frorup. 14—Kavanagh v. Folsom. 15—Douglass v. N Y, N H & H R R. 16—Tierney v. Helvetia Swiss. 17—Williamson v. Ortiz. 18—McNaul v. West Indian, &c. 19—Bernier v. Griscom-Spencer Co.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; Laughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Miller, JJ.—Court opens to-day at 10 A. M. Motions. Non-enumerated motions. 1—Gibson v. McDonald. 2—Same v. Schannecke. 7—Matter of Hotchkiss. 9—Matter of Rosenthal. 11—Gormly v. Gormly. 13—Matter of Mandl. 14—Brewster v. F G Brewster Co. 15—Hebard v. City of N Y. 16—Bradley v. Bradley. 17—Hotel Register Realty Co v. McGough. 18—Hagerty v. Pinelawn Cemetery. 20—Eisenberg v. Naumberg. 21—United Metals Selling Co v. Am Smelting & Ref Co. 22—Story v. Buist. 23—Ladew v. Albany Sav Bank. 24—McIntosh v. McIntosh. 25—Matter of Mt Vernon Av. 26—Scoolaro v. Ash. 27—Gillender v. City of N Y. 28—People v. Harrison St Cold Storage. 29—Brody v. C A Weed & Co. 30—Slade v. Squier. 31—Same v. same. 33—Bond v. Atl Terra Cotta Co. 34—Bowsky v. Bowsky.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Blanchard, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Brodie v. Towne. 2—In re East 180th St. 3—Axt v. Axt. 4, 5—Mont Vert Co v. Silkman. 6—Henry v. Valentine. 7—Donohue v. City of N Y. 8—Delaney v. Mayor, &c. 9—Collins v. Mayor, &c. 10—Feingold v. Lope. 11, 12—Bunnell v. Loebinger. 13—Fitch v. Hill. 14—Same v. Hill Syndicate. 15—Brodie v. Towne. 16—Estates Settlement Co v. Hulverson, &c. Const Co. 17—Sussles v. Rheinfrank Co. 18—Graziado v. Bryant Co. 19—Sussles v. Rheinfrank Co. 20—Stoppani v. Stoppani. 21—Ader v. Ader. 22—Steiger v. London. 23—Willcox v. Phila Casualty Co. 24—Title Guar & Trust Co v. Walsh. 25—Barnes v. Gardiner. 26—Raskin v. Rosofsky. 27—In re Jackson. 28—Heath Corset Co v. Pomeroy Co. 29—Gibbs v. Gibbs. 30—O'Callaghan v. Rosendorf. 31—Heath Corset Co v. Pomeroy Co. 32—Milhauer v. Heitzner. 33—Middlebrook v. Owen. 34—Elwell Co v. Acme Portland Cement Co. 35—Barrett Mfg Co v. Sparling. 36—Brown v. Brown. 37—In re Grote St. 38—Cont Finance Co v. Southack. 39—Howe v. Howe. 40—Donovan v. Harriman. 41—Keller v. Keller. 42—Weill v. Charleston. 43—Baron v. Baron. 44—Simis v. Simis. 45—Lee v. U S Mtg. &c. Co. 46—Schendel v. Bailey. 47—Merrill v. Nevins. 48—Levine v. Hymes Const Co. 49—Frank v. Carter. 50—Joseph v. Sulzberger. 51—Schwartz v. Dryer. 52—Saitta v. Italian Am Trust Co. 53—In re Baker (Sprles.) 54, 55—Kriegsman v. Kriegsman. 56—Lee v. U S Mtg & Trust Co. 57—Adams v. Albers. 58—Reel v. Sneckner. 59—Jones v. Jones. 60—Fried v. Potter. 61—Ellis, Jr., v. Parker. 62—Gordon v. Levenson. 63—Thompson Co v. Stelnert. 64—In re Fairfield, Lewis.). 65—Greenberg v. Stanard. 66—Terwilliger v. Chamberlain. 67—Wolf v. Wolf. 68—Waldo v. Schmidt. 69—Schwartz v. Livyak. 70—Waldo v. Schmidt. 71—Bartindale v. Baryindale. 72—Lynn v. Carnegie Trust Co. 73—Schuller v. Schuller. 74—N Y Taxicab Co v. Union Taxicab Auto Service Co. 75—Manning v. Seelig. 76—Luellen v. Rabenold. 77—Panonliss v. Bullowa. 78—Luellen v. Rabenold. 79—Galewski v. Isaac. 80—Keller v. Keller. 81—Ward v. Ward. 82—Patotsky v. Graff. 83, 84, 85—Berger v. Berger. 86—In re Fagan. 87—Levine v. Fishbein. 88—Spencer v. Hardin. 89—In re Levy. 90—Ragovin v. Frankel. 91—Bradley v. U S Fld, &c, Co. 92—Chelsea Realty Co v. Uhlfelder. 93—Wods v. Stevenson Brew Co. 94—Sezgebruch v. Dieffenbach. 95—Dodd v. Kitchings, &c, Co. 96—Von Hagen v. Canadian Cons Mines Co. 97—Frank v. Levisohn. 98—Gray v. Hoadley.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Fitzgerald, J.—Motions. Demurrer, 2477—Taylor v. Dinsmore. Preferred causes. 5562—Cooper Realty Co v. Benolt. General calendar. 3916—Foundation Co v. Levine. 3824—Hespe v. City of N Y. 3374—Levin v. Hymes Const Co. 3110—Mittenthal v. Mittenthal. 1114—Klee-Thompson Co v. Murphy Co. 2703—Milne v. Fischer. 2959—Schwarz v. Robinson. 3097—Mason v. Mason. 3133—Thompson v. Thompson. 3394—Patterson v. Patterson. 3573—Leonard v. Hydeman. 3593—Raft v. Klein Wagon Works. 3609—Cavagnaro v. Cavagnaro. 3617—McKee v. Schwab. 3831—Williams v. Williams. 5107—Greenblatt v. Zimmerman. 2882—Wels v. Cathedral Parkway Realty Co. 3451—Fay v. Kernan. 3711—Nicholls v. Nicholls. 3145—Quinlan v. City of N Y. 1206—Miller v. Miller. 3087—Elliott v. Mechanics' Natl Bank. 3938—Greene v. Greene. 2130—Ryan v. Edwards. 1564—Spannake v. International Geneva Assn. 3863, 3914—Cochran v. Reich. 3842—County Mayo Men's Assn v. Brown. 1675—Brickner v. Sulzbacher. 1187—Chanatillon v. Lenox Hotel Co. 2922—Hawley v. Levee. 1124—Johnson v. Callahan. 3383—Davega Co v. Jackson. 4077—Gingold v. Lyman. 4096—Long Acre, &c, Co v. Moore. 293—Colon v. First United Pres Church. 474—Adams v. Reda. 3020—Mahnken v. Cocke. 4111—Bay Ridge Sheet Works v. City of N. Y. 1527—McCormack v. O'Donnell. 1530—Capodilupo v. De Carlo. 1678—Standard Milk Flour Co v. Garretson. 2058—Farrell v. Degnon. 563—Montravel v. Small. 1513—Golding v. Golding. 897—Willigan Co v. Glauber.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term.)—Marcus, J.—1—Donald Persch. 2—Walter L. Clark, (2.) 3—Charles Katz. 4—Donald Persch, A. D. F. Adams.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Bischoff, J.—7226—Hein v. Hein. 7070—Am Exch Bank v. Gaubert.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—McCall, J.—1186—Collins v. City of N Y. 1239—McKenna v. Whitridge. 1243—Lindstrom v. N Y C & H R R R. 1245—Ruda v. Joline. 1246—M Barton v. same. 1247—T Barton v. same. 1250—M Fuchs v. same. 1251—T Fuchs v. same. 1257—A Rosner v. same. 1258—B Rosner v. same. 741—Kriksaber v. same. 1242—Williams v. N Y C & H R R R.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Amend, J.—6949—Eder v. City of N Y. 3597—Legreca v. Kinderman. 3442—Burns v. Degnan-McLean Const Co. 3441—Schaffrodt v. Fisk. 3620—Lafreta v. J T Brady & Co. 3624—Svitkes v. Larson. 3032—Levi v. Baehr. 3640—Pitts v. City of N Y. 3661—Metzger v. same. 3680—Bishop v. same. 6996—Schonewald v. Kiernan. 2551, 2552—Friedlander v. Lanier. 2920—Roe v. Fargo. 2988—Nolan v. City of N Y. 2905—Dobrozensky v. Hartford Carpet Corp. 539—Kirwan v. Am Litho Co. 2433—Frank v. Hilborn. 3630—Evers v. Hentschel. 3548—Clark v. Neiberg. 3560—Levine v. Fishbein. 3595—Parrini v. City of N Y. 2820—Schector v. Berger Mfg Co. 1884—Cronin v. N Wolff Co. 2030—Duffy v. Consol Gas Co. 2670—Teitler v. Levy. 2733—Curley v. Burke. 2056½—Hawthorne v. Penn. N Y & L I R R. 2683—Kovacs v. Cole. 161—Hargrave v. N Y Cont Co. 2858—Moehle v. Nuhn. 2859—McManus v. Hawk & Wetherbee. 2871—Mann v. Marbe. 2881, 2882—Lindner v. Rothman. 2896—Buckley v. Toplitz. 2911—Vesey v. Liesman. 2019—Jones v. S Pearson & Son. 2936—McGuire v. Kirkman & Sons. 2966—Erjauschek v. Kramer. 2979—Vernon v. Godwin.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Newburger, J.—846—Bluennor v. Garvin. 4482—R E Owners. &c. Co v. R E Owners' Fire Ins Co. 3210—Kazelowsek v. U S. Carriage Co. 4785—Lord v. U S Transp Co. 3950—Southeimer Emb, &c, Co v. Maier. 3782—Saviewitz v. Pappas. 3168—Fraker v. A G Hyde & Sons. 3633—Landay Bros v. Astor Trust Co. 3525—Marsellus Pub Co v. Simpson. 4636—Broderick v. Probst. 4417—Zanft v. Henderson. 646—Redmond v. Waters. 3830—De Witt v. Com Mut Accident Co. 4520—Parsons v. Bertrom. 4502—Stewart v. Cort. 4706—Sanitary Fireproofing and Cont Co v. Piqueron. 2943—Clarke v. Acme Bldg Co. 3817—Reid v. Reid. 1323—Opdyke v. City of N Y. 1309—Joseph v. Sulzberger. 515—Vroom v. Litt. 1044—Bickerstaff v. Wells. 871—Ford v. Balt & Ohio R R. 2644—Fortuna Mach Co v. Fischer. 3578—A & F Brown Co v. J B McCoy & Son. 3722—Trust Co of Am v. Mendham. 2564—Hergert v. Hurtig & Seamon. 3728—City of N Y v. Worth. 3958—Empire State Tire Co v. Wyatt & Listman. 4000—Bradley v. Perlman. 3519—Swartwout v. Scheideberg. 4100—Miller v. Lassen. 3841—Spiro v. Zurkow. 2814—Young v. Gen Ry Signal Co. 647—Southern Saw Mill Co v. Barron. 953—Scheu v. Blum. 4589—Barnes v. Gardiner. 976—Crump v. Hasbrouck. 3870—Kitz v. Eager. 4246—Rosenstock v. Metzger.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Motion calendar: Nancy W. Quinn, John Quinn, Catherine Vaupel, Hannah E. McAllister, Dorothea E. C. McVickar, Isabelle P. Taylor, Antoinette Duerlam, Blum Baranovski, Dorothea Hueter, Thomas Hand, Giuseppe Salvati, Friedrich Seibel, Alexander Miller, Justus J. Spreng, Margaret O'Connell, Thomas McKeon, Peter F. Dailey, Rosa Schendel, Fedele Pedretti, Raffaele Mauro, James McCauley, John McQuade, James Lafetra, Julia Cleary, Thomas Riley, Bernard Murray, Elizabeth Stevens, William A. Andrews, James McGuire, Anna Maria Leger, James D. Leary, Regina Van Oertzen, Robert B. Reilly, Quincy A. Shaw, Simon Steinam, Edwin C. Floyd, Charles C. Tiffany, Pierce N. Welch, Hannah Earl, Mary Tehaney, Mary S. Baker, Elizabeth Bloodgood, Julius Gerson, Ann E. O'Reilly, Ellen Hand, Julia Cleary, Wills for probate. William Easton, Annie Murphy, Mary d'A. Lilienthal, James M. Alexander, Richard Lee, Charles S. Bing, Thomas L. Harris, Sophie E. Blauvelt, Frederick Liefeld.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Smith, J.; Part II., Schmuck, J.; Part III., Finelite, J.; Part V., Donnelly, J.; Part VI., Delehanty, J.; Part VII., Le Fetra, J.; Part VIII., O'Dwyer, C. J.—Calendar called in Part III. at 9:45 A. M. 3049—Fischer v. Bloom. 6730—Berkowitz v. Somerville R Co. 1789—Gekofsky v. Greenberg. 5940—Barst v. Kopple. 2659—N Y Commercial Co v. Terminal Warehouse Co. 1592—Hartsell v. Woodward. 3171—Ford v. Scherg. 3394—Janney v. Penrose. 4210—Mittenthal v. Mittenthal. 6334½—Melvin v. Schmenke. 6640—Berwanger v. Penn R R. 6641—Baron v. same. 3763—Dose v. Hirsch Bros. 6344—Morgan v. Tichenor Grand Co. 4258—Audit Co v. Farrington. 7141—Shea v. Bedini. 5889—Fitzgerald v. N Y Livery and Auto Co. 2436—Kronisch v. Korn. 2197—Walsh v. Int R T Co. 5384½—Stradley v. Cavinato. 4897—Halpert v. Lipshitz. 4898—Goldberg v. Only Skirt Co. 4961—Babcock v. Platt. 5062—Loewenberger v. Hirsch. 5063—Rossner v. Murphy. 5086—Adler v. Bottsford Dickinson Co. 5121—Lichti v. Schell. 5196—Lund v. Cahn. 5216—Brassack v. Interborough R T Co. 5217—Brasack v. Interborough R. T. Co. 5379—Carroll v. City of N Y. 5363—Elwell Rubber & Insulation Co v. Ireland. 5386—European Egg Co v. Ford & Howard Co. 5458—Lawrence v. O'Hare. 5482—Korn v. Harlem Terminal Storage Warehouse Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Lynch, J. 1955—Polechek v. Allison. 1968—Adams Repair Co v. Andrews. 1936—Harvard v. Central Garage and Mach Works. 1845—Rubin v. Solmanovitz. 1967—Levy v. Prichep. 1982—Jefferson Bank v. Lewis. 1949—Champney v. Houck. 1974—Royal Bank v. Kuppenheimer. 1751—Phillipson v. Mississippi Valley I R Co. 1636—Kilman v. Whitehead. 1992—Barton & Spooner Co v. Grey. 1684—Forman v. Reichburt. 1901—Nadelman v. Flomerfel & Co. 1937—Sprigg v. Williams. 1998—Schwartz v. Abbe Eng Co. 1997—Weinreich v. Hudson Metal Bed Co. 1976—Smith v. Starkman. 1996—Binkowitz v. Kroewer. 2005—Rishell v. Cowel. 2007—J Roehrs Co v. N S Restaurant and Realty Co.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. Sanders v. Sanders—Morris J. Hirsch. Robinson v. Gibney—Solomon B. Livingston.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J. Hyman v. Arthur (4)—Abraham Hirschfield. In re Pendleton—Morris J. Hirsch. Lurie v. Shatzkin—Augustin R. McMahon. North Side Sav Bk v. Laporte—Warren Leslie.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. David Weingarten v. Washington Park Imp. Co.—Lester J. Saul. Lewis A. Loudon v. Washington Square Realty Co—Milton Mayer. Jeremiah Viggiana v. Giovanni Munato—Joseph Weber and Joseph Pascacello.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J. Libbie Rappaport v. Solomon Himyer—Henry A. Rosenberg.

CITY COURT—Green, J. George L. Robbins v. Cassius M. Wickes—I. Maurice Warner. Christian F. Flaacke v. Thomas Benes—Miss Lucill Pugh. Florence B. Reynfolds v. John G. Graw—Miss Lucill Pugh.

Brooklyn Calendars.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Fawcett, J.—Civil calendar.—Actions triable by the court without a jury. 1206—Union Bank of Brooklyn v. Schneider. 1087—Brooklyn Ash Can Mfg. Co v. Rubbo. 1285—Cohen v. Tea. 1267—Elbom Realty Co. v. Itall Building Co. 1268—Johnston v. Earsy. 1284—Kirchned v. London. 1286—Kings County Mortgage Co v. Rogel.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Day calendar.—Garretson, J.—4610—Stirrup v. Stirrup. 3409—Gotthelf v. Shapiro. 4374—Schlenker v. Rothschild. 4640—Ebert v. Hanneman. 4740—Reyels v. Gebhardt. 2017—Eklyn Trust Co v. Phillips. 3876—Klotz v. Klotz. 4219—Wells v. Wells. 2922—Ihmels v. Rohder Drug Co. 4678—Sussman v. Edelman. 4680—London v. Warshower. 4684—Hoage v. Hoage. 4686—Barber v. Ambrosius. The causes on the reserved calendar of April 5 and marked ready will be added to and form part of this ready calendar from day to day until finally disposed of.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day calendar. —Part I., Crane, J.; Part II., Aspinall, J.; Part III., Maddox, J.; Part IV., Jaycox, J.; Part V., Blackmar, J.; Part VI., Stapleton, J.; Part VII., Scudder, J.—5877—Katie Zaengle, an alleged incompetent. 2919—Walsh v. B H R R. 2920—Goldstein v. same. 2922—Devine v. same. 2923, 2924, 2932, 3119—Flomberg v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2925—Frimack v. same. 2926 to 2929 and 2965—Goldstein v. same. 2930—Tuerk v. Lanehart. 2936—McGee—Nassau R R. 2944—Farrell v. B H R R. 2955—Holmes v. same. 2956—Smith v. New Express Co. 2957—Bergen v. B H R R. 2958—Goss v. Degnon Cont Co. 2960—Dysart v. B H R R. 2966—Endikoff v. B'Q Co & Sub R.R. 2967—Larabee v. same. 2968—Parker v. C I & B R R. 2970—Griffin v. Nat Licorice Co. 2971—Bornbusch v. Holland. 373—Timpano v. Crane. 2422—Anderson v. O'Rourke Eng Co. 8120—Burns v. Culp & McCauley. 2418—McBride v. B H R R. 8307—Rothman v. Sheindelman. 2479—Young v. Nassau R R. 605—Cully v. Hecker-Jones Milling Co. 2652—Riegel v. Eklyn Un Elev R R. 2653—Hayes v. Nassau R R. The balance of the day calendar is adjourned to April 11. Highest number reached on regular call, 2976.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Morschauser, J.—Court convenes and calendar called at 9:45 A. M.—Day Calendar: 383—Cunningham v. Weir, as President of Adams Ex Co. 388—Jackman v. Berelzheimer. 391—Valentine v. Brown. 393—Sartori v. Levy & Gilland Co. 563—Cunningham v. Receiver Yonkers R R Co. 564—Cunningham v. Receiver Yonkers R R Co. 595—Cunningham v. Receiver Yonkers R R Co. The following causes if answered ready will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call: 183—Scofield v. Scofield. 202—Flynn v. Waterbury, &c., and another. 216—Wuch v. Westchester Lighting Co. 228—Reynolds v. Cowan. 237—Dawson v. de Vercstegul. 238—Dawson v. de Verestegul. 256—Adams v. Chapter General of America K. of St. J. and Malta. 277—Rogers v. Fuller. 322—Baumann v. Estee. 329—Maher v. Gauts and others. 334—Francisco v. Springfield Portable House Co. 337—Benett v. L'Esperance. 344—Dembrowski v. Gross. 345—Dombrowski v. Gross. 350—Hale, Jr., v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 408—Kassay v. Mack Paving and Cons Co. 632—Guion v. Gironda. 661—Flynn v. Receiver Yonkers R R Co. 411—Eows v. Westinghouse Elec & Mfg Co. 412—Teute v. Union Ry of N Y City. 413—Leute v. Union Ry of N Y City. 414—Hiler v. Frost. 415—Crissey v. Adams. Highest number reached 415.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Held temporarily at the 275th Police Precinct Building, Fourth, near Vernon Av., Long Island City—Humphrey, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M. 2662—People v. John Metzger, 2663—Same v. same. 2714—Same v. Charles Nuffer. 2713—Same v. Charles Siebert.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Held temporarily at the Town Hall, in the former Village of Flushing, Queens County, N. Y.—Clark, J. —Court opens and calendar called at 10:30 A. M. 1010—Vogelsang v. B H R R. 1025—Ciccacelli v. La Veloce Navigazione Italiana a Vapore. Balance of calendar passed until Monday, April 11. Highest number reached on general calendar, 1035.

Richmond County.

SUPREME COURT—Day Calendar—Kelly, J. 25—Hamilton v. S I Rapid Transit Rway Co. 26—Hakkaneu v. Procter & Gamble Co. 32—Cossman v. Ballin. 36—Blanchet v. Suren. 37—Cook v. Cadmus. 40—Dunn v. Fish. 48—Yellow v. Heckscher. 28—Quinlan v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 51—Quinlan v. S I Midland Rway Co.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 50—Quinlan v. Phillips et al. 52—Andriuszis v. Philadelphia & Reading Co. 55—Romaine v. Joline. 56—Jones v. S I Midland Rway Co. 60—Hufenus v. Drescher et al. 63—Parker v. Barrett. 65—Brown v. Housman. 66—Brown v. Housman.

Trial of Poultrymen Set for June 6.

Ex-District Attorney Jerome called on District Attorney Whitman yesterday to arrange for the trial of the live poultry dealers indicted for conspiracy, of whom he is counsel for twenty-eight. The cases were placed on the calendar of the Supreme Court, Criminal Branch, for June 6.

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Upright pianos, $75; $5 monthly. New self-playing pianos, $350. Call and hear them.

Mahogany upright piano, (perfect condition,) splendid instrument, $100; cost $450; also some fine furniture. OWNER, 56 EAST 76TH ST., private house.

Player piano; celebrated make; mahogany; 88-note; latest improved; $800 style; bench, music; at great sacrifice. Anguera, 316 West 42d St.

$140 Gabler upright piano, $5 monthly until paid; $75 Steinway & Sons, $3 monthly. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS. All Makes.
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

TYPEWRITERS Rented, $5 for 3 months; New, rebuilt, $10 up; special cash discount; year's guarantee. Send for catalogue. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 144 Barclay St. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

MANHATTAN DESK CO.
Roll, Flat & Bookkeepers' Desks, Files, Chairs, Cabinets, Partitions, Railings. 'Phone 47-49 CENTRE ST.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 48 Bread St. 'Phone connec'n.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE
Steamers leave Pier 43, N. R., foot Christopher St. WEEK DAYS at 6 P. M.
Catskill-Hudson Coxsackie

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

EUROPE
WITH OBER AMMERGAU
70 TOURS
FOR SPRING AND SUMMER, 1910.
Offering a great variety of routes at inclusive fares.

TOURS DE LUXE and VACATION TOURS.
Spring Tours by the Mediterranean Route, including the Passion Play.
Leave April 9, 16, 19, 20, 30. Later Tours throughout the season.
Official Agents for the Passion Play.

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245, 1,200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 Fifth Ave. (Windsor Arcade), N. Y.
Cook's Travelers Cheques Payable Everywhere.

SPRING AND SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
LAWRENCE PARK, BRONXVILLE, N. Y.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
260 Rooms; 120 Private Baths. Exceptional Cuisine. New features: Electric Train Service, 28 minutes; New Golf Course, New Fireproof Garage, Tennis, and all outdoor sports.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Marlborough-Blenheim
Atlantic City, N. J.
The leading Resort House in the World. Capacity 1100. Over 400 private baths, each with sea and fresh water. White Service in all 4 dining rooms, both American Plan and a la carte. New fireproof garage with private locked stalls. Golf, Horseback Riding, Roller Chairs, Theatres, &c.
APRIL, THE ACME OF ATLANTIC'S GREAT SPRING SEASON
is this year free from the Easter interruption.
Atlantic City is 3 hours from New York.
Ownership Management Josiah White & Sons Co.

HOTEL TRAYMORE
Atlantic City, N. J.
Open Throughout the Year
Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.
TRAYMORE HOTEL CO., D. S. WHITE, Pres.
CHAS. O. MAGQUETTE, Mgr.

Most Modern and Leading Moderate Rate Hotel.
ALBEMARLE Virginia Ave., near Beach.
New throughout; 100 sunny front rooms; private baths; steam heat; elevators; sun parlors; superior accommodations at special rate, April and May, $8, $10, $12.50 up wkly., $2.00 up daily, Sat. to Mon., $3.50, including excellent table; own farms and dairy. White service. Music. Booklet. J. P. COPE.

Hotel Iroquois South Carolina Ave. and Beach.
Capacity 400; one of the most modern and up-to-date hotels. 100 front, ocean side sunny rooms; private baths; elevator, steam heat, music, sun parlor, white service, elegant table. Special Spring rates: $12 up weekly; $2.50 and up daily. Booklet. W. C. SHAW.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND
S. Car. Av. and Beach; private baths; elevator to street level; sun parlor; capacity 350; superior table; special Spring rates; booklet; afternoon tea served. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

NEW BERKELEY Kentucky Ave. and Boardwalk.
Ocean view rooms with private bath. Special Spring rates. Fairbanks & Mackenthun.

HOTEL JACKSON,
Adjoining Boardwalk and Steel Pier. European, $1 day and up. American, $2.50 day and up.

HOTEL CLARENDON, Virginia Ave. Near Beach and Steel Pier. M. D. NEIMAN.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

SPRING ATTRACTIONS AT LAKEWOOD
AMONG THE HEALTH-GIVING
PINE FORESTS OF NEW JERSEY.
POLO CARNIVAL,
March 20th to April 30th.
REPRESENTATIVE PLAYERS OF AMERICA, AS WELL AS THE LEADING PLAYERS OF ENGLAND AND IRELAND, WILL TAKE PART.
LAKEWOOD HORSE SHOW, APRIL 16TH.
GOLF—ANNUAL SPRING TOURNAMENT AT COUNTRY CLUB, April 21-22-23.
WEEKLY HANDICAP EVENTS THROUGHOUT THE SPRING MONTHS. MOTORING, RIDING TO HOUNDS, BOATING, TENNIS, AND A VARIETY OF OTHER OUTDOOR SPORTS.

LAUREL HOUSE
Now Open. A. J. Murphy, Manager.
LAUREL IN THE PINES
Now Open. Frank F. Shute, Mgr.

VIRGINIA.

**OLD POINT COMFORT, HOTEL CHAMBERL

Redmond & Co.
BANKERS
33 PINE ST., NEW YORK
507 Chestnut St., Philadelphia
At our
Uptown Office
624 Fifth Avenue
(cor. of 50th Street)
we transact a general foreign and domestic banking business and offer all the facilities of our down-town house.
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Example No. 19
In 1896 we sold South Carolina & Georgia first 5s at 90; they are now 103, an advance of 13 points. The bonds have become a sound underlying security of a large system.
Recurring Opportunities
We now offer with equal confidence, to yield 5%, the first mortgage bonds of a company operating in the identical State and controlled by a large corporation. The mortgage debt is limited to $5,000 a mile and earnings very largely exceed interest charges.
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F. J. Lisman & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
30 Broad St., New York
Philadelphia Baltimore Hartford

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(Over 100 Issues)
Our Circular No. 114 describes over 100 issues of Railroad and Industrial Stocks listed on the New York Stock Exchange. The information given includes the outstanding amount, annual dividend rate, percentage earned last fiscal year, high and low prices for 1909, etc. We classify the stocks as Investment, Semi-Investment, and Speculative.
Spencer Trask & Co.
William and Pine Streets
New York

COST OF LIVING
has been steadily increasing. Has your income kept pace with it? If you hold securities yielding about 4% or railroad notes maturing within a year, you can exchange these for high grade bonds
Yielding 5 to 6%
Write for Circular No. 10,246 T.
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Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
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Now selling at a great discount, most attractive high-grade investment security in the world. We offer limited amounts of various maturity, short and long, to yield
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Send for leaflet giving reasons why these 3½% issues are sure, profitable investments.
W. N. Coler & Co.,
43 Cedar St., New York City.

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BANKERS
American Seating Preferred
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Schwarzschild & Sulzberger 6s, 1916
Seaboard Portland Cement Bonds & Stock.
5 NASSAU ST. NEW YORK

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Traction Co.
Common.
Lamarche & Coady
'Phone 5775-6 Broad 25 Broad St., New York

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Members New York Stock Exchange.
BONDS AND STOCKS
FOR
INVESTMENT
NEW YORK, 111 Broadway. NEW HAVEN, 134 Orange St.
Buffalo & Susquehanna 4s & 4½s
Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron 5s & 6s
Gulf & Ship Island 1st 5s, 1952
Kansas City Western 1st 5s, 1925
Keystone Telephone 1st 5s, 1935
St. Louis, Rocky Mt. & Pac. 1st 5s, 1955
BOUGHT & SOLD.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT
Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities of Railroads and Other Corporations in the United States and Elsewhere.
30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK
Tel. 5140 to 5153 Broad, Inclusive.
Branch Office, 50 CONGRESS ST., BOSTON.
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POPE MAN'F'G COM. & PFD.
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OIL FIELDS OF MEXICO
LOUISVILLE PROPERTY CO.
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Bought, Sold, and Quoted
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks React on Light Trading —Call Money Rates, 3@4 Per Cent.

POOR ENGLISH BANK RETURN

Percentage of Reserve Lowest at This Date in Ten Years—More Gold Exports Likely.

Extreme dullness on the Stock Exchange yesterday did not prevent a number of substantial price changes. These were nearly all on the side of declines, and in the active stocks averaged about 1 per cent. At the close of the day's trading, which totaled not much more than half of that of the previous day, such net declines were recorded as 1¼ in Union Pacific, ¾ each in Reading and Southern Pacific, 1 in United States Steel and Amalgamated Copper, and ⅞ in American Smelting. Few stocks besides these were active, and the price changes in the neglected stocks were for the most part in keeping with the smallness of the trading in them. The day's record of the trading in Granby Consolidated Mining presented a curious showing, for on a single hundred shares a decline of 72⅝ was noted. The explanation, of course, lay in the fact that since this stock was last traded in on the Stock Exchange the trading on other markets had carried it far below its recent high level.

It might be said that the reaction with which the market closed yesterday was the natural reflection of a hardening of time and call money rates, were it not for the fact, too recent to be forgot, that on Tuesday last the market rose sharply in the face of the announcement of the gold exports, which are very directly contributing to the higher interest rates, which are now appearing at this centre. Call money loaned yesterday at 4 per cent., the highest rate in nearly three months, although a majority of the loans were made at 3 per cent., the day's minimum. Rates for short-time loans were also higher by one-quarter, affording further evidence of the natural effect of the loss to this market by gold exports of a sum larger than the entire surplus reserve reported by the banks last week. Sterling exchange rates eased somewhat yesterday, but hardly enough to hold out a promise of a cessation of the gold export movement recently begun. That this movement is likely to run further seemed to be made more certain than ever by the showing presented yesterday by the Bank of England, which, although it did not raise its discount rate above 4 per cent., reported the lowest reserve at this date in a decade.

Compared with last week's statement the Bank reported a loss of $2,675,000 in reserve along with an increase of over $18,500,000 in general deposits, and an increase of $22,500,000 in Government securities. The percentage of reserve was 39.55, which is lower than the reserve at this date in any year since 1899. A fact bearing on the poor showing made by the Bank yesterday was that it had to meet early in the weekly withdrawals of $4,000,000 gold for shipment to South America. This was more than offset by the gold obtained in New York, but this will not be added to the Bank's reserve until next week. Our own position in the international exchanges and the willingness already shown by the Bank of England to bid a premium to obtain gold from this market, holds the promise of further gold exports this week or next. The Bank of France's statement showed a decrease of $46,000,000 in bills discounted and of nearly $20,000,000 in notes in circulation, along with a loss of $1,400,000 in gold holdings.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Anaconda Copper Company for dividend.
Distilling Company of America for dividend on preferred.
El Rayo Mines for dividend.
United States Industrial Alcohol Company for dividend on preferred.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Central and South American Telegraph Company.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 3@4 per cent., with the last loan at 3½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 3 per cent.

Time money rates, 3¾@4 per cent. for sixty days, 4@4¼ per cent. for ninety days, and four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½@6 per cent. for others.

Private discount rates at foreign centres: London, 3¾ per cent., unchanged; Paris, 2½ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3 per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $302,139,450; balances, $11,166,044; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $659,677. The local banks have gained $178,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was easier, with demand quoted at $4.8755@$4.8765, sixty days at $4.8410@$4.8430, and cables at $4.8790@$4.88.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.16⅞ less 5-64@5.16⅞ less 1-32 for cables; 5.16½ less 1-64@5.17⅛ plus 1-32 for sight; reichsmarks, 95¼@95 5-16 less 1-64 for cables; 95 3-16@95¼ less 1-32 for sight; 94⅝ plus 1-32@94¾ for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 5c discount; Chicago, 10@20c premium; St. Louis, 35c premium; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, 90c premium; San Francisco, 50c premium; St. Paul, 50c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 15⅝c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London, at 24⅛ per ounce, ¼c in New York, at 52⅛c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday the same dullness continued. Copper was unchanged, while tin was a shade off in the bid, but slightly higher in the asking price. Lead and spelter ruled steady.

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday copper, for both spot and future deliveries, scored a gain of 2s 6d from the initial prices of the day, but a decline of like amount from the final figures of Wednesday for both. The market finished steady, closing quotations ruling at, spot, £58; futures, £59 2s 6d. Spanish pig lead was steady and unchanged at £12 13s 9d. Pig tin ended firm with spot and future deliveries each up 10s, to £150 10s and £152 12s 6d, respectively. Spelter was steady and unchanged at £23. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 51s 4d.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Wednesday:

STANDARD COPPER.

	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Spot	12.70	12.90	12.70	12.90
April	12.70	12.90	12.70	12.90
May	12.70	12.90	12.70	12.90
June	12.70	12.90	12.70	12.90
Spelter	12.70	12.90	12.70	12.90
Lead	5.55	5.65	5.55	5.65
Tin	4.40	4.45	4.40	4.45
	32.80	33.15	32.95	33.10

Investors seeking information consult The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Authoritative articles and accurate figures. Railroad earnings at a glance. Reports of bond, stock, produce, and metal markets. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year.—Adv.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales April 7, 1910..... 281,398
From Jan. 1, 1910..... 57,000,731
Corresponding period last year..... 49,229,587

Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
75⅜	75¾	18,100	Amalgamated Cop.	75¾	76¼	75⅝	75¾	—1
38	38½	100	Am. Beet Sugar	38¼	38¼	38¼	38¼	— ½
74⅝	75½	400	Am. Can pf	74¾	75	74⅜	74⅝	— ⅝
64	64½	700	Am. Car & Foundry	64⅞	64⅞	64½	64½	— ½
67	67¾	300	Am. Cotton Oil	67½	67½	67⅛	67½	+ ⅛
37¼	38	100	Am. Exchange Bank	250	250	250	250	— 5
26½	27	300	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	— ½
52⅝	52½	900	Am. Ice Securities	26¾	27	26¾	27	— ⅛
6⅝	7	100	Am. Locomotive	53	53	52¼	52¼	+ ¼
44¼	45	100	Am. Malt	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
82¼	82⅝	9,600	Am. Malt pf	45	45	45	45	
96¼	100	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref	82¾	82⅞	82⅛	82⅜	— ⅛
57	58	600	Am. Snuff pf	97	97	97	97	— ⅞
122½	123½	200	Am. Steel Foundries	57	57	57	57	+ ⅞
135⅝	136	825	Am. Sugar Ref	123	123	123	123	—1
36	37	100	Am. Tel. & Tel	156¼	136½	135¾	135¾	— ½
100¾	101	200	Am. Woolen	36⅝	36⅞	36⅛	36⅜	— ½
46¾	47	1,400	Am. Woolen pf	101	101	100⅝	100⅝	— ⅝
...	...	50	Anaconda Cop. Min	47	47	46¾	46⅞	— ⅛
113½	113⅝	2,300	Asso. Merch'ts 1st pf	108	108	108	108	
129	130	200	Atch., Top. & S. F	113⅞	113⅞	113¼	113¾	— ½
111⅝	111¾	200	Atlantic Coast Line	129	129	129	129	— ¼
...	...	200	Baltimore & Ohio	111½	111½	111¼	111¼	— ⅝
30	31½	105	Bank of Commerce	215	221	215	221	— ⅝
77¼	77½	200	Bethlehem Steel	...	...	...	...	...
182½	182¾	13,525	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	31½	31½	31½	31½	...
41½	42	500	Canadian Pacific	77	77⅞	76¾	77½	+ ½
86½	86⅝	600	Central Leather Co	182½	182½	182	182¼	+ ⅝
142⅛	142⅜	3,900	Chesapeake & Ohio	41⅝	41⅝	41½	41½	— ⅛
153	153½	2,200	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	85⅝	86¼	85⅝	86⅛	— ⅛
205	206	400	Chi. & Northwestern	142¼	142¾	142	142¾	— ⅛
39⅞	41	10	Chi. & Northwest. pf	154½	154½	153	153¾	— ¼
...	...	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	205	205	205	205	...
141¾	142	100	Comstock Tunnel	40	40	40	40	— ⅛
13⅞	17	2,200	Consolidated Gas	*33	33	33	33	— ⅛
78	79¼	600	Corn Products Ref	142½	142¾	141¾	141¾	— ⅛
172	172½	600	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	17¼	17¼	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
40	41	100	Delaware & Hudson	79½	79½	78⅞	78⅞	— ⅛
77¾	78¼	100	Denver & Rio Grande	172½	172½	172½	172½	— ⅛
32¾	33	500	Den. & Rio Grande pf	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	—1
29⅞	30½	700	Distillers' Securities	78	78	78	78	— ⅝
48½	48¾	850	Erie	32¼	33¼	32	32¾	...
58	60	500	Erie 1st pf	30¼	30¼	30	30	— ¼
...	...	210	Federal M. & S. pf	49	49	48⅞	49	— ⅛
103	105	17	Fourth Nat. Bank	60	60	59⅞	59⅞	+6⅝
151	152	10	General Chemical pf	199	199	199	199	...
41	...	400	General Electric	104	104	104	104	...
136¼	136½	100	Granby Consol	152¼	152¼	151¼	151¼	— ¼
93½	95½	2,810	Great Northern pf	40	40	40	40	+ ¼
100⅞	101⅞	100	Havana Electric	136⅝	137	135⅞	136½	—72
139⅜	139⅝	500	Hocking Valley pf	94	94	94	94	— ⅛
57½	57½	500	Illinois Central	100⅞	100⅞	100⅝	100⅞	— ¼
92½	93	3,300	Interborough-Met.	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	...
123	123	3,700	Interborough-Met. pf	22⅞	23	22⅞	22⅞	...
23	23⅛	1,000	Int. Harvester	57⅞	58	57¾	57¾	...
36	36	100	Int. Harvester pf	92½	93	92½	92½	...
66¾	66⅞	200	Iowa Central	123	123	123	123	— ½
20	22	250	Kansas City Southern	23	23⅛	23	23	— ⅛
150	150½	100	Kan. City South. pf	36	36	36	36	...
6¼	6¼	100	Lake Erie & Western	66¾	66¾	66¾	66¾	— ⅛
19⅜	19⅝	300	Louisville & Nash	150½	150½	150½	150½	— ⅝
33	34½	300	Mercantile Marine	64	64	64	64	—2
139	140	220	Mercantile Marine pf	104½	104½	104½	104½	— ½
41¼	41¾	150	Minn. & St. Louis	33½	34	33½	34	+ ⅛
69¼	69½	1,200	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	130	139	139	139	— ⅛
106	107	1,100	Missouri Pacific	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	— ⅛
62¼	63	200	National Biscuit Co	69½	69½	69¼	69¼	— ⅛
28	28¼	200	N. Y. Air Brake	107	107	107	107	— ½
122⅝	122¾	510	N. Rys. of Mex. 1st pf	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	— ¼
156	157	1,750	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	27⅞	28	27⅞	27⅞	+1
147	148⅞	100	N. Y. Central	122⅞	123¼	122⅝	122⅝	—1⅛
...	...	100	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	156	156	156	156	— ¼
103	103¼		certs., 1st paid					...
75	76	1,400	Norfolk & Western	148⅞	148⅞	148⅞	148⅞	— ⅛
135	135½	400	North American	104	104	103¾	103¼	— ½
111	112	2,800	Northern Pacific	76	76	76	76	— ½
111	112	200	Pacific Coast	135	135¾	135	135	— ⅝
29¾	31	100	Pacific Coast 2d pf	112	112	112	112	— ⅛
...	...	100	Pacific Mail	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	+ ¼
135⅞	136	5	Pacific Nat. Bank	475	475	475	475	— ¼
101	102	9,010	Pennsylvania R. R	30⅜	30⅜	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
102	102¼	300	Philadelphia Co	475	475	475	475	...
42½	43¼	400	P., C., C. & St. Louis	136¼	136¾	135¾	135¾	— ⅛
2⅞	3⅜	300	Pressed Steel Car	101½	102	101½	101½	— ⅛
40½	41¼	100	Quicksilver pf	103	103	103	103	...
101½	107	150	R'way Steel Springs	43½	43¼	42⅞	42⅞	— ⅛
165½	165¾	37,700	R'way Steel Sp. pf	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
92	92½		Reading	40½	40½	40½	40½	— ⅛
37¼	37½	100	Reading 1st pf	101	101	101	101	...
47	47⅝	150	Rep. Iron & Steel	166	166	165⅝	165½	— ⅛
91¼	91¾	7,800	Rock Island Co	92	92	92	92	— ⅛
49	50	2,500	Rock Island Co. pf	37⅜	37¾	37⅜	37⅜	— ⅛
163	164	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	47	47⅝	46¾	47	— ⅛
77	77½	600	Sears-Roebuck	92	92	91½	91¾	— ⅛
124¾	125	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	49¼	49¼	49¼	49¼	+ ¼
27¾	28	6,490	Southern Pacific	162	164½	162	164½	—1
31½	31⅝	100	Southern R'way ext	78	78	78	78	+1
6½	7⅛	325	Texas & Pacific	125⅞	125⅞	124⅞	125	— ½
65½	66¼	200	Third Avenue	28	28	28	28	— ¼
62½	66	200	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	31½	31½	31½	31½	— ¼
185⅜	185½	35,800	Union Bag & Paper pf	7⅞	7⅞	7	7	— ⅛
97¼	97⅞	500	Union Pacific	66⅛	66⅛	66⅛	66⅛	— ⅛
36½	37	100	Union Pacific pf	62½	63¼	62⅞	63⅛	— ⅛
21	22	100	United R'ways Inv	186½	186½	185¾	185⅞	—1⅛
114	122	100	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	97	97	97	97	...
78	79	200	U. S. Express	37	37	37	37	...
44	45	100	U. S. Realty & Imp	22	22	22	22	...
115¼	115⅝	900	U. S. Rubber	116	116	115	115	+ ½
79	80	34	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	79	79	79	79	—3
84⅝	84⅞	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	44½	44½	44⅛	44⅛	— ⅞
120	120½	79,000	U. S. Steel	115⅝	115⅝	115⅛	115⅛	+ ⅛
47⅝	47⅞	587	U. S. Steel pf	79	79	79	79	— ¼
58½	58⅞	2,850	Utah Copper	85¼	85¼	84⅝	84⅝	—1
21½	21⅝	1,800	Va.-Caro. Chemical	120⅜	120⅜	120	120	...
46½	47	300	Wabash	48⅛	48⅛	47½	47½	— ⅛
49½	50	1,300	Wabash pf	58½	59½	58⅝	58⅝	— ⅛
72¼	72½	100	Western Md. R'way	21½	21½	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
65	66½	300	Western Union Tel	47	47	46¼	46¼	— ⅛
4	4½	200	Westinghouse E. & M	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¼	— ½
			Wheel. & Lake Erie	73¼	73¼	72½	72½	— ⅝
				65¼	65½	65	65	—1
				4⅛	4⅛	4	4	— ⅛

*Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¾	101¼
2s, c., 1930	100¾	
2s, r., 1918	102½	
2s, c., 1918	102½	
4s, r., 1925	114½	
4s, c., 1925	114¾	
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100¾	101
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100¾	101
Philip'ne 4s	100	
Adams Exp.	250	
Alb. & S.	280	
Allis-Chalm.	11	
Allis-Ch. pf.	37½	38¼
Am. Ag. C. pf.	44¾	46
Am. Ag. C. pf.	99¼	100
Am. B. S. pf.	94	95
Am. Can pf.	111½	11⅞
A. C. & F. pf.	111½	117½
Am. Coal.	90	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	105	107
Am. D. Tel.	15	30
Am. Exp.	285	295
A. H. & L.	6½	7
Am. L. Co.	13½	14
Am. L. Co. pf.	38	38½
A. Loc. pf.	112	114
Am. S. pf., B.	88	88¾
A. S. & R. pf.	106	107
Am. Snuff.	250	300
Am. S. R. pf.	123	124
A. T. & C.	72	75
Am. Tob. pf.	95	97
Ann Arbor.	30	38
Ann A. pf.	70	75
A., T. & S. F. pf.	102½	103½
B. & O. pf.	91	92¾
Babcock's M.	2¾	3
Beth. S. pf.	59	60
B. Un. G.	149	152
Bruns. Ter.	12½	14
B., R. & P.	93	107
B., R. & P. pf.	125	140
Brk'lyn Co.	30½	27
Canada So.	64¾	35
Cent. L. pf.	107½	69
C. R. R. of N. J.	285	107½
C. & S. A.		300
Tel.	115	
Chi. & Alt.	50¼	120
C. & A. pf.	70	52
C., B. & Q.	200	70
C. & E. Ill. pf.	118	118
Chi. Gt. W.	28½	29
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	54½	56
C., I. & L. pf.	65	80
Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	138½	160
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	145	155
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	170
Chi. Un. T. pfs. sta.	4¼	5
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	10	10½
C., C., C. & St. L.	85½	89
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	100	110
Cleve. & Pitts.	171	
Col. F. & I. pf.	113¾	117
Col. & So.	59½	60½
Col. & So. 1st pf.	79	80
Col. & So. 2d pf.	78	78½
Col. & H. C. & Iron.	13¾	14¾
Cons. Coal.	105	
Crex Carpet	57	62
D., L. & W.	595	616
D., M. & Ft.	5	13
Det. U. Ry.	61	64
D., S. S. & A.	14	15
D., S. S. & A. pf.	27	27½
Dul. Sup. T.	70½	71½
Du Pont P. pf.	86¼	92
Erie 2d pf.	37¾	38
Ev. & T. H.	55	60
Ev. & T. H. pf.	75	85
F. M. & S.		40
Gen. C. Co.	91	100½
Gt. Nor. Ore ctfs.	67½	68¼
Hav. E. R. pf.	97¾	
Hock. V. r.	120	124¼
Homestake.	86½	80½
Inger.-Rand.	90	
Inger.-Rand. pf.	95	
Inter. Paper.	12⅝	18½
Int. Paper pf.	52	54
Int. Steam Pump	42½	45½
Int. Steam Pump pf.	83	85¼
Iowa C. pf.	42	43
K. & M. r.	65	
Kan. C., Pt. S. & Mem. pf.	76	78
K. & D. M.	6	9
K. & D. M. pf.	35	45
Lacl. Gas.	99½	100½
Lacl. G. pf.	93½	95
L. E. & W. pf.	55	60
Lake Shore.	325	
Long Island	68	69
Mackay Cos.	89	90
Mackay Cos. pf.	77	78¼
Mah. C. R.	311	
Man. Beach	3½	4
Man. Elev.	134	136
Md. C. pf.	50	90
Mich. Cent.	145	150
Mid. S. P. & S. S. M. leased line	89	89½
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	148	154
Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	71¼	74
N. C. & St. L.	132	135
Nat. B. pf.	120	123½
Nat. Enam.	22	23½
Nat. En. pf.	87	97
Nat. L. pf.	107½	108
N. Cent. C.	30	60
N. Y. A. B.	80	82
N. Y. C. & St. L.	59¼	60
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	118
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	83½	90
N. Y. D. Co.	28	34
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	82	85
N. Y., O. & W.	45	45¼
N. & W. pf.	89	90
Nor. Cent.	200	
Ont. Mining	2½	2¾
Pac. C. 1st pf.	95	108
Tel.	85	38
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	90	100
Peo. G., C.	109¾	110½
Peo. & eE.	19	25
Pere Marq.	33	40
Pere M. 1st pf.	58	65
Pere M. 2d pf.	38	47
P. C. C. & St. L. pf.	100	115½
Pitts. Coal.	20	21
Pitts. C. pf.	73	75
P., Ft. W. & C.	168¾	
P., Ft. W. & C. pf.	101½	102½
Pullman Co.	191	193
Quicksilver.	8	3¾
Rdg. 2d pf.	102	103
Rens. & S.	100	
Rep. I. & S. pf.	100	100½
R., W. & O.	122	
Rutland pf.	25	35
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	68	71
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	140	160
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. new ctfs.	61	69¼
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.		
St. L. S. W.	30	120
St. L. S. W. pf.	73½	74
So. P. R. S.	83	121½
So. P. R. S. pf.	110	115
Sc. Ry. pf.	63	65
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	81	85
Tenn. Cop.	31¾	32½
Texas Cent.	40	
Texas Cent. pf.	73	
T. P. L. Tr.	86	88
T., P. & W.	17	20½
T. R. & L.	10¼	11
Tol., St. L. & West.	41	45½
T. C. R. T.	114¾	115
U. B. & P.	9	10
Un. Cig. M. pf.	108	110
Un. Dry G.	116½	119
Un. Dry G. pf.	70	75
U. Rys. In.	108	109
U. S. C. I. pf.	64	66
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	72	76
U. S. R. & Ref.	6	7
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	17	
Vand. R. R.	75	
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	123	125
Va. I., C. & Coke.		32
Vulcan Det.	18	28
Vulcan Det. pf.	70	75
W. F. Exp.	170	180
West. Md. pf.	67	70
W. Md. pf., 4th paid.	49½	50
Westingh'se 1st pf.	110	125
W. & L. E. 1st con 4s	91½	10
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	53⅝	58¼
Wis. Cent.	45½	55

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Thursday.

Business on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was on a fairly active scale, with the total sales 64,270 shares, distributed among 49 different stocks. United States Steel common was the leader. Reading was second, Union Pacific third, and Amalgamated Copper fourth. The most activity was toward the close of the day, when business, enlarged decidedly, but at the expense of prices.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
6,420	Amal. Copper	76	76⅝	75½	75¾
90	Am. C. & F.	64½	64⅝	64⅜	64⅝
10	Am. Can	11⅝	11⅝	11⅜	11⅜
20	Am. Cot. Oil	67½	67½	67¼	67¼
10	Am. H. & L. pf.	38¼	39¼	38¼	38¼
100	Am. Ice	26⅜	27¼	26¼	27¼
210	Am. Loc.	53	55	52⅝	52⅝
4,050	Am. Smelting	82¾	82⅞	82⅛	82⅛
30	Am. Sugar	123	123¼	123	123¼
10	Am. Tel. & T.	135¾	135¾	135¾	135¾
60	Anac. Copper	46⅝	47⅛	46⅜	47⅛
200	A., T. & S. F.	113⅝	113⅝	113¼	113⅜
80	B. R. T.	77	78	76¾	77½
290	Ches. & Ohio	41⅜	41⅞	41⅝	41⅝
300	C., M. & St. P.	142⅛	142⅜	142	142¼
20	Col. F. & I.	40	40	39⅝	39⅝
140	Consol. Gas	142⅝	142⅝	141⅜	142
100	Corn Products	17	17	16¾	16¾
30	D. & R. G.	41⅝	41⅝	41⅛	41⅛
140	Erie	30¼	30¼	29⅞	30
20	Erie 1st pf.	49

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150 Adams Express
50 American Brass
$5,000 Amer. Dist. Tel. of N. J. 5s
50 American Express
25 Amer. Light & Trac. Com.
100 American Meter
100 Bush Terminal
200 Central Stamping Pfd.
200 Cincinnati Northern
100 City Investing Com.
$5,000 Cleve., Painesville & Asht. 5s
$5,000 Development Co. of Amer. 6s
$5,000 Eastern Penn. Rys. 5s
100 Federal Sugar Pfd.
$10,000 Federal Publishing Co. 6s
100 Internat. Silver Com.
$10,000 Internat. Silver 6s
$5,000 Kas. City Outer Belt 1st 4s
100 Lackawanna Steel
$10,000 Lake Superior Corp. 5s
50 Lehigh & New York Pfd.
1,000 Lit Brothers (Phila.)
50 Lou., Hend. & St. Louis Pfd.
100 Madison Square Garden
25 Mechanics & Metals Nat. Bk.
50 National Fuel Gas
200 Nat'l Lt., Ht. & P. Com.
100 Nat'l Lt., Ht. & P. Pfd.
100 Nat'l Bank of Cuba
$5,000 N. Y. A. Club (N. Y.) 2nd 5s
100 Niagara Falls Power
50 Norwich & Worcester Pfd.
100 Pacific Gas & Elec. Pfd.
100 Pittsburg Brewing Pfd.
100 St. Joe Lead
25 Sen-Sen Chiclet
200 Standard Coupler Com.
50 Thompson-Starrett Com.
$3,000 Union Club (N. Y.) 2d 5s
15 Williamsburg City Fire Ins.

WE CAN SUPPLY

100 Amer. Brake-Shoe Com.
100 Amer. Brake-Shoe Pfd.
$10,000 Amer. Brake-Shoe & Fdy. 5s
$5,000 Amer. Caramel Co. 1st 6s
100 Amer. Coal Products
100 Amer. Piano Pfd., with Com.
20 Amer. Speaking Telephone
100 American Snuff Com.
100 Associated Merch. 1st Pfd.
$10,000 Barrett Manufact'g Deb. 5s
100 Borden's Milk Pfd.
100 Borden's Milk Com.
29 Bklyn. Union "El" Pfd.
100 Buffalo & Susquehanna Pfd.
100 Carnegie Trust
$10,000 Central Rway. Syndicate
33 Costa Rica Development
50 Del., Lack. & Western Coal
100 Federal Sugar Com.
25 Fidelity-Phenix Ins. Co.
10 German Alliance Ins. Co.
15 Germania Fire Ins. Co.
200 Gunther's Sons, C. G., 2d Pfd
100 Hall Signal Pfd.
$5,000 Havana Tobacco 5s
200 Heany Company Com.
10 Home Fire Ins.
$5,000 Hudson Navigation 6s
103 Internat. Silver Pfd.
100 Int. Time Recdg. Pfd.
50 Int. Time Recdg. Com.
$10,000 Kas. City, Mex. & Orient 4s
100 Kings Co. Elec. Lt. & Power
25 Knickerbocker Trust
$10,000 Lebanon Gas & Fuel 5s
$40,000 Lincoln Gas & Elec. Lt. 5s
37 Nat'l Lt., Heat & P. Pfd.
50 Nat'l Bank of North Amer.
10 National Park Bank
112 Nat'l Park Bank "Rights"
100 New York Curtain
25 New Jersey Zinc
50 N. Y. & Q. E. Lt. & P. Pfd.
15 Niagara Fire Ins. Co.
125 North. Colorado Power Com.
100 Oil Fields of Mexico
50 Pere Marquette Com.
15 Phelps, Dodge & Co.
100 Porto Rican-Amer. Tobacco
100 Rubber Goods Mfg. Pfd.
30 Safety Car Heat. & Light.
200 Siegel Stores Pfd.
7 Singer Mfg.
7 State Bank
100 Standard Screw Pfd.
$10,000 Tacoma Gas Light Ref. 5s
90 Tri-City Rway. & Lt. Com.
100 Underwood Typewriter Com.
100 Underwood Typewriter Pfd.
$2,000 Union Wax & Parch't P. 6s
$5,000 United Lead Deb. 5s
$1,000 University Club 2nd 5s
75 Union Typewriter Com.
74 Wells, Fargo & Co.
100 Western Pacific
35 Winchester Repeating Arms
100 Yale & Towne Mfg.

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BANKERS

111 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

More Capital for Great Northern.

Reports circulated in Wall Street yesterday credited James J. Hill with a plan to raise a large amount of additional capital for the Great Northern for the further development of that property. While the Street was disposed to accept this story as likely of fulfillment in the not distant future, less credence was given to the rumor that the money could be raised by means of a bond issue, possibly a convertible issue. Mr. Hill is justly proud of the large percentage of the Great Northern's mileage which is free from all mortgage debt, and he is not known to have changed his views regarding the advisability of raising such new money as the Great Northern needs through issues of stock. It remains true that the Great Northern needs thorough issues of stock. It remains true that the Great Northern has several thousand miles of unmortgaged lines should a bond issue be favored by the road's management for the purpose of raising more capital. The officials of the company had nothing to say of the rumored financing by the Great Northern beyond the statement that they knew nothing about it, which left Wall Street to its own surmise regarding the plan which Mr. Hill may have in respect to raising more money for his own lines.

***

Hocking Valley Stock Increase.

The newly constituted Board of Directors of the Hocking Valley Railroad, having a few days ago decided to call in the road's $15,000,000 of preferred stock for payment at par, has now decided to restore the authorized capital issue of the road to its previous figure of $26,000,000 by authorizing an increase in the company's common stock from $11,000,000 to $26,000,000. A special meeting of the stockholders will be held in Columbus on May 11 to approve the proposed increase. In connection with this proposed increase it was noted yesterday that when the calling in of the preferred stock was announced no mention was made of any financing to be done in this connection. The road had received about $10,000,000 from the sale of subsidiary stocks, and this, presumably, was to be used as far as it would go to pay off the preferred stock. How the balance of money needed was to be made up was not definitely stated.

***

Poor Bank of England Showing.

The Bank of England's need of the gold it is getting from New York was made clear enough in yesterday's weekly statement of the Bank, which showed the lowest percentage of reserve at this date in any year since 1899. The week brought the bank a loss of more than $2,500,000 in reserve, with large increases in general deposits and advances to the Government, the net result of which was to bring the reserve below the traditional minimum of 40 per cent. The exact figure reported yesterday was 39.55 per cent. At this date in 1899 it fell below 38, but in every year since then, with this exception, the reserve in the first week in April has been above 40 per cent. One reason why the Bank made such a poor showing yesterday was that gold has been taken out of the bank this week for shipment to South America, while the gold engaged here to offset these South American shipments has not yet arrived in London. The character of the statement made by the English Bank yesterday does not hold out any promise that the bank will give up its efforts to obtain further shipments of gold from New York.

***

Interest Rates Advance.

One effect the gold exports are having in this market was revealed yesterday in an advance in call money to 4 per cent., the highest figure quoted in nearly three months, and an advance in the rates for short time loans. An upward movement in rates here would normally have the effect of checking a gold export movement, but it is to be doubted if the advance which has so far taken place is sufficient to place any real obstacle in the way of a further outflow of the precious metal, particularly in view of the eagerness which the Bank of England has shown to replenish its supply of gold. This eagerness is well indicated by the payment by the Bank of premiums of from 1½d to 2d for American gold coin.

***

Market in the Doldrums.

In the noon hour yesterday total transactions were only 8,157 shares. In fact, for the hours from noon till 2 o'clock only 31,500 shares were traded in, which would have been dull even for an off day in midsummer. Steel absorbed most of the "activity" during this two-hour period, its movement being confined to ¼ of a point. Reading and Upion Pacific, which came next in order in "activity," seesawed back and forth on the tape in a ⅛ point limit.

WORTHLESS BOND CO. FORMED

Wall Street Amused Over Title of a New Corporation.

The news from Albany yesterday that the "Worthless Securities Company" had been incorporated tickled the funnybone of Wall Street, but James Westervelt of 35 Wall Street, who filed the papers, insisted that the company was not a joke. He admitted that it had been incorporated in full knowledge of the meaning of the word, but said that he could not talk about the matter.

Mr. Westervelt makes his office with W. R. McDowall & Co., whose business is not stated on their door. The same office harbors an "irrigated land company."

Secretary of State Koenig was sufficiently interested in the strangely named company to look into the papers himself. He found that it purposes to buy and sell consols and other Government securities, municipal, State, and county bonds, and other securities. It begins with a capital of $500.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
4s, May, '59, f'chg.....	99	99¼	99	99¼
4½s, May, '57, f'chg...	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼
4½s, Nov, '57, f'chg...	108¼	108½	108¼	108½
4½s, May, '17, f'chg...	102⅝	103½	102⅝	103½
4½s, Nov., '17, f'chg...	102⅝	103½	102⅝	103½
4s, Nov., '58, f'chg.....	99	99¼	99	99¼
4s, May, '57, f'chg.....	99	99¼	99	99¼
4s, May, '19, f'chg.....	99	100	99	100
4s, Nov., '56, reg.....	98¼	99	98¼	99
4s, Nov., '36, reg.....	98¼	99	98¼	99
3½s, Nov., '55, f'chg...	87⅞	88¼	87⅞	88¼
3½s, May, '54, coup....	87⅞	88¼	87⅞	88¼
3½s, May, '54, reg.....	87⅞	88¼	87⅞	88¼
3½s, Nov., '41, reg....	88	89	88	89
*6s, Nov., '10, rev.....	101¼	102½	101⅝	102
4½s, Mar., '60, w. i.....	101	101¼	101	101¼

*Coupon or registered.

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	April 6.	Month.	Fiscal Y'r.
Customs	$1,371,917	$5,389,235	$260,204,675
Internal rev....	628,342	3,744,046	202,881,880
Miscellaneous..	48,928	964,415	34,672,993
Total	2,049,187	10,077,696	497,709,550
Expenditures ..	854,839	7,841,906	511,024,070
Surplus	1,194,348	2,735,790	*13,314,519

*Deficit.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Stock Exchange firm of William C. Sheldon & Co. will move its offices on April 30 from 4 Wall Street to 62 Cedar Street.

Stephen Baker, President, and Pierre Jay, Vice President of the Bank of the Manhattan Company, have been elected Directors of the Bank of Long Island, Jamaica.

The meeting of the Directors of the American Steel Foundries Company, scheduled for yesterday, at which an initial dividend on the stock was expected to be declared, failed for lack of a quorum.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, April 7.—Money was in fair demand and better supply to-day. Discount rates were quiet and unchanged.

Business on the Stock Exchange had a ragged appearance during the forenoon. The feature of the trading was a gradual decline in rubber shares on realizations, owing to the restrictions placed on the carry-over facilities for these shares. A moderate rally occurred in the afternoon, but net losses were general at the close. Mining shares, home rails, and trunk lines declined under profit taking, but closed firmer. Mexican rails, oil stocks, and consols improved, the poor bank statement having practically no effect. Guayaquil bonds lost three points, but Peruvian securities were better.

American securities opened steady and a fraction higher. Later rumors of increased dividends and the absence of a change in the Bank rate helped the market. The improvement was lost in the afternoon when New York offerings caused declines of from ½ to a full point and made the closing weak.

Bar silver, steady 24d per ounce.

Money, 2½@3½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3 13-16@3⅞ per cent.; in the open market for three months' bills is 3 13-16@3⅞ per cent.

PARIS, April 7.—Prices were generally firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 98 francs 87½ centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 24½ centimes for checks.

BERLIN, April 7.—Trading was light at firm prices on the Boerse to-day.

Bank of England.

LONDON, April 7.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserve decreased £535,000, circulation increased £192,000, bullion decreased £842,120, other securities increased £971,000, other deposits increased £3,754,000, public deposits increased £1,793,000, notes reserve decreased £451,000, Government securities increased £4,498,000.

Bank of France.

PARIS, April 7.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation decreased 98,275,000 francs, Treasury deposits decreased 20,475,000 francs, general deposits decreased 15,075,000 francs, gold in hand decreased 7,750,000 francs, silver in hand increased 700,000 francs, bills discounted decreased 232,875,000 francs, advances increased 29,425,000 francs.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money...	81⅝	..	..	+ ⅛
Consols, account..	81⅝	..	..	+ ⅛
Anaconda	9⅝	46⅞	47⅛	— ½
Atchison 116½	118⅜	114	— ⅝	
Canadian Pacific..186⅞	182¼	182⅝	— ⅝	
St. Paul 145½	141⅞	143	— 1⅜	
Erie	31	30¼	30¼	..
Erie 1st pf.....	50¼	49¼	49	+ ¼
Illinois Central ..143	139⅝	139⅝	— ⅝	
Louis. & Nash.....155	151¼	150⅝	+ ½	
N. Y. Cent.....126	122⅞	123	— ⅛	
Pennsylvania 69½	135½	136¼	— ¾	
Reading 85	165¾	166⅜	— ⅝	
Southern Pacific..128	124⅞	125⅜	— ⅛	
Union Pacific....190⅝	185⅞	186⅝	— 1	
U. S. Steel 87	84⅞	85⅜	— ⅛	
U. S. Steel pf....123½	120½	120½	..	

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird.....1 8 0	Esperanza 2 18 9		
Tomboy 0 18 9	Dolores 1 10 0		
El Oro 1 8 6	Stratton's Ind...0 8 3		

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

4,776. AMERICAN GOODS FOR GERMANY.—A business man in Germany writes that he is very much interested in the American import and export trade, and is especially anxious to get in touch with newly established firms in the United States. He desires business connections for all classes of salable goods for Germany.

4,777. HIDES, WOOL, SKINS, &c.—One of the special agents of the Department of Commerce and Labor has forwarded the name of a South American firm exporting hides and wool that desires to be placed in communication with importers of the same in the United States; also the name of an exporter of hides, sheepskins, glue stock, bones, bone ash, &c., who desires American connections.

4,778. CEYLON PRODUCE.—A letter received from a business man in Colombo states that he is an exporter of Ceylon produce of all kinds, and would like to enter into correspondence with interested American firms.

4,779. AMERICAN MANUFACTURES.—An American Consul in a European country reports that a recent investigation has convinced him that American manufacturers, if they made an earnest effort, would find a large market for such articles as windmills, corrugated iron blinds for windows and doors, all classes of metal work connected with building operations, engines of small horse power for silk factories, olive presses, small workshops, washers and driers, agricultural implements, specialties in household utensils, and cotton fabrics.

4,780. TRAMWAY SUPPLIES.—A report from an American Consul in Southern Europe states that it is likely the construction of a new tram line over twelve miles in length will be begun in his district shortly.

4,781. WINDMILLS AND OLIVE PRESSES.—A commission agent in a European country has advised an American Consul that he wishes to handle American windmills and olive presses, and would like to get in touch with firms producing the same.

4,782. AMERICAN GOODS OF VARIOUS KINDS.—A firm of American import and export freight agents writes that one of its correspondents desires to secure the names of American manufacturers of salad spoons and forks, these being made of lignwood, sycamore, and olive wood; motor car brushes, and the name of the manufacturer of the "sterling slicer."

4,783. MACHINERY FOR MAKING PAPER FROM COTTONSEED HUSKS.—An American Consul in India reports that a business man in his district desires to erect a paper mill in connection with his cottonseed oil mill, and would like to get in communication with American manufacturers of machinery for making paper from cottonseed husks.

4,784. SHEET IRON AND METAL GOODS.—An American business man writes requesting the names of manufacturers of the following articles: Perforated sheet iron for radiators, staircases, fire guards, &c.; also apparatus for sliding doors used in railroad and trolley cars, factories, &c.

4,785. PIANO-PLAYER MUSIC.—A report from an American Consul in the United Kingdom states that a local business man desires to hear from American firms engaged in the cutting of piano-player music, (65 note.) He desires catalogues from manufacturers, with prices per foot for special cutting.

4,786. AMERICAN GOODS.—A letter received from an American business man states that one of his correspondents in the Netherlands desires to represent in that country and its colonies American manufacturers of the following articles: Chamois leather, guttapercha overshoes, linoleum, horseshoe nails, door locks, padlocks, &c.; also dealers in California fruit, lobster, salmon, &c.

4,787. CARDBOARD DISKS.—A British firm advises an American Consul that it is in the market for cardboard disks, such as are used in the United States to close the tops of milk bottles.

4,788. PLANING MILL MACHINERY AND SUPPLIES.—An American Consul in Canada reports that American exporters of planing mill machinery and supplies will find a good market for their goods in his district, as building promises to become quite active during 1910.

4,789. CRANES AND HOISTING APPARATUS.—A business man in a Latin-American country advises an American Consular officer that he will be glad to receive correspondence and catalogues, in Spanish, regarding hoisting apparatus of all kinds, especially cranes for carrying large quantities of wood.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 7.—Trading in local stocks was featured by a good rise in Sears-Roebuck common and a decline in National Carbon. These two issues were the extremes in a dull, irregular market.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
25..American Can.....	11¼	11¼	11¼
50..American Can pf...	74¾	74¾	74¾
25..Amer. Tel. & Tel..136	136	136	
438..Amer. Shipbuilding.	75	75	75
60..Chi. Pneumat. Tool.	45	45	45
110..Chi. Rys., Series 1..	98½	98	98
40..Chi. Rys., Series 2..	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝
4..Chic. Telephone....129½	129½	129½	
10..Com. Edison.....116	116	116	
80..Diamond Match....100¾	100¼	100¼	
550..Illinois Brick.....	84	84	84
50..People's Gas.....109¾	109¾	109¾	
20..Quaker Oats pf....104¼	104¼	104¼	
1,165..Sears-Roebuck.....164	163½	164	
50..South Side L.....	27	27	27
127..Swift & Co.....105¼	105	105	
100..United Boxboard...	8¾	8½	8½
1,015..McCrum H.....	52¼	51	51¾
65..McCrum pf.....	100	100	100
50..National Biscuit pf..107	107	107	
70..National Carbon...115¾	115¾	115¾	

EXISTING RATES DEFENDED.

Dixon of the Pennsylvania Explains Those Objected To.

George B. Dixon, Freight Traffic Manager of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, discussed grain rates to Philadelphia, as compared with rates to New York and Baltimore, before the Transportation Committee of the Commercial Exchange yesterday. The rates from Chicago to Philadelphia are 2 cents on domestic and 1 cent on export grain less than the rates to New York, and those from Chicago to Baltimore are 3 cents and 1½ cents, respectively, less than the New York rate.

Mr. Dixon defended existing rates, which have been the subject of agitation among New York commercial bodies. He gave lengths of haul in comparisons and other details which had been taken into consideration in basing the rates, and explained and offered reasons for seeming inequalities in the charges for elevation and delivery at the different ports which operate against New York. He said that the Inter-State Commerce Commission had also gone into this matter, and that it could be "safely stated that there is no criticism upon their part that there is any discrimination contained therein as between the several ports."

BEEF CONCERNS FAIL.

Stockholders Disagree Over Management of Kansas City Companies.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 7.—Receivers were appointed here to-day for the American Dressed Beef and Provision Company and the Irter-State Ice and Cold Storage Company, both of which concerns are controlled by the same men. Arthur W. Morse was appointed receiver for Kansas City, Mo., and E. S. McAnany for Kansas City, Kan.

The applications were made because stockholders have disagreed over the management of the concerns. The assets of the beef company are given as $450,000, liabilities $180,000. The assets of the ice company are $400,000, liabilities $40,000.

April Bond Circular

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INVESTORS READ

The Wall Street Journal

DIVIDENDS.

PITTSBURG COAL COMPANY.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 6th, 1910.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of one and one-quarter (1¼) per cent. on the preferred stock, payable April 25th, 1910, to stockholders of record April 20th, 1910. F. J. LEMOYNE, Secretary.

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue, New York.

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OFFICERS.

Edward Merritt, President. Frederick T. Aldridge, Secretary.
Clinton L. Rossiter, 1st Vice President. Willard P. Schenck, Asst. Secretary.
David G. Legget, 2nd Vice President. Charles R. Gay, Asst. Secretary.

TRUSTEES.

Edward D. White, Seth L. Keeney, John Englis,
Edward Merritt, John F. Halsted, Frederick T. Aldridge,
Theodore F. Jackson, David H. Valentine, Walter S. Benedict,
Frank Lyman, Clinton D. Burdick, William V. Hester,
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Seymour L. Husted, Jr., Clinton L. Rossiter, John H. Emanuel, Jr.,
Frank L. Babbott, Martin Joost, Howard O. Wood.

Long Island Loan & Trust Company

Temple Bar, 44 Court Street

Brooklyn

The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Co.

NO. 5 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK CITY, MARCH 29, 1910.

To the Stockholders of The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company:

By order of the Board of Directors the privilege will be given to the holders of the Common Stock and Preferred Stock to subscribe at 102½ per cent. and accrued interest, during the period beginning June 1 and ending June 3, 1910, for an amount of Fifty-Year 4 per cent. Convertible Gold Bonds of the Company, issue of 1910, equal to 14 per cent. of their respective holdings of stock as registered on the Company's books at the close of business on April 19, 1910. The offer has been underwritten. The bonds will mature June 1st, 1960, and will be convertible on or after June 1, 1913, but prior to June 1, 1923, at the option of the holders, into Common Stock of an equal par value. The subscription price of each $1,000 bond will be $1,025 and accrued interest, payable as follows:

At the time of subscription, $325; between December 6 and December 8, 1910, $350; and between June 6 and June 8, 1911, $350 and adjusted accrued interest.

Subscription warrants and a circular furnishing further details will be mailed as soon as possible to each stockholder of the Company.

D. L. GALLUP, Comptroller.

STATE OF NEW YORK

4 Per Cent Highway Improvement Gold Bonds

EXEMPT FROM TAXATION

Dated March 1, 1910. Due March 1, 1960.

AMOUNTING TO

$5,000,000.00

Issued in Coupon or Registered Form,

Will Be Sold Wednesday, April 20th, 1910,

At 2 o'Clock P. M.

At the State Comptroller's Office, Albany, N. Y.

These Bonds Are Legal Investments for Trust Funds

No bids will be accepted for less than the par value of the bonds nor unless accompanied by a deposit of money or by a certified check or bank draft upon a solvent bank or trust company of the cities of Albany or New York, payable to the order of the Comptroller of the State of New York, for at least two per cent. of the par value of the bonds bid for.

All proposals, together with the security deposits, must be sealed and indorsed "Loan for Highway Improvement," and inclosed in a sealed envelope directed to the "Comptroller of the State of New York, Albany."

All bids will include accrued interest.

The Comptroller reserves the right to reject any or all bids which are not in his opinion advantageous to the interests of the State.

Circular descriptive of this and other State issues mailed upon application to

Clark Williams, State Comptroller, Albany, N. Y.

Albany, March 28, 1910.

DIVIDENDS.

VANDALIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

Pittsburgh, Pa., April 5, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. (1¼%) upon the stock of the Company, payable in cash on Wednesday, May 25, 1910, to stockholders of record at twelve o'clock noon, Saturday, May 14, 1910. Checks for the above dividend will be mailed to the stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders with The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New York City.

The Board of Directors recently decided that hereafter dividends should be paid quarterly, and the above is the first dividend on the quarterly basis. Dividends will be paid hereafter, until the Board decides otherwise, on the twenty-fifth day of February, May, August, and November.

T. H. B. McKNIGHT, Treasurer.

Office of
H. M. BYLLESBY & COMPANY,
Engineers, Managers,
CHICAGO.

The Board of Directors of the Fort Smith Light & Traction Company has declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-quarter Per Cent. (1¼%) upon the preferred stock of this company, payable by check April 15, 1910, to stockholders of record as of the close of business March 31st, 1910. The Preferred Stock Books will be closed April 1st, 1910, and reopened April 11th, 1910.

R. J. GRAF,
Assistant Secretary.

NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE BANK.

New York, N. Y.
March 30th, 1910.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of The New York Produce Exchange Bank held this day a regular dividend of 3% and an extra dividend of 1% was declared, payable April 15th to stockholders of record April 5th, 1910.

JOHN R. WOOD, Cashier.

OFFICE OF
THE NIAGARA FALLS POWER CO.,
15 Broad Street, New York,
April 5, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of $2.00 per share on the stock of this company, from the surplus net income, payable on and after April 25th, 1910, to stockholders of record on the 15th day of April, 1910. F. L. LOVELACE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED STATES RUBBER COMPANY.

42 Broadway, New York, April 7, 1910.

The Board of Directors of the United States Rubber Company has this day declared from its net profits a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. on the First Preferred Stock, (including all outstanding old "Preferred" Stock,) and a quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. on the Second Preferred Stock of this company, to Stockholders of record at 3 P. M. on Friday, April 15, 1910, payable without closing of the Transfer Books, April 30, 1910. JOHN J. WATSON, Jr., Treasurer.

EL RAYO MINES COMPANY.

New York, March 30, 1910.

The Board of Directors have to-day declared a quarterly dividend of Three Per Cent., payable on April 15, 1910, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on April 8, 1910. The transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M. on April 8, 1910, and reopened at 10 A. M. on April 16, 1910. FRANK W. HOLMES, Treasurer.

State Bank and Trust Companies' statements will be published in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review next Monday, April 11th.

Out-of-town National Bank statements will be published in The New York Times Monday, April 11th, and in the Weekly Financial Review of The New York Times of April 18th.

The Hocking Valley Railway Company

RETIREMENT OF PREFERRED STOCK

April 6th, 1910.

To the Holders of Preferred Stock of The Hocking Valley Railway Company:

Notice is hereby given that in the exercise of the power reserved by The Hocking Valley Railway Company, and specifically stated in its Articles of Incorporation and Regulations, and also declared in every outstanding stock certificate, the Company has duly determined to retire the Preferred stock, and the same will be duly retired in whole at par upon the 30TH DAY OF APRIL, 1910.

Accordingly, each and every holder of Preferred stock is notified to present and to surrender his certificate for such Preferred stock, at the office of J. P. MORGAN & COMPANY, No. 23 Wall Street, New York City, on or after the 30TH DAY OF APRIL, 1910, and upon such surrender such holder will receive payment in cash of the par amount thereof, together with a proportionate amount of the annual 4 per cent. dividend thereon from the date when the last dividend accrued, viz., December 31st, 1909, to April 30th, 1910.

No holder of any certificate for Preferred stock shall or will have any right after APRIL 30TH, 1910, as a stockholder of the Company, nor any claim against the Company, except to receive payment for the certificates surrendered at the rate above stated.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

WM. N. COTT, Secretary.

23 Wall Street, New York, April 7th, 1910.

Referring to the above notice, on and after April 30th, 1910, or until further notice, we shall be prepared to pay, upon surrender to us of certificates of Hocking Valley preferred stock, properly indorsed, an amount equal to par together with the proportionate amount of the annual 4 per cent. dividend thereon from the date when the last dividend accrued, namely December 31st, 1909, to April 30th, 1910.

Until further notice we shall be prepared also at any time prior to April 30th, 1910, to receive Hocking Valley preferred stock and pay for the same at par and accrued dividend from December 31st, 1909, to the date of payment.

Holders of our Trust Receipts for Hocking Valley preferred stock may upon presentation of such certificates properly indorsed, receive the cash payment as above indicated in the same manner as holders of certificates for preferred stock.

J. P. MORGAN & CO.

Central Foundry Company

To Holders of the Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Debentures of 1919 of Central Foundry Company, and to all other creditors of said Company:

In order to facilitate a speedy reorganization of Central Foundry Company, the Committee constituted by the agreement dated February 16, 1910, urges all debenture holders and other creditors, who have not already done so, to deposit their debentures in negotiable form, with the coupon of May 1, 1910, and all subsequent coupons attached, and all other claims and evidences of indebtedness, with appropriate transfers, proofs of claim, and powers of attorney, with CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, the depositary named in said agreement, at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City, New York. Certificates of deposit will be issued for all debentures and claims so deposited.

Copies of the deposit agreement and forms of transfer, proofs of claim, and powers of attorney may be obtained from the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, or from the Secretary of the Committee.

Dated New York, April 7, 1910.

JAMES N. WALLACE, Chairman.
C. D. SMITHERS,
P. J. GOODHART,
AUGUST HECKSCHER,
GEORGE D. HALLOCK,
Committee.

FRANKLIN L. BABCOCK, Secretary.
JOLINE, LARKIN & RATHBONE;
BYRNE & CUTCHEON,
Counsel.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF LIQUIDATION, CITY DEBT,

Room 206 City Hall Annex.

New Orleans, March 11, 1910.

The Board of Liquidation, City Debt, acting under authority of Act No. 19 of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana for the session of 1906 and Act No. 116 of said General Assembly for the session of 1908, both of which said acts have been ratified by Constitutional Amendments and have become part of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, will receive sealed

CRANE WILL PLAY GOULD FOR TITLE

Bostonian Defeats Payne Whitney Three Sets Straight in Court Tennis Tourney.

Joshua Crane of the Boston Racquet Club will play Jay Gould of the Philadelphia Racquet Club to-morrow for the title of amateur court tennis champion of the United States. The Boston expert won the right to compete against the title holder by defeating Payne Whitney of the New York Racquet Club yesterday on the courts of the New York Racquet and Tennis Club by the score of 6—3, 6—4, 6—3. The game created great interest among the members of the club, as it determined whether the championship round would include a member of the Racquet Club. The absence of Charles Sands from the tournament left Mr. Whitney as the most representative player in the club. The comparatively easy manner in which Whitney disposed of Dr. Miskey of Philadelphia in the semi-final round Wednesday led to the hope that he would reach the final round.

The contest was somewhat onesided throughout. Crane was never really in danger, and by superior play always held his opponent safe. There were stages when Whitney showed excellent style, but while he was at times effective he was lacking in strength when hard pushed, while his opponent seldom lost an opportunity to add to his score. Although competing for several years Crane has never succeeded in winning the title. Twice he has been the runner-up. On the form he displayed yesterday the general opinion is that Jay Gould will again have a comparatively easy victory.

Payne Whitney played a steady game, and for the first time during the tournament did not put a ball out of court; he was, however, rather weak on placing. He found the dedans five times, using good judgment in these strokes, while the Boston expert negotiated the long net four times. It was, however, in the winning gallery that Crane showed strength, and four times he succeeded in scoring this way, while Whitney did not make a single winning gallery shot. Crane drove the ball into the grille opening twice, while Whitney made but one point by this play. The local player secured two points through his opponent going out of court.

The games were in the main clean cut, with few extended contests. Vantage was seldom called, but the rallies were of frequent nature and long sustained. Whitney was not favored with luck. He several times caught the edge of the dedans and grille and was thereby robbed of a number of points, while Crane managed to add considerably to his score by clean drives to these openings.

In the opening set Whitney lost a number of points through being unable to return Crane's service. There were few winning openings scored in this set, but Whitney forced his opponent to the limit in each game except the ninth and deciding event, when Crane blanked his opponent.

The second set began in a sensational manner. Whitney was 40—15, when Crane, with the aid of a grille and a point in the dedans, together with several fluky strokes by Whitney, was able to win the first game. Whitney improved in the second game, and tallied on both the dedans and grille. Three successive games were credited to the New York player before Crane was able to get back into his winning stride. When once he found Whitney's weak spot he quickly forged ahead, and twice in the ninth game found the dedans, while Whitney also scored on this play by a boosted force. Whitney lost the last game without scoring a point, failing twice in succession to score on penalty chances.

Whitney made a better showing in the first part of the third set, but failed to maintain it, and after the fourth game was never a serious contender. He won the seventh game, making the score 4—3 in favor of Crane, when the latter easily annexed the next two and won the set and game. The score:

FIRST SET.

Crane	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	—8
Whitney	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	—3

SECOND SET.

Crane	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	—6
Whitney	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	—4

THIRD SET.

Crane	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	—6
Whitney	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	—3

Referee—George Standing, New York Racquet and Tennis Club. Marker—Jack White.

Fencing Trophy at Annapolis.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 7.—The Naval Academy fencing team has received for one year the bronze figures "The Carlovingian Swordsman" awarded for the winning of this year's championship of the Intercollegiate Fencing Association. Since the formation of the association, the Naval Academy has won the trophy three times and the Military Academy has won it six times. No institution outside of the service schools has won it since it has been a member, though the individual championship has gone to members of other schools.

Sir Martin Out of Spring Handicaps.

LONDON, April 7.—Surprise has been caused in the sporting world by the announcement that Louis Winans's Sir Martin has been scratched for the City and Suburban race in the English Spring Handicaps. Sir Martin was the only American nomination for this event.

CARNIVAL FOR NEWSBOYS.

7,000 Noisy Lads See Athletic Games Held at Twenty-second Regiment.

Newsboys from every section of the city journeyed to the Twenty-second Regiment Armory last night at the newsboys' carnival and games, held under the auspices of The New York Journal. When the gun was fired for the first event fully 7,000 were crowded into the galleries, yelling and shouting to their hearts' content.

Eight hundred athletes were entered in the various events, including nearly all the best in the metropolitan district. In one event alone, the one-mile run, about 100 athletes faced the starter.

The feature event of the evening was the three-mile handicap. The Mohawk Athletic Club went into this run with great expectations. This was the final event of the evening, and the Pastime Athletic Club was leading for the point trophy with 11 points, to the Mohawk's 8. To win the trophy the Mohawk Athletic Club was compelled to capture all three places in this event. This they set out to do, and with Joe Malone on scratch, won all three places, making a total of 14 points, and thereby capturing the silver trophy.

About eighty men faced the starter in the 880-yard handicap, with Melvin W. Sheppard and Abel Kiviat, both of the Irish-American Athletic Club, on scratch. The field was too large for either of these crack distance runners to wade through, and when the tape was broken neither had been successful in getting a place. Kiviat was about seventh, while Sheppard was further back. J. Hand of the Dominican Lyceum, with a handicap of 50 yards, won the event easily, his time being 1:56 4-5.

Public School 19, Manhattan, won the elementary school relay in fine style. The summaries:

70-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by W. E. Conway, unattached. (14 feet;) G. McCadden, Etna A. C., (14 feet;) second; R. Cloughen, Irish-American A. C., (scratch,) third. Time—0:07 2-5.

880-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by J. Hand, Dominican Lyceum, (50 yards;) E. G. McGowan, Knights of St. Anthony, (46 yards,) second; E. S. Kelly, Y. M. C. A., (44 yards,) third. Time—1:56 4-5.

Two-Lap Relay, 100-Pound Class, Elementary Schools.—Won by P. S. 19, Manhattan, team, composed of Pestorino, Horowitz, Romano, and French; P. S. 10, Manhattan, team, composed of Lurie, Pasquali, Stern, and Briggs, second; P. S. 89, Manhattan, team, composed of Matthews, Brown, Hampton, and Knag, third. Time—0:45.

Putting 12-Pound Shot, Handicap.—Won by E. Efthimios, Irish-American A. C., (8 feet,) actual put 43 feet ½ inch; J. J. Eller, Irish-American A. C., (6 feet,) actual put 39 feet 11½ inches, second; J. J. Elliott, Irish-American A. C., (scratch,) actual put 47 feet 9½ inches, third.

300-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by F. A. Werneken, Acorn A. C., (13 yards;) R. N. Parke, Pastime A. C., (10 yards,) second; A. McDonough, Xavier A. C., (13 yards,) third. Time—0:33 1-5.

Two-Mile Bicycle Race, Scratch.—Won by W. Van Den Dries, New York Athletic Club; W. Raleigh, Acorn A. C., second; H. Brown, Twenty-third Regiment, third. Time—5:16 2-5.

One-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by C. A. Bridenbach, Mohegan A. C., (100 yards;) F. P. Devlin, Mott Haven A. C., (95 yards,) second; F. Foran, Mott Haven A. C., (80 yards,) third. Time—4:28 1-5.

One Mile Walk, Handicap.—Won by E. Renz, Mohawk A. C., (12½ yards;) A. Voellineke, Pastime A. C., (45 yards,) second; T. Neundorf, Mott Haven A. C., (150 yards,) third. Time—6:56 4-5.

Three-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by J. Malone, Mohawk A. C., (scratch;) A. Biddle, Mohawk A. C., (60 yards,) second; E. Smith, Mohawk A. C., (100 yards,) third. Time—15:43 4-5.

Novice Fencing Tournament.

A large number of spectators witnessed the novice fencing tournament at the gymnasium of the New York Turn Verein last night. The event is the first meeting arranged by this club to promote interest in fencing. The fencing instructor, Charles Koch, has donated a handsome silver cup, which will be presented to the fencer who wins two victories in the tournament, which will become an annual fixture.

R. Roebbelen won last night's competition after several exciting bouts. The tourney was a round robin event. The first feature took the form of a fencing lesson, in which each of the five contestants faced the instructor, Mr. Koch, the judges paying special attention to the form displayed. In the round robin 50 per cent. of the points were awarded for form and 50 per cent. for touches. By his victory R. Roebbelen wins the first leg on the Koch Cup. G. Reuherr, Jr., was second, A. Reckelman third, J. C. Bengler fourth, and G. Hehl fifth. The last four contestants were each presented with a pair of foils.

Dyker Meadow Golf Events.

The schedule of the Spring events of the Dyker Meadow Golf Club includes weekly tournaments commencing on Saturday, April 9, when a Class A and B handicap event will be held. Class A includes players handicapped below 11, and Class B those handicapped above 10. Other events are: April 16, match play handicap against bogey; 23, Monthly Club handicap; 30, four-ball foursome; May 7, Bogey handicap; 14, second monthly handicap; 21 and 22, Class A and B; 28, Bogey competition; 30, Memorial Day competition for Maxwell Cup; June 4, Bogey handicap; 11, third Monthly Club handicap; 18, Class A and B; 25, Bogey handicap; July 2, 18 holes medal play handicap; July 4, Independence Day Cup.

Trust Company Demurrer Sustained.

Judge Ward of the United States Circuit Court gave a decision yesterday in the action of James Pollitz against the Wabash Railroad to obtain an accounting of stock transfers. The court vacated an order sustaining the demurrer of the Metropolitan Trust Company and dismissing the bill of complaint as of the trust company. Judge Ward says that "under the ruling of the Circuit Court of Appeals the Circuit Court was without jurisdiction to render the judgment in question.

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AMATEUR BILLIARD WINNERS.

Poggenburg and Conklin Take Class A Amateur Billiard Game.

J. Ferdinand Poggenburg of the Liederkranz Club defeated Morris D. Brown of the Hamilton Club last night by a score of 400 to 341 in the most interesting match that ha sso far marked the play for the 18.2 amateur billiard championship at the Hamilton Club, Brooklyn. From the start it was a nip and tuck struggle. Five times Poggenburg was in front of Brown and four times the latter had the advantage.

If at times the match did drop to mediocre billiards, the brilliant play which marked the regular course of events aroused frequent applause from a big assemblage of spectators. In the main the style of the two players was different, the winner confining his efforts to the nursing game, at which he was much better than in his first game of the present tournament with Uffenheimer, when he met defeat. He clustered the balls, and, with a pronounced liking for the end rails, clicked off point after point of as pretty billiards as would be seen in a professional match.

In the afternoon session, Charles F. Conklin of the Chicago Athletic Club won his second game of the tournament, defeating Dr. Walter G. Douglas of the New York Athletic Club by a score of 400 to 227.

Perhaps it was the easy victory which made Conklin's play rather indifferent, but at any rate there was little of particular merit, and Douglas was even more out of form.

Dr. Douglas had an inning of first-rate play when he negotiated a cluster of 48. Conklin started well, but he slowed up at mid-game, and there were a plenty of the zero counts toward the last.

The best run that Conklin could make was 31, but it counted in double figures fourteen times, while Dr. Douglas could get but eight inning that netted ten or more. The average by the Chicago player was 7, 29-53, which was decidedly below his standard, while Dr. Douglas made a mark of but 4, 19-52. TThe scores:

AFTERNOON GAME.

C. F. Conklin—17 1 0 1 25 1 9 31 9 1 4 0 2 3 5 4 30 12 15 9 19 28 8 0 5 12 1 9 4 9 13 2 10 8 17 3 0 2 0 0 12 0 10 0 0 8 1 9 0 5. Total—400.

High runs—31, 29, and 28. Average—7 29-53.

W. G. Douglas—0 2 0 0 14 3 16 1 0 11 21 13 2 1 2 3 0 3 0 2 2 7 23 0 3 1 1 0 0 1 6 0 4 8 1 6 0 0 5 2 0 0 1 5 1 0 0 0 5 0 0 0 5. Total—227.

High runs—48, 23 nad 21. Average—4 19-52.

EVENING GAME.

J. F. Poggenburg—3 37 1 0 4 7 0 2 0 1 10 2 0 4 10 25 2 12 28 8 7 1 3 0 4 26 2 11 5 9 1 10 20 7 5 11 1 2 0 16 3 0 29 1 0 0 24 1 6 33 1. Total—400. High runs—33, 29, and 28. Average—7 36-52.

Morris D. Brown—3 17 8 0 0 8 20 6 0 0 15 11 3 0 8 2 4 3 10 49 5 1 23 21 4 0 5 1 7 14 9 7 11 3 0 0 0 0 29 14 7 1 0 0 1 5 5 9. Total—341. High runs—49, 29, and 23. Average—6 35-51.

This afternoon Joseph Mayer of the Columbia Club of Philadelphia will play Dr. Walter E. Uffenheimer of the same club, and to-night the match will be between Edward W. Gardner of the Montclair Athletic Club and J. Ferdinand Poggenburg of the Liederkranz Club.

JEFFRIES HARD AT WORK.

Fear That He May Overtrain—Cuts Out Handball.

BEN LOMOND, Cal,, April 7.—James J. Jeffries buckled down to real training to-day. He ran nine miles along the country roads, played baseball for two hours, and then worked in the handball court until the perspiration dripped from his body.

The exercise of the day was so strenuous that fear was voiced by several members of the camp that Jeffries would be overtrained when he faces Jack Johnson on July 4.

Jeffries was ready for work at 5 o'clock this morning. Accompanied by Farmer Burns, Bob Armstrong, and his two nephews, Jeffries started out on a jog to Boulder Creek, four and a half miles from camp. When he reached the village he turned around and jogged right back ot camp. His pace was easy and his wind was good.

The effect of this work, coupled with the tourtin climbing and the previous two days' training was evident in a change in the waist line. The fear of Jeffries's trainers that he will overwork and fall stale before the fight is shown in the decision to-night to eliminate handball. A bit of early morning road work and a four-round boxing session with Armstrong in the afetrnoon is the programme now laid down.

MERRILL HEADS UNION TRUST.

Central's Vice President Succeeds the Late John R. Castles.

The Union Trust Company elected a President yesterday to fill the vacancy caused by the death of John R. Castles last year. Edwin C. Merrill, Vice President of the Central Trust Company was chosen. The Union Trust Company, which is one of the largest in the city, has been practically without a President since soon after the panic, when President King, who had headed the company for many years, died. After a long interim he was succeeded by John R. Castles, who came from the Presidency of the Guaranty Trust Company.

Mr. Castles was suffering from overwork at the time, never having fully recovered from the strain of the panic, and was at his desk only a brief time in the year he was in office. He committed suicide about a year ago.

Up to yesterday the Union Trust Company was one of several of the city's large trust companies which have been for a long time without Presidents, including the Guaranty and Mercantile Trust Companies.

Mr. Merrill is 37 years old and came to New York from Maine last year. His family in Maine were identified with the private banking firm of Merrill & Co. of Bangor, which became the Merrill Trust Company in 1903, when the newly elected President of the Union Trust Company succeeded his father as the head of the transformed old banking house. Up to the time he came to New York last year, Mr. Merrill remained as President of the Merrill Trust Company of Bangor and was interested in several smaller trust companies in the eastern part of Maine. He is a member of the Finance Committee of the Charity Organization Society and a Director of several corporations, chiefly located in New England, and he is a member of the University and Harvard Clubs and the Downtown Association.

Besides Mr. Merrill, two other trustees were elected yesterday to fill vacancies in the board, M. Orme Wilson of R. T. Wilson & Co. and V. Everitt Macy. Mr. Wilson succeeds his father, R. T. Wilson.

SPORTING NEWS IN BRIEF.

Tony Caponi of Chicago found George Le Page, champion of Manitoba and Western Canada, easy on Wednesday night at Winnipeg, Manitoba, knocking him out in the seventh round in what was to have been a ten-round bout.

Lew Powell of San Francisco received the decision Wednesday night at Oakland over George Memsic of Los Angeles at the end of their scheduled fifteen-round fight. Powell had Memsic going from the first round, but was unable to put him out.

The Registration Committee of the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union warns all athletes against competing in the cross-country run of the Creston Athletic Association, to be held in Brooklyn on Sunday, as this event has not been sanctioned.

Tommy Murphy and Battling Hurley ended their training yesterday for their ten-round bout at the Empire Athletic Club, 155th Street and Eighth Avenue, to-night. Both boys are in excellent condition for the fray, and each is confident of winning. Hurley has improved wonderfully in his fighting ability. Murphy was the victor when they met just two years ago, but Hurley's rapid improvement has caused many fans to believe that he will give Tommy a hard battle when the pair get together this evening.

What promises to result in one of the best relay races of the year will be decided to-morrow night at the Military Athletic League championships, which will be held at the Twenty-third Regiment Armory. Nine teams will make up the field, and each regiment will be represented by its fastest men. Among those who will start are Melvin Sheppard, Harry Gissing, Harry Heiland, Jim McIntee, and C. B. Clake, for the Twenty-second Regiment; Jim Rosenberger, McNally, Pierce, Herschon, and Fry for the Thirteenth Regiment; Charlie Bacon, Harry Sedley, Smye Northridge, Harry Haywood, and W. Bruch for the Twenty-third Regiment; Le Roy Dorland, Matt Geis, Dick Egan, J. Goggins, and J. Sweeney for the Seventy-first Regiment, and Raleigh, Lovell, Slattery, and two other fast men for the Seventh Regiment. Several champions will [illegible] in each of the other sixteen events, and the finishes in each promise to be close.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
4th week Mar.	$155,911	$104,361	$51,550
Month March.	555,920	285,050	80,870
July 1-Mar. 31	3,090,108	2,988,768	401,340

ANN ARBOR—

4th week Mar.	59,114	53,837	5,277
Month March.	169,085	182,357	*6,725
July 1-Mar. 31	1,565,048	1,455,949	108,399

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—

4th week Mar.	111,896	100,221	21,675
Month March.	527,743	442,699	80,941
July 1-Mar. 31	4,440,269	3,926,480	514,789

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC—

4th week Mar.	259,448	219,529	39,914
Month March.	791,795	656,159	135,636
July 1-Mar. 31	6,697,835	5,802,708	895,045

COLORADO & SOUTHERN—

4th week Mar.	467,758	374,931	92,827
Month March.	1,562,002	1,176,373	185,629
July 1-Mar. 31	12,707,163	11,699,697	1,007,465

GREAT NORTHERN—

Month March	4,562,515	3,996,095	566,420
July 1-Mar. 31	46,308,270	40,743,688	5,564,582

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—

Month March	5,764,740	4,948,472	816,268
July 1-Mar. 31	47,032,354	43,569,828	3,462,526

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS—

Month March.	2,225,896	1,960,188	268,708
July 1-Mar. 31	20,422,961	19,617,768	804,893

MOBILE & OHIO—

4th week Mar.	298,188	277,481	20,707
Month March.	871,522	837,583	33,939
July 1-Mar. 31	7,784,481	7,377,912	406,569

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT—

4th week Mar.	191,724	171,644	20,080
Month March.	592,716	537,126	55,589
July 1-Mar. 31	1,701,485	1,536,496	165,018

YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY—

March	915,887	818,762	97,125
July 1-Mar. 31	7,904,297	7,916,556	77,741

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for February:

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Total op. rev.	$6,643,192	$5,923,093	$720,099
Total op. exp..	4,551,748	3,549,505	1,002,242
Total net rev..	2,091,443	2,373,587	*283,145
Taxes	273,815	231,471	42,344
Oper. income.	1,817,628	2,142,116	*324,488
July 1 to Feb. 28:			
Total op. rev.	56,566,845	49,914,130	6,652,715
Total op. exp.	36,525,215	29,987,114	6,538,101
Total net rev..	20,041,629	19,947,015	84,613
Taxes	2,132,874	1,627,205	505,669
Oper. income..	17,908,755	18,319,810	*411,055

*Decrease.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY for February—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	2,087,904	1,762,353	1,800,737
Expenses	1,160,337	1,107,895	1,102,241
Net	927,567	654,458	698,496
Balance	927,567	654,458	698,496
Chgs. and taxes.	527,464	526,408	520,358
Surplus	400,103	127,998	178,138
8 months gross.	18,670,065	16,574,135	18,028,031
Expenses	10,034,633	9,721,249	10,552,487
8 months net...	8,635,412	7,152,906	8,028,031
Balance	8,635,412	7,152,906	8,028,031
Chgs. and taxes.	3,951,460	4,053,125	3,983,528
8 months sur...	4,683,952	3,099,781	4,044,503

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL—February gross, $4,534,276; increase, $602,756. February net, $786,037; increase, $72,236.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for February—

	1909.	1908.	Decrease.
Mileage	7,393.16	7,414.35	*21.19
Total oper. rev.	4,585,746	4,256,319	*329,427
Total oper. exp.	3,711,862	3,205,058	*506,803
Net oper. rev...	873,884	1,051,260	177,376
Outside op.,debit	7,193	12,200	5,006
Total net rev...	866,690	1,039,060	172,370
Taxes	236,549	170,924	*65,625
Oper. income...	630,140	868,075	237,935
July 1 to Feb. 28:			
Total oper. rev.	41,096,898	38,748,324	*3,248,573
Total op. exp..	29,942,113	27,285,507	*2,656,605
Total net rev..	12,054,784	11,462,817	*591,967
Outside op.,debit	88,923	88,923	*15,119
Total net rev...	11,950,745	11,373,891	*576,848
Taxes	1,696,727	1,456,563	*240,163
Oper. income...	10,254,013	9,917,327	*336,685

*Increase.

COLORADO MIDLAND for February—

	1910.	1909.	Decrease.
Gross	152,432	154,756	2,304
Exp. and taxes.	156,033	146,839	*9,194
Deficit	3,581	†7,917	*11,498
Other income..	26,852	26,593	*232,935
Total income...	22,900	1,413	*21,488
Charges	31,446	31,350	*96
Deficit	8,546	29,936	21,390
8 months gross.	1,617,491	1,581,794	*35,696
Exp. and taxes.	1,383,381	1,246,516	*122,865
8 months net...	249,109	335,277	87,168
Other inc., debit	53,043	60,291	7,246
Total income...	195,664	274,986	79,322
Charges	250,993	250,800	*193
8 months deficit	55,920	†24,186	*80,115

*Increase. †Surplus. ‡Debit.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for February—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	2,503.70	2,516.03	10.33
Total oper. rev.	1,681,881	1,340,473	*341,408
Total oper. exp.	1,236,011	1,085,523	*150,488
Net oper. rev...	445,869	254,949	*190,919
Outside op.,debit	4,784	1,538	*3,245
Total net rev...	441,085	253,411	*187,673
Taxes	69,000	65,000	*4,000
Oper. income...	372,085	188,411	*183,673
July 1 to Feb. 28:			
Total oper. rev.	15,775,612	13,868,697	*1,906,915
Total oper. exp.	10,825,636	9,421,251	*1,404,385
Net oper. rev...	4,949,975	4,447,446	*502,520
Outside op., net	22,634	34,268	11,633
Total net rev...	4,972,610	4,481,714	*490,895
Taxes	545,000	519,750	*25,250
Oper. income...	4,427,610	3,961,964	*465,645

*Increase.

GRAND TRUNK SYSTEM for February—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	2,249,453	1,960,019	1,788,439
Expenses	1,867,158	1,644,599	1,632,711
Net	382,295	321,420	155,728
2 mos. gross...	4,633,327	3,937,849	3,872,760
Expenses	3,931,551	3,391,468	3,556,438
2 mos. net.....	705,176	566,381	316,322
Canada Atlantic:			
Gross	116,303	108,653	102,196
Expenses	111,523	120,776	143,074
Net	4,870	*14,123	*40,879
2 mos. gross...	250,571	219,637	224,345
Expenses	241,552	243,987	287,112
2 mos. net.....	18,019	*24,350	*62,767
Grand Trunk Western:			
Gross	461,189	352,101	359,634
Expenses	372,068	321,907	311,456
Net	89,121	30,194	48,178
2 mos. gross...	929,761	768,973	778,640
Expenses	753,389	656,476	666,224
2 mos. net.....	173,372	112,497	112,416
Detroit, Grand Haven & Milwaukee:			
Gross	140,256	105,679	106,575
Expenses	118,341	101,296	104,142
Net	21,915	4,383	2,433
2 mos. gross...	296,018	228,455	249,163
Expenses	252,753	203,079	220,451
2 mos. net.....	46,265	23,376	28,712

*Deficit.

HOUSTON & TEXAS CENTRAL report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission, for February—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Mileage	789.01	789.01	.....
Total op. revs.	414,527	405,239	9,287
Total op. exp.	365,029	314,571	50,457
Total net revs.	49,497	90,667	*41,170
Taxes	16,484	19,631	*3,146
Op. income.....	33,012	71,036	*38,023
July 1 to Feb. 28:			
Total op. revs.	4,095,755	4,194,266	*128,511
Total op. exp..	2,802,715	2,924,983	*122,267
Total net revs.	1,293,039	1,269,283	*6,243
Taxes	118,887	94,903	21,764
Op. income.....	1,146,372	1,174,380	*28,007

*Decrease.

LOUISVILLE, HENDERSON & ST. LOUIS for February—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Gross	86,556	79,150	7,406
Exp. and taxes.	65,169	59,711	5,458
Net	21,387	19,439	1,948
Other income..	603	88	805
Total income...	22,081	19,527	2,554
Charges	14,019	15,284	*1,015
Surplus	8,062	4,493	3,569
8 mos. gross..	772,557	687,161	85,396
Exp. and taxes.	561,887	482,073	79,814
8 mos. net.....	210,670	205,088	5,582
Other income..	2,100	1,104	996
Total income...	212,770	206,192	6,578
Charges	127,212	129,280	*2,068
8 mos. surp....	85,558	76,912	8,646

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission, for February—

Mileage	4,599.18	4,387.84	211.35
Total op. rev..	4,115,839	3,518,846	596,993
Total op. exp.	2,962,499	2,408,752	553,746
Net op. rev....	1,153,339	1,110,093	43,246
Total net rev...	1,180,577	1,199,573	77,005
O'side op. (net)	33,237	†519	33,757
Op. income....	1,080,997	989,741	71,250
July 1 to Feb. 28:			
Total op. rev..	34,486,458	30,723,241	3,763,217
Total op. exp..	21,507,951	19,915,814	1,592,136
Net op. rev....	12,978,507	10,807,426	2,171,081
O'side op. (deb.)	14,097	90,595	*76,498
Total net rev..	12,964,410	10,716,831	2,247,579
Taxes	1,005,590	958,661	47,228
Op. income....	11,958,520	9,758,170	2,200,350

*Decrease. †Debit.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL report, as filed with the InterState Commerce Commission, for February—

Mileage	1,746.46	1,746.46	.....
Total op. rev..	2,129,865	1,891,207	238,658
Total op. exp..	1,556,655	1,368,321	188,333
Net. op. rev...	573,209	522,885	50,324
O'side op. (deb.)	7,479	11,379	3,899
Total net rev..	565,730	511,506	54,224
Taxes	110,000	94,000	16,000
Op. income....	455,730	417,506	38,224
July 1 to Feb. 28:			
Total op. rev..	19,118,068	16,690,098	2,422,970
Total op. exp..	12,765,316	11,499,491	1,265,824
Net. op. rev...	6,347,752	5,190,606	1,157,145
O'side op. (deb.)	28,062	35,152	*7,080
Total net rev..	6,319,689	5,155,453	1,164,235
Taxes	767,531	733,694	13,837
Op. income....	5,552,157	4,401,594	1,150,398

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for February:

Mileage	3,072.21	3,072.21	.....
Total op. rev...	1,921,341	1,859,992	61,349
Total op. exp...	1,566,463	1,463,614	102,848
Net op. rev.....	354,877	396,377	*41,499
Outside op., deb.	4,809	488	4,320
Total net rev...	350,068	395,888	*45,820
Taxes	98,575	70,033	28,541
Op. income.....	251,493	325,855	*74,361
July 1 to Feb. 28:			
Total op. rev...	18,193,765	17,657,579	536,185
Total op. exp..	12,394,540	12,337,719	56,820
Net op. rev....	5,799,225	5,319,859	479,365
Outside op., deb.	18,464	7,869	10,595
Total net rev...	5,780,760	5,311,990	468,770
Taxes	725,862	806,758	*80,896
Op. income.....	5,054,897	4,505,231	549,666

NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for February—

Mileage	545.87	545.87	.....
Total op. rev...	544,669	557,812	*13,142
Total op. exp...	448,470	427,634	20,836
Net op. rev....	96,198	130,177	*33,979
Outside op., deb.	6,435	9,290	*1,854
Total net rev...	89,763	121,877	*32,114
Taxes	14,838	12,500	2,338
Op. income....	74,925	109,377	*34,452
July 1 to Feb. 28:			
Total op. rev..	5,581,924	5,489,824	92,590
Total op. exp...	3,912,006	3,780,735	131,270
Net op. rev....	1,669,917	1,708,589	*38,671
Outside op., deb.	30,801	28,753	2,048
Total net rev...	1,639,116	1,679,836	*40,720
Taxes	133,333	120,416	12,916
Op. income.....	1,505,783	1,559,419	*53,636

OREGON SHORT LINE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for February—

Mileage	1,508.71	1,455.87	52.84
Total op. rev...	1,518,496	1,157,438	361,057
Total op. exp...	788,984	499,708	289,275
Net op. rev....	729,512	657,730	71,781
Outside op., deb.	6,052	1,316	4,736
Total net rev...	723,488	656,414	67,074
Taxes	55,416	50,000	5,416
Op. income	668,072	606,414	61,658
July 1 to Feb. 28:			
Total op. rev...	13,774,433	11,687,572	2,086,860
Total op exp...	6,032,258	4,741,346	1,290,912
Net op. rev....	7,742,174	6,946,225	795,948
Outside op., deb.	97	†124	221
Total net rev...	7,742,077	6,946,350	795,726
Taxes	476,860	398,047	78,812
Op. income	7,265,217	6,548,302	716,914

†Credit.

PITTSBURG, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for February—

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Spencer Estate Brings $956,700 at Auction—A Jersey Deal Involving $1,400,000—Many Private Dwellings Sold —Investors Buy Loft Buildings.

The sale of the Spencer estate holdings in the Vesey Street auction room proved the feature of the realty market yesterday.

A total of $956,700 was realized for the twelve parcels, which is about 20 per cent. above the appraised value of the property.

These figures, coupled with the unusually large attendance of investors and speculators and the spirited bidding for each and every parcel, indicate the strength of the auction market.

Auctioneer Joseph P. Day sold the property, the most interesting purchase being that of 82 and 84 Maiden Lane, old five-story buildings, running through to Cedar Street.

They were sold to Henry Evans, President of the Continental Fire Insurance Company, on a bid of $300,000. Mr. Evans stated after the sale that he made the purchase in an individual capacity, and had no definite plans as to its future improvement.

W. H. White paid $110,000 for 391 Broadway, near Walker Street, a five-story building, 25 by 99. Albert B. Boardman was the successful bidder, at $200,000, for 446 and 448 Broadway, 50 by 100.

Hellner & Wolf and S. H. Stone bought 17 Madison Avenue, a dwelling adjoining Dr. Parkhurst's church, for $110,500. Further details of the sale will be found in another column.

Jersey Deal Involving $1,400,000.

A large exchange of properties in Atlantic City and the Oranges, N. J., involving several high-class dwellings in the latter and 1,700 lots in the former place, the total amount of the deal aggregating about $1,400,000, has just been effected by Amos S. Lamphear of this city and E. H. Cuthbert of Atlantic City for the Llewellyn Realty Company of Newark. (Frederick R. Hasselman, President,) W. E. Gilmore of Orange, and the Gossler Company of Atlantic City, (John C. Gossler, President.)

The Llewellyn Realty Company sells to the Gossler Company the following properties: An apartment house on Grove Street, East Orange, 60 by 100; fourteen two-and-a-half-story stucco dwellings, just completed, on Chelsea Place, between Glenwood Avenue and Washington Terrace; three dwellings on Ivanhoe Terrace, Webster Place, and North Arlington Avenue, East Orange; a tract comprising about 1,500 feet on Centre Street and Heywood Avenue, East Orange; 712 lots in West Orange on Ridgeway, Fairfield, and Edgewood Avenues; fifty lots on Eagle Rock Terrace, West Orange, adjoining Llewellyn Park; eighty-five lots at Highland Station; a business building at Milburn, N. J.; a farm at Princeton, N. J., and several acres at Buzzard's Bay, adjoining the late homes of Grover Cleveland and Joseph Jefferson; also a property at Martha's Vineyard, consisting of about five acres, with a sixteen-room house and outbuildings.

The Llewellyn Realty Company takes in part payment 1,700 lots at Atlantic City. This is in addition to 750 lots which the Llewellyn Realty Company recently acquired, making altogether about 2,500 lots. The Llewellyn Realty Company will immediately commence the erection of about 200 bungalows, which will be ready for the Summer season.

Buys Greenwich Street Loft.

George Alexander Macdonald has purchased the recently completed six-story and basement loft building 719-721 Greenwich Street, between Charles and Perry Streets. The building is 38 feet in width with a depth of 78 feet.

The Brown Realty Company has bought through H. Weisstock 205 Wooster Street, near Fourth Street, a six-story loft building, on plot 37 by 100. The building is leased to one tenant for a term of years.

Deal in Loft Zone.

The Henry M. Weill Company has resold for a client to F. J. Kreskover the four-story dwelling at 235 West Thirty-sixth Street, on plot 18.9 by 98.9. The plot at 218 West Twenty-ninth Street, recently sold by the same brokers, was purchased by Alexander Frazer.

Many Private Dwellings Sold.

Mrs. William H. Duff has sold her residence at 87 Riverside Drive. The building, which is a five-story American basement dwelling on a lot 22.3 by 83, occupies the northeast corner of Eighty-first Street. The purchaser will occupy.

Shaw & Co. have sold 141 West 131st Street, a three-story brownstone dwelling, 16 by 55 by 100, to a client for occupancy.

Lawrence & Wolff have sold for Frederick Strauss to a client for occupancy 51 West Sixty-ninth Street, a four-story house built on a lot 22 by 100.

Shaw & Co. have sold for Dr. Edwin Harrison Griffin, to an investor, 127 East 116th Street, a three-story and basement brownstone dwelling.

The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company has sold for Frederick W. Herbert 112 East Sixtieth Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 100.5.

W. S. Patten and J. L. Van Sant have sold to a client of A. Saltzberg the four-story high stoop brick dwelling 128 East Sixteenth Street, on lot 25 by 103.3. The property will be immediately altered for business purposes.

Nannie J. Faulkner has sold 159 East Forty-sixth Street, a four-story and basement dwelling, on lot 16.8 by 100.5.

T. Scott & Son have sold for Charles S. Faulkner 169, 171, and 173 East Seventy-eighth Street, three three-story dwellings, each on lot 18.6 by 102.2, between Lexington and Third Avenues.

William S. Edgar has sold 129 East Seventieth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 19 by 100.5. The purchaser will alter the house for his own occupancy.

Dispose of Columbus Ave. Corner.

The Frank L. Fisher Company has sold for Z. H. Reakirt to a client for investment the seven-story elevator apartment house, with seven stores, on the southeast corner of West Seventy-seventh Street and Columbus Avenue, size 50 by 102.2. The Fisher Company will retain the management of the property.

Resale on West 108th Street.

The Hennessey Realty Company, of which Joseph Polstein is President, has resold the plot 100 by 100.11 on the south side of 108th Street, 100 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue. The purchaser, Jacob Sokolski, has resold the property to the Irving Judes Building and Construction Company, which will improve the site with an apartment house. The Hennessey Realty Company recently bought the plot, together with an abutting plot, 50 by 100, on 107th Street.

Students Buy Fraternity House.

The Beta Realty Company, acting for the Columbia College Chapter of the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity, has bought through Pease & Elliman and William C. Lester from Clarence C. Dickinson 422 West 117th Street, a five-story American basement dwelling, on lot 18.4 by 100.11. The society is at present quartered at No. 413, in the same block.

Investor Buys Broadway Corner.

Another sale in the Fort Washington section, where there has been remarkable activity of late, was reported yesterday by George R. Read, who sold to John Lever the plot, 76.5 by 103 by 75 by 30.1, at the southeast corner of Broadway and 178th Street.

Mr. Read purchased the parcel about a year ago. On Wednesday the Getskay Realty Company bought nine lots on the southeast corner of 181st Street and Washington Avenue. It will erect a nine-story elevator apartment.

Bronx Sales.

Sidney H. Jones has sold for Dr. Oberwager the plot, 50 by 100, on the west side of Nelson Avenue, 1,150 feet north of Featherbed Lane. The purchaser, who is a builder, will improve the property with an apartment house.

The Duff & Brown Company has sold for the Regent Realty Company a plot, 100 by 100, on the northwest corner of Morris Park and Holland Avenues; also, for Ike Milnix, a plot, 25 by 100, on the west side of Holland Avenue, 150 feet north of Morris Park Avenue; also, for Jacob Waxberg, a plot, 50 by 100, on the north side of Morris Park Avenue, 100 feet west of Holland Avenue.

Fred W. Wright, in conjunction with Fitzgerald & Broderick, has sold to a client two lots on the east side of Ryer Avenue, south of 184th Street, the Bronx.

The George F. Johnson's Sons Company has sold to Winnie Wolfinger and Max Lasberg 912 Whitlock Avenue, a three-story semi-detached two-family brick house, on lot 25 by 140. This is the last house remaining unsold of a row of twenty-two erected.

S. Rosen has sold for H. Rattner to Louis Levy the six-story apartment house, with stores, on the southeast corner of Freeman and Simpson Streets, occupying a plot 37.6 by 100; also, the adjoining six-story apartment house, 908 and 910 Freeman Street, on plot 37 by 100.

The purchaser gave in exchange the Eastern Parkway Hall Building, a two-story brick structure, with fifteen stores, on the Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, occupying a plot 152 by 99. About $200,000 is involved in the transaction.

The Rovella Realty Company has sold 3,095 Villa Avenue, a new house, on lot 19 by 137.9, to Isernio Filomeno, for $5,250; also, 3,097 Villa Avenue, 19 by 108.6, to Giuseppe Castaldi, for $4,400.

John Kelly has sold for William H. Hodgins 2,055 Ryer Avenue, a two-family dwelling, on lot 25 by 150.

Brooklyn Sales.

Henry Pierson & Co. have sold 574 Warren Street, near Fourth Avenue, a three-story business building, to a client for investment; also, resold 912 President Street, near Prospect Park West, a four-story and basement private stone dwelling, to Eliza A. Marache for occupancy; also, resold 144 Clinton Avenue, a three-story and basement detached dwelling, on plot 50 by 100, to J. A. Turner for investment.

The Brown Realty Company has bought through G. B. Moore 226 North Sixth Street, a three-story building, on lot 25 by 100; also, 45 Rush Street, a three-story building, on lot 20 by 100 by irregular.

The estate of Isaac Van Anden has sold 218 Columbia Heights, a four-story and basement dwelling, on plot 25 by 150, running through to Furman Street. It was built in 1871 on part of the original Pierrepont farm. Howard C. Pyle & Co. were the brokers.

Suburban Sales.

Herman Frankfort has sold for Dr. Edward H. Pershing to S. A. Mayers his country home situated on Central Avenue, Lawrence, containing an acre of ground, cottage, barn, and outbuildings.

Thomas S. Burke, with the Yonkers Realty Exchange and the Duross Company, has sold for Joseph P. Daley the property at the northeast corner of McKeel Avenue and North Broadway, Tarrytown. The premises consist of a large plot of ground with a large dwelling.

Recent Buyers.

Walter F. Taylor is the buyer of 112 East Sixtieth Street, the sale of which was reported Wednesday by the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company.

The Broadway Development Company, Charles C. Lockwood, President, is the buyer of the six-story building at 537 to 545 Greenwich Street, sold recently by James H. Cruikshank. In part payment the buyer gives the Commercial Hotel, the Roderick Box and Lumber factory, and a dwelling at Union Avenue and Court Street, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

Theatre for Washington Heights.

A theatre for Washington Heights is announced for next season. This new amusement house, which will be the most northerly theatre in Manhattan Island, will be built on the northeast corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 149th Street, on a plot having 100 feet frontage on the avenue and 150 feet on the street. The site was recently leased for eighty-four years at an aggregate rental of $840,000 to the Phoenix Amusement Company by Parish, Fisher & Co. from Luis W. and Edward Morrison and Alice M. Ulman. Plans are now being prepared for the theatre by Thomas W. Lamb. It will cost about $150,000, and will be three stories in height, with a seating capacity of 1,800. The syndicate interested in the house is represented by Solomon Brill, and among the members is William Fox, one of the members of the syndicate building the City Theatre, at Fourteenth Street, near Fourth Avenue.

Receiver Appointed.

Lester J. Saul has been appointed receiver of the rents of 57 West Tenth Street, a seven-story apartment hotel, on lot 21.11 by 94.10, by Justice Greenbaum of the Supreme Court, pending a suit brought by David Weingarten against the Washington Park Improvement Company and others to foreclose a second mortgage of $12,000. The prior mortgage is $56,000.

$100,000 Addition to Church.

Plans have been filed with Building Supt. Miller for enlarging Holy Trinity Roman Catholic Church, of which the Rev. M. J. Considine is rector, at 212 to 216 West Eighty-third Street, by an extension forty-eight feet wide, which is to be built as a sanctuary and elaborately finished with Ionic pillars and a vaulted dome after designs by Joseph H. McGuire as architect. It will be fifty feet high and over twelve feet deep, and is to cost $100,000.

Remodel Watts Sherman Fifth Avenue Home.

Plans have been filed for remodeling the residence of W. L. Watts Sherman at the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fifth Street from designs by Hoppin & Koen as architects, which provide for the remodeling of the ballroom and the driveway, and partly refitting the interior. The improvements are to cost $15,000.

$175,000 Fort Washington Apartment.

Plans have been filed for a new six-story apartment house, with a frontage of 100 feet, and to contain suites for forty-three families, to be built from designs by B. W. Levitan, as architect, at the southeast corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 174th Street, at a cost of $175,000, for the Stratford-Avon Building Company.

Long Island City Theatre.

Long Island City is to have a new theatre before the close of the year. A plot 55 by 100 has just been purchased through William Richensteen of Jackson Avenue, by a syndicate interested in theatrical ventures in different parts of New York, at the southeast corner of Fourth Street and Vernon Avenue, in the Hunter's Point section of Long Island City. The price paid was about $22,000, and plans are being prepared for the new house upon which work will begin at an early date.

Taxpayers to Meet.

A regular monthly meeting of the House and Real Estate Owners' Association will be held at New York Turn Hall, Eighty-fifth Street and Lexington Avenue. Reports will be read from the Water Committee on the proposed deep rock water tunnel to carry Catskill water to the outlying boroughs, the Committee on Personal Taxation, the committee on the outing of the association, which is to be held on Thursday, June 23, at College Point, L. I., and the Committee on Legislation bills pertaining to real estate matters, now in the hands of the Legislature.

Notes.

Godfrey B. Moore has removed from 73 Nassau Street to a suite of offices in the Linden building.

Sidney H. Jones, who has been associated with Louis Meckes in the West Bronx, has opened offices at 116 West 164th Street, and at Washington Bridge and Aqueduct Avenue.

The Fifth Avenue Building is now recognized as the centre of the paper trade, many of the large companies manufacturing book papers having taken offices in the building during the last few months.

S. Albert has placed a building loan and permanent mortgage on each of the two corners, corner of Second Avenue and Fourth Street, Mount Vernon, N. Y., for $45,000, to run for a period of ten years, through C. V. Manville for Henry J. Felser.

F. B. Barry & Co. was associated with the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company in the sale of 112 East Sixtieth Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Exchange, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

Mercer St, 5, w s, 72.5 ft n of Canal St, 37x52.2x37.1x47.5, three-story building; executors' sale, to James A. Glover, $24,000; also
Water St, 183, s s, 41 ft e of Burling Slip, 23.5x44.9, four-story building; executors' sale, to M. Schieffelin, $20,000; also
3d Av, 276, w s, 44 ft s of 22d St, 22x75, three-story building, with store; executors' sale, to Henry Zucker, $23,100; also
Greene St, 66, e s, 108.8 ft n of Broome St, 22.7x100.1, five-story building; executors' sale, to R. N. Hammond, $40,000; also
Water St, 1-4, w s, 41.4 ft s of Wall St, 21.9x44.8x21.6x41.10, four-story building; executors' sale, to John G. Ogar, $25,000; also
Forsyth St, 175 and 177, w s, 150.8 ft n of Rivington St, 37.6x100, two three-story and basement dwellings; executors' sale, to Albert B. Boardman, $33,000; also
Forsyth St, 179 and 179½, w s, 188.2 ft n of Rivington St, 37.6x100, two three-story and basement dwellings; executors' sale, to L. G. Timpson, $33,000; also
Broadway, 264, w s, 75.7 ft s of Walker St, 25.2x99.6, five-story building, with store; executors' sale, to William H. White, $110,000; also
Broadway, 446 and 448, e s, 130.8 ft s of Grand St, 49.11x120, five-story building, with store; executors' sale, to Albert B. Boardman, $200,000; also
Centre St, 102, e s, 94.5 ft n of Leonard St, 24x74, five-story building, with store; executors' sale, to Albert B. Boardman, $37,500; also
Madison Av, 17, e s, 74 ft n of 24th St, 24.8x100, four-story and basement dwelling; executors' sale, to S. H. Stone and Hellner & Wolf, $110,500; also
Maiden Lane, 82 and 84, s s, 188.2 ft e of William St, 53.6x133.9 to 10 Cedar St x 26.6x irregular, three five-story buildings; executors' sale, estate of Charles G. Spencer, deceased, to Henry Evans, $300,000.
Pearl St, 194, s s, 41.3 ft s w of Pine St, 21.9x97.8x irregular, five-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Beinecke & Co., $55,855.
168th St, n s, block front between 3d and Fulton Avs, 337x176x irregular x 41.8, three-story tenement and two, three, four, and five story buildings of brewery; foreclosure sale, to Samuel Schwarzman, $70,000.
10th Av, 615 to 619, n w corner of 44th St, 75.3x100, five-story loft and store building and two-story stable; partition sale, to Lowenfeld & Pragir, $60,100.
Croton St, n e corner of Audubon Av, 50x91x100x0, frame dwellings; partition sale, to George McCuaslan, $24,500.
By Bryan L. Kennelly.
Several plots on the Pererigge Hall tract at Oakdale, L. I.; voluntary sale, 25 plots to various buyers, $1,105.
70th St, 536, s s, 105 ft w of 1st Av, 27.6x100.4, four-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, W. B. Noyes, $15,250.
By J. H. Mayers.
Lexington Av, n w corner of 120th St, 100.11x65, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, H. C. Howard, $51,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

St Nicholas Av, s e corner of 174th St, for a six-story brick flat and store, 100x90; Stratford Avon Building Co., 3,787 Broadway, owners; B. W. Levitan, architect; cost, $175,000.
53d St, 145 and 147 East, for a six-story brick flat, 35.8x87.5; P. J. Groll, 324 East 50th St, owner; W. Kurtzer, architect; cost, $25,000.
East Broadway, 91, for a seven-story brick loft, 25x175.4; L. Levy, 18 Catherine St, owner; Sommerfeld & Steckler, architects; cost, $80,000.
Spuyten Duyvil Road, s w corner of 230th St, for a three-story brick office building, 26.3x25.6; Edgehill Terrace Co., 84 William St, owners; Robert W. Gardiner, architect; cost, $15,000.
Netherland Av, e s, 80 ft n of 227th St, for a two and one-half-story brick dwelling, 35.10x39.6; Edgehill Terrace Co., 84 William St, owners; Robert W. Gardiner, architect; cost, $7,000.
Westchester Av, s e corner of Intervale Av, for two one-story brick stores, 60.77x110.46; Chestervale Realty Co., 836 Westchester Av, owners; Koppe & Daube, architects; cost, $40,000.
Whittier St, w s, 100 ft n of Garrison Av, for two four-story brick tenements, 35x99.4½, and 25x102; Mary Walpole, 212 East 128th St, owner; Robert Glenn, architect; cost, $38,000.
Robbins Av, e s, 100 ft s of 151st St, for a six-story brick store and tenement, 50x91; Froma Realty Co., 743 Crotona Park North, owner; Goldner & Goldberg, architects; cost, $55,000.
Union Av, e s, 168 ft s of 165th St, for a one-story brick garage, 16x20; Leopold F. Haas, on premises, owner; A. Ulrich, architect; cost, $300.
Richards Av, e s, 225 ft s of Mace Av, for a two and one-half-story frame dwelling, 21x30; George and Gertrude Rauch, Matthews Av, owners; Timothy J. Kelly, architect; cost, $4,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.
Washington St, 466 to 470, to an eight-story brick warehouse; Lerbro Co., 295½ Pearl St, owner; W. H. Symonds, architect; cost, $9,000.
2d Av, s w corner of 7th St, to a four-story brick store and dwelling; B. Cohen, 113 2d Av, owner; G. F. Pelham, architect; cost, $8,000.
3d Av, 1,834, to a five-story brick tenement and store; estate of M. K. Lustig, 129 East 119th St, owner; F. Straub, architect; cost, $8,500.
Houston St, 110 East, to a four-story brick loft and store; H. Handelsman, premises, owner; O. Reissman, architect; cost, $8,000.
5th Av, 838, to a five-story brick dwelling; W. W. Sherman, premises, owner; Hoppin & Koen, architects; cost, $15,000.
83d St, 212 to 216 West, to a one-story brick church; Roman Catholic Church of the Holy Trinity, premises, owner; J. H. McGuire, architect; cost, $100,000.
67th St, 34 East, to a five-story brick dwelling; E. Elliott, Jr., 62 East 65th St, owner; S. E. Gage, architect; cost, $25,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, APRIL 7.

AMSTERDAM AV, 2,132, w s, 30x101.4x12.4x100; Abe Brunstein to Carrie W. Solomon, (mtg $31,500,) $1.
FRANKLIN AV, s w corner of 169th St, 98.9x irregular; William Heinsohn, executor, Frederick Zelling to Henry Breunich and William Hodgson, $100.
GILBERT PLACE, n s, 75 ft w of Falle St, 50x100; Broad Realty Co. to Laine Realt, Co. (mtg $10,000,) and all liens, $100.
GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, w s, 227.7 ft s of 165th St, 25x34.5x25.2x30.6; Alexander Gunn and others to William L. Smilspaugh, $100.
GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, n e corner of centre line of an unnamed street, 2 gore lots; Amalia Pirk to August Ganzenmuller, quitclaim, $1.
GRANT AV, 1,050, e s, 107.8 ft n of 165th St, 25x102x25x102.2; Florence D. Goldstein to Morris Florea, (mtg $8,100,) $100.
GROVE ST, n e corner of Bergen Av, 22.5x59.10x81; Moritz L. Ernst and another to John J. Kohler, (mtge $1,300,) $100.
GROVE ST, n e corner of Bergen Av, 22.5x59.10x61; John J. Kohler to August Moebus of New Rochelle, N. Y., (mtge $2,750,) $1.
LOT 139, Map 277 of St. Raymond's Park; Northside Cornice and Roofing Co. to Charles S. McGarry, $100.
LOTS 11, 26, and 27, Block 17, Map 599, in West Pelham Park; Maria W. Dittmar, individually and as administratrix, to Perley S. Crosier, quitclaim, $150.
LOTS 14 to 16, map of Crane estate, Bronx; John J. Barrett to Curtiss P. Byron, (mtge $5,900,) $1.
LOTS 14 to 16, map Crane estate, Bronx; Curtiss P. Byron to Junius J. Pittman and another, (mtge $8,000,) $100.
MORRIS PARK AV, n s, 200 ft e of White Plains Road, 50x95; Louis Waxberg to John P. McCabe, (mtge $1,900,) $100.
MORTON ST, 53, 25x100; William Klein, referee, to Addison Brown, trustee, $30,200.
OAK TERRACE, 12, s s, 25.6x100; Rosie Levin to Philip Wein, one-half part, $100.
PEARL ST, 273, n w s, 22.2x91.3; Edward Miehling, executor, to Benjamin Schwartz et al, (mtge $18,000,) $28,350.
PLOT begins 340 ft e of White Plains Road at point 145 ft n along same from Morris Park Av, runs e 100x n 25x w 100 xs 25 to beginning; Ike Melnik to R. G. Barter, (mtg $1,555,) $100.
PROSPECT AV, 691, 19.2x95; Adolph Lowy to Broad Realty Co., (mtg $9,500,) $100.
PROSPECT AV, 691, 19.2x95; Broad Realty Co. to Carrie Lazar, (mtg $9,500,) $100.
ROBIN AV, w s, 256 ft n of Tremont Road, 50x100; Bankers Realty and Security Co. to Louis Jacobs, $100.
ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 25.5 ft n of 159th St, 127.1x irregular; De Leon Realty Co. to Anna L. Daly, (mtge $182,000,) $100.
VYSE ST, s s, 51.10 ft w of Boston Road, 50.5x75.9x48.10x50.5; James B. Waterhouse to Michael J. Powd, all liens, $1.
WESTCHESTER TURNPIKE, n s corner of Clarcon Av, 57.4x126.11; also Lots 4 to 7, map of McGraw estate, Bronx; John Van Gelder to Emma Van Gelder, $100.
4TH ST, s e s, 140 ft n e of Union Av, 20x100, Westchester; Ida L. Marquardt to Charles R. Clark, (mtg $2,000,) $100.
7TH ST, n e s, 975 ft w of 1st Av, 25x92.6, (mtg $25,000;) 10th St, 145 to 147 West, n s, 66 ft e of Waverly Place, 44 irregular, (mtg $67,000;) Maria Berliant to Ray Steuerman, $100.
7TH AV, e s, 40.1 ft s of 37th St, runs e 75x s 39 ft x w 75 ft to Av x n 40.3 ft, all title to strip, 0.1 ft wide on Av and 1.1 ft wide in rear; Aaron Coleman to Brookside Realty Co., (mtg $82,000,) $100.
9TH AV, n s, 562, map of Wakefield, 100x114; Frederick Voss to Ernestine Voss, his wife, (mtg $1,000,) $1.
16TH ST, 619 East, n s, 25x92; Max Cohn to South Jersey Land Co., (mtge $21,000,) $100.
20TH ST, 255 West, n s, 16x irregular; Henry B. Crawford to John T. Stanley and another, $100.
26TH ST, s s, 215.6 ft e of 8th Av, 84.8x98.9x83.3x98.9; Archibald A. Gulick to Wells Fargo & Co., a corporation of Colorado, $1.
38TH ST, 108, s s, 20x98.9; Camilla L. Edwards, widow, to William H. Edwards, (mtg $7,500,) $100.
39TH ST, 247 West, 16.8x98.9; Mark M. Whipple to McGraw Realty Co., (mtg $10,000,) $100.
39TH ST, 245 West, 16.8x98.9; George R. Dunham to James H. McGraw of Madison, N. J., (mtg $15,000,) $100.
39TH ST, 243 West, 16.8x98.9; Robert G. Hamilton to McGraw Realty Co., (mtg $12,000,) $100.
41ST ST, 448, s s, 200 ft e of 10th Av, 25x98.9; 41st St, 446, s s, 225.5 ft e of 10th Av, 24.7x98.9; Morris Solomon to Abraham L. Solomon of Scranton, Penn., one-third part, (mtg $34,000,) $1.
51ST ST, 345 West, n s, 20x100.5; John Fitzell to Elizabeth A. and Maly J. Page, (mtg $11,500,) $1.
55TH ST, s s, 325 ft e of 2d Av, 38.4x100.5; Edward Miehling, executor, to John Murray, (mtge $16,000,) $34,200.
76TH ST, 104 West, 20x102.2; Emma L. Jay Gilmore to Margaret A. Redington, (mtg $20,000,) $100.
80TH ST, 220 East, s s, 25x100.8; Edward Miehling, executor, to Linus Molz, (mtge $14,000,) $21,550.
104TH ST, s s, 407.8 ft w ofColumbus Av, 52.4x100.11x47.10x10; Edwin S. Muller to Minnie Schneider, (mtg $60,000,) $100.
113TH ST, 105 West, 25x100.11; Harris Damsky to Penrose Realty Co., $100.
116TH ST, 311 West, n s, 25x100.11; Le Roy D. Ball, Jr., to Ella J. Ball, (mtge $33,500,) $1.
118TH ST, s s, 235 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x100.11; Anna L. Daly to De Leon Realty Co., $100.
122D ST, n s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 40x100.11; 122d St, n s, 140 ft e of 8th Av, 20x100.11; Brookside Realty Co. to Aaron Coleman, (mtgs $37,500,) and all liens, $100.
134TH ST, s s, 75 ft e of 5th Av, 25x99.11; Henry D. Macbeth to Eda M. Gates of Ossining, N. Y., $100.
147TH ST, s s, 315 ft w of Brook Av, 50x99.9; Jane Kitchen to William E. Greene, (mtge $40,000,) $100.
157TH ST, 508 West, s s, 16.8x99.11; Robert E. De Forest to Kate & Adeline E. Campbell, (mtg $7,000,) $100.
171ST ST, 444 East, s s, 25x90; Menotti Lanzillotti to Rosina Branca, (mtg $12,500,) $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

ASHER SIMON REALTY CO. to George Macculloch Miller and another, trustees; 7th Av, 2,465 and 2,467, e s, 118.11 ft s of 144th St, 38x100, 5 years, 4½%.....$36,000
BALL, Ella J., to Daisy E. Boos; 116th St, 311 West, n s, 25x100.11, 5 years.....$27,000
BARD, Moses, to Adolf Mandel; 10th St, 288 East, s s, 25x92.3, prior mtg $—, due Oct. 6, 1910, 6%.....$2,500
BENJES, Christian, to Philip Goerlitz; Waverley Place, s w corner of Mercer St, 25x82.7, 1 year, 6%.....$5,000
BREITRICH, Henry, and William Hodgson to William Heinsohn, executor of Frederick Zelling; Franklin Av, s w corner of 169th St, 98.9x—, due, &c., as per bond.....$12,000
BROOKSIDE REALTY CO. to Aaron Coleman; 7th Av, e s, 40.1 ft s of 37th St, 40.3x75x30x75, prior mtg $82,000, due Nov. 1, 1912, 6%.....$20,000
BYRON, Curtis P., to Anna M. Lindsley; 139th St, n s, 270 ft e of Cypress Av, 25x100.10, 3 years, 5½% and 6%.....$2,500
BYRON, Curtis P., to Amelia S. Lansing; 139th St, n s, 220 ft e of Cypress Av, 50x100.10, due, &c, as per bond.....$5,500
CASCO BUILDING CO. to Edward Kent and another, trustees; Vyse Av, e s, 200 ft s of 172d St, 25x100, 3 years.....$9,500
CLARK, Charles B., to Franz Marquardt; 4th St, s e s, 140 ft n e of Union Av, 20x100, prior mtg $2,000, due, &c., as per bond..$550
COHN, Adolph, to Charles Bossard; Walton Av, e s, 175 ft n of Cameron Place, 50x100, 3 years, 5½%.....$3,500
CO-OPERATIVE CONSTRUCTION CO. to Giovina Ninutillo; Lot 97, map 589, (Westchester County,) of new village of Jerome, due as per bond.....$500
DE LEON REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 118th St, s s, 235 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x100, due as per bond....$15,000
DE LEON REALTY CO. to Anna L. Daly; 118th St, s s, 235 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x100, prior mtg $15,000, 2 years, 6%.....$3,000
DOUGLAS REALTY CO. to Metropolitan Savings Bank; 18th St, n e s, 261.10 ft w of 3d Av, 23.2x irregular, 5 years, 4½%...$12,000
E. & W. CONSTRUCTION CO. to Leon Weinshank; Brook Av, 501, 40x100, prior mtg $45,000, 3 years, 6%.....$8,000
FLOREA, Morris, to Florence D. Goldstein; Grant Av, 1,050, e s, 107.8 ft n of 165th St, 25x102.2, due, &c., as per bond.....$600
GEORGE DOCTOR CO. to Carl Fischer; St. Nicholas Av, e s, at s s of 157th St, runs e 150.11 ft to w s of Edgecombe Av x s 40 x s about 59.11 x w 123.5 to avenue, x n 1.037 to beginning, prior mtg $178,000, due May 1, 1915.....$230,000
GOLIO, Teofilo, to Giuseppe Tacinelli and another; Lots 157 and 158, map of 170 lots, Siems estate, 2 years, 6%.....$600
GREENE, William E., to Jane Kitchen; 147th St, s s, 315 ft w of Brook Av, 50x99.9, 3 years, 6%.....$5,000
HUTKOFF, Nathan, to Henrietta Kluepfel; Rutgers Slip, 66 and 68, n w corner of Water St, 60x61.2, 5 years.....$35,000
IRVINE REALTY CO. to Drayton Burrill and another, executors; Perry St, s s, 140 ft w of Washington St, 20x80.6x20x79.11, 3 years, $7,500
KIRBY, Sinclair H., to John Theurer; Bailey Av, e s, Lot 77, map of land of William O. Giles of Kingsbridge, 50x51.10x49.5x65.9, 3 years.....$4,000
KOHLER, John J., to Moritz L. Ernst; Bergen Av, n s corner of Grove St, runs e 22.5 to centre line of Millbrook x n 59.10 to av, x s w 61 to beginning, prior mtg $1,300, 3 years, 6%.....$1,450
MASSOTH, Charles, to Dollar Savings Bank of the City of New York; 152d St, 278 and 280 East, s s, 50x117.5, due Dec. 1, 1912.....$34,000
McCABE, John P., to Louis Waxberg; Morris Park Av, n s, 290 ft e of White Plains Road, 50x95, prior mtg $1,900, 1 year.....$1,000
McGARRY, Charles S., to T. Emory Clocke; Castle Hill Av, e s, 125 ft s of St. Raymond Av, 24.7x33, due as per bond.....$1,200
MENOCAL, Elvira G., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 70th St, 105 West, 18x100.5, due as per bond.....$17,000
MILLER, Edwin S., to Josiah H. De Witt, guardian; 104th St, 140 and 142 West, s s, 52.4x100.11x47.10x101, 5 years.....$60,000
NEWKIRK, August, to Lena Volz; Lots 25 and 26, map of 473 lots of the Haight estate, 5 years, 6%.....$2,500
OTTEN, Christian A., and others to Bowery Savings Bank; Morris Av, e s, 79.10 ft n of 148th St, 53.8x70.3, 2 years.....$21,000
PAGE, Elizabeth A. and Mary J., to John Fitzell; 51st St, 345 West, 20x100.5, 3 years, 6%.....$3,500
PATURINI, Michele, to Mary Dalessio and another; 116th St, 348 East, 16x100.11, prior mtg $8,563, due as per bond.....$1,500
PIZZUTIELLO, Henry, to W. K. Thorn and others, trustees; Morris Av, e s, 50 ft n of 152d St, 25x70.3, 5 years.....$10,000
POLLAK, William, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 6th Av, 805, w s, 19.6x80, due, &c., as per bond.....$30,000
RAU, Alfred M., and another to Jennie W. Schiffer and others, executors; Lafayette St, 419 and 421, e s, 32.1x—, 1 year, 4½%.....$93,125
ROSENWASSER, Isaac, and another to Katherine M. Willis and others, executors; Broome St, 58 East, n s, 25x75, 3 years, $12,000
ROSENWASSER, Isaac, and another to Isidor Gottlieb; Broome St, 58 East, n s, 25x75, prior mtg $12,000, 3 years, 6%.....$2,500
SAYER, Charles, to Mortgage Investing Co.; 88th St, 515 East, n s, 25x100.8, prior mtg $10,000, 3 years, 6%.....$2,800
STANLEY, John T., and another to Henry B. Crawford; 20th St, 255 West, n s, 16x—, 1 year, 4½%.....$10,000
STEINMETZ CONSTRUCTION CO. to Julius Zink; Glover St, e s, 203.11 ft n of Westchester Av, old line, 25x100, 2 years, 6%...$1,500
STRATFORD-AVON CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; St. Nicholas Av, s e corner of 174th St, 100x100, 1 year, 6%.....$150,000
WALTHER, Margaret, widow, and Emily E., wife of William Kemmer of Yonkers, N. Y., and John Peter Walther of Mount Vernon, N. Y., to Title Insurance Co. of New York; 125th St, 355 ft e of, 3d Av, 25x100.11, 5 years.....$15,000
WEINBERG, Abraham, and Simon Uhlfelder to Louvre Realty Co.; 142d St, 131 West, n s, 40x99.11, prior mtg —, demand, 6%.....$10,000
WOLFE, Augustine A., to Title Insurance Co. of New York; 8th Av, 2,379, w s, 25 ft s of 128th St, 25x84, 5 years, 4½%.....$20,000

Mechanics' Liens.

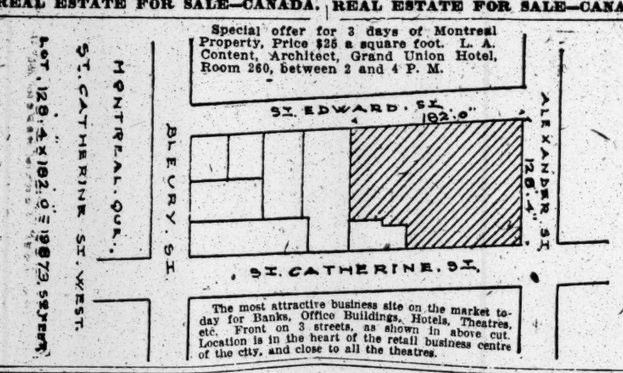
28TH ST, 146 and 148 West; Thomas F. Cushing Co. against Whitney R. Lyman, Joseph Reuth, and Robert Smith, trustees, owners; Kirk & Bimpson, contractors, $493.
28TH ST, 146 and 148 West; Monk & Vermilyea against Whitney R. Lyman, Joseph Reuth, and Robert Smith, owners and contractors, $800.
125TH ST, 215 West; Samuel Klein and others against Carrie L. Frier, owner; Frederick H. Smith, contractor, $10.
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 114th St, 62x135.6; Jacob Meurer against John J. Hearn Construction Co.; L. Harding Rogers, receiver, owner; New York Cornice and Skylight Co., contractors, $698.
BROADWAY, 1,457 to 1,463, and 7th Av, 589 to 595; Benjamin Griffen against Henry Phipps Estates; Henry C. Pelton and Morrison Estate, owners; U. S. Restaurant and Realty Co., owner and contractor, $1,348.
ST. NICHOLAS AV, w s, whole front between 163d and 164th Sts; 163d St, 213.3x53.1; Maria A. Scerbo against Jacob Herb, owner; Frank De Balso, contractor, (renewal,) $1,370.
181ST ST, 605 to 609 West; Frank J. Boyland against Frederick Britsch, owner; Albert Von Den Drietsch, contractor, $553.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

29TH ST, 134 to 140 West; Goodman Contracting Co. against Twenty-ninth Street Realty Co. and others, Dec. 14, 1909, (canceled,) $799.
119TH ST, 66 East; Benjamin Kramer against Lizzie Isaacs and others, Feb. 9, 1910, $29.
PROSPECT AV, 575; Joseph E. Conlan against Bertha Ketcher and others, March 9, 1910, (by bond,) $115.
152D ST, 278 and 280 East; Nathan Klein against M. Breatler and others, Feb. 11, 1909, $16.
180TH ST, 784 East; Vincent F. Bernesser and others against Levinson Improvement Co. and others, Aug. 12, 1909, (by deposit,) $374.
180TH ST, 784 East; Andrew Bickhardt against Levinson Improvement

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—CANADA.

Special offer for 3 days of Montreal Property, Price $25 a square foot. L. A. Content, Architect, Grand Union Hotel, Room 260, between 2 and 4 P. M.



The most attractive business site on the market today for Banks, Office Buildings, Hotels, Theatres, etc. Front on 3 streets, as shown in above cut. Location is in the heart of the retail business centre of the city, and close to all the theatres.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

WEEQUAHIC PARK
NEWARK **TRACT** NEWARK.

A Handsome Residential Development.

This tract is almost as accessible from New York as it is from Market and Broad Streets, Newark. This property is directly opposite Weequahic Park, one of the handsomest park developments in Essex County. Accessible residential property opposite large public breathing places is bound to become extremely valuable with the natural upbuilding of the city. Paved boulevards with parkways in centre. Five-foot cement walks. Shade trees planted throughout. Sewer, water and gas mains laid with connections to curb. Electric lights.

The Lehigh Valley "Park View" Passenger Station is located at the property. This Railroad is operated over the Pennsylvania R. R. tracks and ferries to New York.

Upon completion of Pennsylvania R. R. tunnels under the North River, this development is only 20 minutes from New York City, WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS ON JERSEY SIDE.

TERMS THAT WILL PERMIT YOU TO BUY—MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Agents on Property. Maps and Particulars.

Take Lehigh Valley Train (Sunday), Pennsylvania Railroad Ferries. Or take Jersey Central, Pennsylvania or Lackawanna Railroad to Newark, and take Mt. Prospect Ave. or "Main" Line trolleys to property.

FRANK J. BOCK, 800 BROAD ST., NEWARK.

SMALL FARM, $99.

4-room bungalow, $10 down, $5 monthly; charming suburb 56 minutes from City Hall; fine schools, churches, stores, and banks; 15 trains daily; fare 11 cents; 10 minutes' walk to depot; boating, bathing, and fishing; near lake 3 miles long and 1 mile wide; enough land to raise your own chickens, vegetables, keep a horse and cow, and enjoy the peace and happiness of country life; title guaranteed; apple, pear, and cherry trees fully grown; send postal for full information. Telephone 6571 Barclay. W. Nichols, 258 Broadway, opposite City Hall.

Baldwin Park—South Orange Heights

300 feet elevation; extended mountain view; 40 minutes to Hudson Terminal Building, D., L. & W. R. R.; 90 trains daily; select residential suburb; restricted property, all improvements; fifty New York families have already made this their home; houses range from $7,000 to $15,000; also a few choice building plots for sale; terms and payments made satisfactory; write or call for booklets. Cornelius A. Baldwin, 30 Church St., N. Y., or 451 Summit Av., So. Orange, N. J.

Leonia Estates

opposite proposed New York-New Jersey Bridge at 179th St. is a beautiful residence Park for all year round homes. High class, but not high priced; all improvements, including sewers, electric lights, etc. Railway and trolley connection to New York. Only a few lots unsold. Prices advance April 15th. Investigate now.

To reach Leonia Estates take West 130th St. Ferry, then express trolley to Central Ave. For maps, circular, etc., write OSBOURNE BOWLES, Leonia, N. J.

At Nutley, N. J.—Large house; 10 living rooms; completely renovated; all city conveniences; adjacent to station; for sale or to let. Circular from owner, 1 East 80th St., New York City.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J.—Artistic home; convenient; all improvements; 7 rooms; $4,750; $500 cash required. RIDGEWOOD DEVELOPMENT CO., Ridgewood, N. J., or Room 340, 30 Church St.

Ridgewood, N. J.—A rare chance; 14-acre farm, barn, 7-room house; all improvements; fruit; $5,500, 1-3 cash. Ridgewood Development Co., Ridgewood, N. J., or Room 340, 30 Church St., N. Y.

A BARGAIN.—100x130 feet plot; 7-room house, garage, trees; all improvements; near station; $6,000. RIDGEWOOD DEVELOPMENT CO., Ridgewood, N. J., or Room 340, 30 Church St., N. Y.

SHOPS, $5-$10; DWELLINGS, $20-$25. Waldwick, Erie Station; long leases. Tyndall, 141 Broadway.

MONMOUTH BEACH, N. J.—Twenty cottages for sale, furnished, $2,500 up; 50 furnished cottages for rent, $800 up, for Summer. HOVER, Room 340, 30 Church St., New York.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

At Yonkers, N. Y., THE BELFORT,

Elevator apartments corner Post St., and Hamilton Ave., very quiet, refined section.

5, 6, 7, 8 outside rooms $40, $50, $60, $70. One and two baths.

GERBEREUX CO., 869 So. B'way, Yonkers.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.

5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.

Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

516 West 143d St.—5 delightful outside rooms, facing south; elevator, telephone; must see to appreciate; $45; May 1. Apartment 37.

West Side.

Life Building Apartment
21 WEST 31ST.

For rent, unfurnished, 4 rooms and bath, $1,500. Immediate possession. Apply William Harvey, Supt.

JEFFERSON,

324-328 WEST 51ST ST.

Beautiful modern apartments, eight large, light rooms; electricity; elevator. Apply Superintendent or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

We store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 van-load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2667—Bryant.

93d St., 46 West.—One flight; eight rooms and bath, $60; seven rooms and bath, $50; all large and light.

Seventy-dollar apartment sublet for fifty; eight rooms; hallboy, telephone. Ferrero, 843 West End Av.

East Side.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,

NEAR MADISON AVE.

The Most Accessible Location in New York City.

High Class Modern Apartments 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.

FOR RENTS, ETC., See Superintendent on Premises.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th STREET, Handsome apartment; 8 large, light rooms.

80th St., 53 East.—Old-fashioned, 6-room apartment; all sunny rooms; open fireplaces; $65. Smith.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Bronx.

THE A-RE-CO APTS.

American Real Estate Co., Owner.

MOST HOMELIKE IN ALL NEW YORK!

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

4 to 6 rooms and bath, $28 to $42.

NON-ELEVATOR APTS.

4 to 6 rooms and bath, $21 to $33.

Large, light rooms, Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.

Private Park for A-RE-CO Tenants

Apply to Rental Office, 985 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

NEW APARTMENTS

Just Finished

1,416-1,420 Stebbins Ave., NEAR BOSTON ROAD.

HIGH CLASS APARTMENTS

All modern improvements, including steam heat, hot water, electric lights, hardwood trim; dining rooms in paneled oak, &c.

5 and 6 Large Rooms and Bath. RENTS MODERATE.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

FURNISHED apartment for rent, consisting of eight rooms, two baths, all large, light and newly furnished. Can be seen by application to superintendent on premises of building. Possession April 1st. 312 West 99th St., adjoining Riverside Drive.

To Sublet.—Six beautiful rooms and bath, with or without furniture; 7th Av., corner 113th St.; apartment house Nordica. Abbe.

Seven rooms, $100 monthly; May, June, or October; Angelus if desired, extra. Ferrero, 843 West End Av.

32d St., 19 East.—Large, handsome apartments; private bath; meals served to apartments.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED

Wanted for two months, a nicely furnished 3 to 5 room housekeeping apartment near Central Park; state terms. Address T., 107 West 43d St.; references.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Commercial Trust Co. Bldg.
BROADWAY, N. W. COR. 41ST ST.

Absolutely Fireproof.

OFFICES & ENTIRE FLOOR

Concessions to substantial tenants. Apply to Superintendent.

ST. PAUL BUILDING

Cor. Broadway and Ann Street.

A FEW OFFICES FOR RENT

HERBERT A. SHERMAN, Agent,

on premises, 9 Pine St. & 532 5th Ave., cor. 44th St.

28TH ST., CORNER 1ST AV.

Loft containing 3,000 square feet; exceptional light, four sides; large elevator, steam heat, and power. Owner, on premises.

Factory, 50x95, 6-story and basement, fireproof; whole or part; light on four sides; 415 and 417 East 93d St. Inquire Adam Happel, 305 East 93d St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT.

City of New York.

Notice is hereby given that at the meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment held on March 11, 1910, the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, The Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity of the City of New York has changed and modified a map showing land required for the 72-inch pipe line which is to be constructed as an auxiliary conduit of the Brooklyn water supply system, adopted by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment June 19, 1906, with regard to Parcel 121 thereof, and has transmitted such map as changed and modified to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment for the approval of such changes and modifications;

RESOLVED, That a public notice be given of a hearing to be held by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York in the old Council Chamber, Room 16, City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 22d day of April, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., at which time and place a full opportunity shall be afforded to any and all persons interested to be heard respecting such map, and the acquisition of the real estate shown thereon and such changes and modifications; and

RESOLVED, That such public notice be published in The City Record, in the corporation newspapers, in two papers published in Nassau County, (in which County the real estate to be taken and acquired is situated,) and in two daily papers published in the City of New York once in each week, for three successive weeks, prior to the date of the hearing.

Dated, March 11, 1910.

JOSEPH HAAG, Secretary, 277 Broadway, Room 1408. Telephone, 2280 Worth.

LEGAL NOTICES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Know Ye, that on the 14th day of March, A. D. 1910, the Honorable Charles N. Haskell, Governor of the State of Oklahoma, acting in his official capacity and in conformity with article six, (6,) designated The National Reserve Bank of the City of New York, New York, as the fiscal agent of the State of Oklahoma for the payment of all bonds and coupons issued by the State, or any county, city, school district, or Board of Education, which by the terms of said bonds and coupons are made payable in the City of New York, New York; and, whereas, the above-mentioned article requires the publishing of the appointment of said fiscal agent to be made in some paper of general circulation in the City of New York, all persons interested are hereby notified that the said National Reserve Bank of the City of New York, New York, be and it is hereby made the fiscal agent for the State of Oklahoma, to act in conformity with article six (6) of the statutes of Oklahoma, (Snyder's Statutes, 1909,) and bondholders and Treasurers of the various municipalities and organizations mentioned therein are required to take cognizance of this notice.

Witness my hand on this the twenty-fifth day of March, 1910. M. E. TRAPP, [Seal.] State Auditor.

Attest: BILL CROSS, Secretary of State.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN APPOINTED executor of the estate of Daniel Asa Blackburn. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payment to FRANK H. WYMAN, 325 West 83d St.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.—NORMA G. MOSS, Plaintiff, against HERMAN H. MOSS, Defendant.—Trial desired in County of New York.—Summons.—Action for an absolute divorce.

To the above-named defendant:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, March 1, 1910.

DAVID C. MYERS, Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office address Nos. 256-7 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To above-named defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Joseph E. Newburger, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated March 23, 1910, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, on the 24th day of March, 1910.

Dated New York, March 24, 1910.

DAVID C. MYERS, Attorney for Plaintiff.

Office and Post Office address Nos. 256-257 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

If you want a better position, read the Help Wanted advertisements on Page 17.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

STORES, LOFTS and OFFICES TO LET

127-129 WHITE ST.

FIRST LOFT, 3,000 sq. ft. Rent $1,700; very substantial building; good light, heat, and elevator service; convenient to all points.

264 SPRING ST.

(Near Hudson St.) Entire upper part. SIX LOFTS, 25x80. Light on 3 sides. Electric elevator. Heating plant. Possession immediately.

65-69 FOURTH AVE.

(Opposite Wanamaker's.) SECOND LOFT, 50x75. Freight and passenger elevators. Steam heat. Possession May 1st, 1910.

292 FIFTH AVE.

(Between 30th & 31st Sts.) THIRD LOFT, 25x75. Passenger elevator. Rent low. Immediate possession.

57 BEEKMAN ST.

FIRST LOFT, 25x100. Thro' to Ann St. Freight elevator. Poss. May 1st, 1910. High ceiling.

70-72 FULTON ST.

CORNER STORE & BASEMENT. 30x60. Possession at once. Steam heat; large show windows.

32 EAST 23D STREET.

(Opposite Metropolitan Life Building.) SMALL AND LARGE OFFICES, including heat and elevator service. Suitable for show rooms or any light business. Rents from $18.00 up.

39 BARCLAY ST.

(Running through to 44 Park Place.) STORE, BASEMENT and SUB-CELLAR, 25x160. Possession May 1st, 1910. Long term lease. Attractive rental.

93 JOHN STREET.

(Between Cliff & Gold Sts.) STORE AND BASEMENT, 25x80. Will rent very reasonably for desirable business. Also SECOND LOFT.

275 WATER ST.

(Between Dover & Peck Slip.) STORE AND BASEMENT. Steam heat and elevator. Key in store, No. 278 Water St.

451-453 WASHINGTON ST.

CORNER STORE, WITH BASEMENT. 50x100. Strong building. Term lease. Possession May 1st, 1910. Low insurance rate. Suitable for any business. Excellent shipping facilities.

WM. H. WHITING & CO.,

41 Park Row. Tel. 5900 Cort.

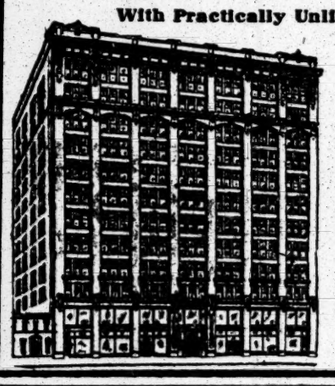
THE RANDALL BUILDING

136 to 146 West 52d Street

Near Broadway, Two Short Blocks From "L" and Subway Stations, Very Desirable Location

STORES AND LOFTS IN NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING

With Practically Unlimited Carrying Capacity



15,000 Sq. ft. to each loft.

Extraordinary Permanent Light.

1 Automobile, 2 Freight and 2 Rapid Passenger Elevators.

Ready for Occupancy August 1st.

Will arrange space to suit and give liberal lease to desirable tenants.

APPLY TO

F. M. RANDALL, Owner,

125 East 42d Street, OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

Barclay Building
299 Broadway. Corner Duane St.

A Strictly Modern—Absolutely Fireproof Building embodying every up-to-date improvement.

The Entire 9th Floor

Suitable for Corporation or Parties Requiring Large Space.

LIGHT OFFICES

Single and en Suite.

LARGE CORNER STORE FLOOR

Also Large, Light and Desirable Basement.

WM. C. WALKER'S SONS. WRIGHT BARCLAY. **299 Broadway**

The Mercantile Building
44-60 East 23d Street

Cor. 4th Avenue

One-Floor containing 12,500 Square Feet, also a few Small Offices.

FINE LOCATION. SUPERIOR SERVICE. MODERATE RENT.

Apply to

George T. Mortimer,

111 BROADWAY - - - - - NEW YORK.

41 Park Row AND 147 Nassau St.

Formerly known as TIMES BUILDING

Faces three streets. All outside light

OFFICES TO LET

Park frontage. 16 Stories Height. Fast Running Elevators Apply to E. A. TREDWELL, Room 720, on premises.

HANOVER SQUARE

NINE THOUSAND SQUARE FEET.

FRONTAGE ON TWO STREETS.

Cheapest plot Downtown.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 62 CEDAR ST.

STORE & BASEMENT, 60x109

Engineering Building, Liberty St., nr B'way

Entrances on Liberty and Cedar Streets. Formerly occupied by Worthington Pump Co. Suitable for machinery business.

ALSO A FEW OFFICES WITH SHOPS ATTACHED

HERBERT A. SHERMAN, Agent 9 Pine St. & 532 5th Ave., cor. 44th St.

15-17 EAST 32ND ST.

Between Madison & 5th Aves.

LOFTS AND STORE,

in 50 ft. front 12-story Fireproof Mercantile Building, Three Otis Electric Elevators, steam heat, Electric and Gas light.

ALLIANCE CONSTRUCTION CO.,

OWNERS & BUILDERS, 203 Broadway. 'Phone 6347 Cort.

Stores, Lofts, Buildings, TO LET

In downtown business districts. Send for List.

WARREN & SKILLIN

174 FULTON ST. 'PHONE 5077 CORT.

42 East 23rd Street
FLOORS AND OFFICES.

Low Rents. Good Light.

Steam Heat and Elevator Service. Appply to Supt. on premises or

FREDERICK B. LEWIS,

AGENT OF BUILDING, 46 CEDAR ST. OR 194 BOWERY.

42-44 West 39th St.
Stores, Offices, Studios FOR RENT

from $300 per annum up.

PEASE & ELLIMAN,

309 Madison Av. Tel., 1000—M. Hill.

42ND ST. NEAR 5TH AVE.,

Nos. 37 and 39.

Attractive street and parlor floor Stores, $1,300 per annum and up. Entire second floor, 30x60, $1,600. Possession at once.

HY. D. WINANS & MAY, Agents, 749 5th Ave., near 58th St.

12 WEST BROADWAY

First loft, $1,500; third loft, $1,000. Large, light, airy. Front on two streets. H. P. Beach, 20 West 14th St.

Columbus Circle, 311 West 59th St.—Lofts and offices in modern light elevator building. Apply on premises. Rent moderate.

Factory corner, 82x100; brick building, 23x50, including machinery, $8,500. Reiss, 375 East 161st St.

1293 2nd Ave.

Adjoining corner of 68th St. Store and basement. Plate glass front. Steam heat. Rent $42.50. FIRM L. J. CARPENTER, 25 Liberty, 1,181 3d Av.

Exceptionally Light Loft

For light manufacturing or tailoring, Architects' Studios, Engineers, etc. 148 East 57th Street.

28 ST. ARCADE

118 East 28th St., near Subway.

Stores, Offices, Salesrooms, and Studios at moderate prices. Apply on premises.

Offices in modern office building, 12 West 40th St. Opposite new library.

Store at 274 7th Av., near 26th St., equipped as butcher shop; was open for business yesterday; rent moderate. Goodale & Son, 12 West 27th St.

Four-story loft building, all conveniences; $1,200. Inquire 205 East 76th. Tel. 6028 Lenox.

New Jersey.

Two large and light lofts to lease, 50x100, with elevator, steam heat; easy reach of Penn. ferries. 61 Bishop St., Jersey City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MORRIS HIRSCHFIELD, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the real property belonging to the estate of the bankrupt above named will be sold under the direction of Edward B. Boise, Trustee, at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at No. 113 Leonard Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 18th day of April, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock. A general description of the property to be sold is as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Brooklyn, County of Kings, City and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northeasterly side of 50th Street, distant 100 feet southwest from the corner formed by the intersection of the northeasterly side of 50th Street and the northwest side of 14th Avenue; thence northeasterly parallel to 14th Avenue, 100 feet 2 inches to the centre line of the block between 50th Street and 49th Street; thence northwesterly along the said centre line of the block, 100 feet; thence southwesterly again parallel with 14th Avenue, 100 feet 2 inches to the northeasterly side of 50th Street, and thence southeasterly along said northeasterly side of 50th Street, 100 feet to the point or place of beginning.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw said property for sale unless it shall bring 75% of the appraised value.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

OPPENHEIMER & ARNOLD, Attorneys for the Trustee.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of SILAS F. MINTER, Bankrupt.—No. 10,855.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Charles L. Cohn, the Trustee herein, at public auction, by Charles Shopgood, U. S. Auctioneer, at 113 Leonard Street, New York City, on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock noon. A general description of the property to be sold is as follows: All the right, title, and interest of the bankrupt and of the Trustee in and to the following assets: (1) a parcel of real estate in Bahannon, Mathews County, Virginia; (2) outstanding accounts; (3) claim against R. W. Hudgens and others for loss of Barge "Addie Jordin" and her cargo (lumber), and (4) any surplus or equity in 15 shares of stock of the Patterson Lumber Company held as collateral security by the Watts Lumber Company of Portsmouth, Virginia.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of the appraised value.

Full particulars as to the above may be obtained on application of Myers & Goldsmith, attorneys for the Trustee, 115 Broadway, N. Y. City.

New York, April 6, 1910.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of FERNAND DREYFUS, Bankrupt.

By order of this Court the assets of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of the receiver by Charles Shongood, United States Official Auctioneer, at the bankrupt's premises, No. 652 Broadway, New York City, on Thursday, April 14th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M.

The assets for sale consist of a complete plant for the manufacture of artificial flowers for ladies, millinery, and moulds and stamps and machinery necessary therefor, and a large stock of manufactured flowers, and also uncomplete stock, besides a stock of children's coats and piece goods; also fixtures, desk, safe, tables, and the right, title and interest of the receiver in and to the lease to the premises.

The property for sale can be inspected on the premises on April 11th and 12th, 1910, between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Further information can be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

HAMILTON M. DAWES, Receiver, 2 Rector St., New York City.

OPPENHEIMER & ARNOLD, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX JURIST and JACOB MARKOVITZ, co-partners, trading as JURIST & MARKOVITZ, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, April 8, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 5 Howard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of leather suspender trimmings, leather, metal goods, machinery, dies, blocks, fixtures, &c.

CHARLES L. COHEN, Receiver. LEONARD BRONNER, Attorney for Receiver. 309 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISIDOR BERKNER and CHARLES JACOBS, trading as BERKNER & JACOBS, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, April 8th, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 16 West 3d St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of uncut material, linings, trimmings, safe, office fixtures, &c. LEONARD BRONNER, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors, 309 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 13,215.—In the matter of HENRY S. HASKINS and HENRY LEVERICH, individually and as copartners, trading as LATHROP, HASKINS & CO.

To the creditors of Lathrop, Haskins & Co. of the City, County, and State of New York, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of March, 1910, the said Henry S. Haskins and Henry Leverich, individually and as copartners, trading as Lathrop, Haskins & Co., said firm being composed of said Haskins and said Leverich as general partners and Fannie G. Lathrop as special partner, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of their creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, (Room 1,510,) City and County of New York, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, April 7th, 1910.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of AUGUSTIN H. GOELET, Bankrupt.—No. 12,754.

Notice is hereby given that Augustin H. Goelet, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 30th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 18th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH, Referee in Bankruptcy. New York, April 6th, 1910.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Espenhain Dry Goods Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; H. L. Breithoupt, cloaks, suits, waists, and merchandise, manager; 15 East Sixteenth Street.

Greater San Francisco Cloak Company, San Francisco, Cal.; Leo Harris, cloaks and suits; 31 Union Square.

Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. R. Clark, millinery; 43 Leonard Street.

Mittenthal, H. S., & Co., Dallas, Texas; V. H. Mittenthal, furnishing goods; Hotel York.

Sweeney Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; S. E. Conrad, notions, gloves, and jewelry; 75 Spring Street; Hotel York.

Miller, Rhoads & Swartz, Norfolk, Va.; C. E. Chandler, domestics, dress good, and silks; 320 Church Street; Hotel York.

City of Paris Dry Goods Company, San Francisco, Cal.; R. M. Woodward, dress goods, silks, and cloths; 170 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Cadillac.

Joyner, Witz & Co., Baltimore, Md.; M. H. Witz, hats; Hotel Cadillac.

Miller & Rhoads, Richmond, Va.; H. B. Dickinson, cloaks, suits, and waists; 41 Union Square; Hoffman House.

Wiest & Sons, York, Penn.; H. S. Wiest, notions and hosiery; 395 Broadway; Hoffman House.

Peck, George B., Dry Goods, Kansas City, Mo.; Miss A. Holden, infant wear; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Wolcott.

King, H., Washington, D. C.; dry goods; Hotel Cumberland.

Cohen Brothers, Jacksonville, Fla.; J. E. Cohen, notions and furnishing goods; 99 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Woodward.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss O'Neill, waists; 115 Worth Street.

O'Neill, M., & Co., Akron, Ohio; M. O'Neill, domestics; 2 Walker Street.

Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; Miss Keny, ladies' and infants' wear; 2 Walker Street.

Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. Basch, general merchandise, Sixth Avenue and Twentieth Street.

Loveman, D. B., Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.; D. B. Loveman, general merchandise; 37 West Twenty-sixth Street.

Barney, H. S., Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; H. A. Miller, ribbons and gloves; 75 Spring Street.

Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; Mrs. M. Morton, infants' wear; 31 Union Square.

Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; F. W. Pass, millinery and ribbons; 2 Walker Street.

Dimond, L., & Sons, Providence, R. I.; V. A. Rice, cloaks and suits; 129 West Twenty-seventh Street; Hotel Broztell.

Bacon, F. E., & Co., Rome, N. Y.; G. W. Reese, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Latham.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. L. Howe, furnishing goods and millinery; 104 Worth Street.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS. A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.

ALBUMS AND NOVELTIES. S. Steinberg, 12 Walker Street.

BELTS, BAGS, AND FANCY NOVELTIES. Baron & Horowitz, 45 to 51 Lispenard St.

BRUSHES for Household, Toilet and Paint. E. J. Kelly, "Anchor," 104 Chambers St.

CAMP OUTFITS & SPORTSMAN'S GOODS. Chas. J. Godfrey Co., 91 Chambers Street.

CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS. Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway. Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.

CUT GLASS. J. Hoare & Co., (Exhibit.) Grand Hotel.

DOG COLLARS, TRUNK & SHAWL STRAPS George D. Pine, 104 Chambers Street.

FANCY FEATHERS and Feather Novelties. C. Welsker & Co., 9 and 11 W. 45th, n. B'way.

GARTERS AND LADIES' ELASTIC BELTS. Liberty Garter Works, (Mayper Garter,) 413 B'way.

KNITTED NECKWEAR AND SWEATERS. Halperin Knitting Mills, 160-162 Wooster, St., (manufacturers to jobbing trade only.)

LADIES' HAND BAGS & NOVELTIES. A. & E. Leather Goods Co., 419-421 Broome St.

MANICURE SUPPLIES. Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.

MARABOUT BOAS, MUFFS, & NOVELTIES. Hauser & Davis, Mfrs., 55 East 8th St.

NECKWEAR—Men's. Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway. Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way. Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th Street.

PERFUME AND TALCUM POWDERS. C. H. Selick, "Florentine," 56 Leonard St.

RAINCOATS. Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Avenue.

SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods. Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.

SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS. Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Avenue.

TOYS, NOVELTIES, AND EASTER GOODS. Playmate Toy Mfg. Co., 152 Bleecker Street.

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS. James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th Street.

SALESMAN WANTED to carry a high-class line of raincoats as a side line on commission basis. E 122 Times.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

GEM CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY.—Judge Hand has appointed Frank L. Crocker receiver in bankruptcy for the Gem Consolidated Mining Company of 49 Wall Street in place of J. Waring Parks, who did not qualify.

JACOB WEINGART.—Jacob Weingart of 41 Union Square has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,853 and assets of $10 cash in bank. The debts were contracted for cloth in 1896, when he was a partner in the firm of Cohen & Weingart, which was dissolved that year.

ORCHARD STABLES.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Aug. 28 last against the Orchard Stables of 49 Orchard Street, as the corporation was not amenable to the Bankruptcy act under recent decisions, not being principally engaged in mercantile pursuits.

SIEGEL & SIEGEL.—Judge Hough has appointed Harry Osterman receiver in bankruptcy for Siegel & Siegel, clothing manufacturers, 27 West Fourth Street, on the application of Henry I. Franklin, who stated that Abraham Siegel said he was sick and disgusted with the business and was ready to abandon it. Mr. Franklin stopped several persons from removing goods from the place.

GEORGE STORM.—Schedules in bankruptcy of George Storm, caterer at the Arion Society's Park Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, show liabilities of $17,606, and no assets, as they had all been conveyed to George C. Engel on March 15 by a general assignment. Among the creditors are the Arion Society, $632, secured; Acker, Merrall & Condit, $944, secured; Rudolph Oelsner, $2,868, partly secured; George C. Engel, $2,166, partly secured; R. C. Werner, $2,326; Yorkville Bank, $750; Mrs. Anna Storm, $862; August Luchow, $369, and the American Ice Company, $125.

ISIDOR BRAVERMAN.—Judge Hough has appointed Harry Katz receiver in bankruptcy for Isidor Braverman, shoe dealer at 1,584 Avenue A, on application of Lesser Brothers, who stated that Mr. Braverman gave a bill of sale of the stock to creditors, which stock had been sold for $6,000 cash and the money placed in Mr. Katz's possession to hold for the creditors. As a number of creditors would not accept a compromise it was necessary that this money should be turned over to the estate, and creditors asked to have Mr. Katz appointed receiver. Liabilities are $10,000.

BILBRO AUTO COMPANY.—The Bilbro Auto Company of 1,873 Broadway made an assignment yesterday to Samuel E. Hall of 154 Nassau Street. The deed was signed by Willis B. Richards, Vice President, and George C. Brown, Treasurer. The company was incorporated under New York laws on Jan. 21, 1909, with a capital stock of $20,000. William L. Brown was President. He withdrew from the company in September last. He had been interested in various other corporations, one of which was George S. Hart & Co., (corporation,) wholesale butter and cheese, 35 Pearl Street, of which he was Treasurer. That corporation was put into bankruptcy on Dec. 24 last, and it was stated on the schedules filed that the corporation had an unliquidated claim against Mr. Brown for upward of $200,000. On Aug. 28 the Bilbro Auto Company, it is said, gave two chattel mortgages for $10,522 to the Auto Body and Top Co. The unsecured liabilities are said to be about $5,000; nominal assets, $14,000, and actual assets, from $5,000 to $8,000. The good will is considered of some value. Arrangements are under way for a continuation of the business by the assignee.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Ashley, Frank B.—D. Ashley, $160.
Armstrong, David—C. V. De Carlo, $63.
Appleby, Alfred J., et al.—J. Hegarty, $164.
Bensottler, Max—United Wine and Trading Co., $49.
Buchner, Robert P.—C. Lippmann et al., costs, $69.
Bellmer, Edw. F.—C. T. Schubert, $63.
Same—C. Texar, $38.
Berrie, Joseph—A. Acker et al., $30.
Byrnes, Stephen A., et al.—Royal Bank of N. Y., $61.
Brosman, Edw. P., et al.—Same, $61.
Berkman, Davis, or Dacid, et al.—N. Weiner, $2,145.
Berkman, Beckie, et al.—Same, $2,145.
Becker, Nicholas — American Agricultural Chemical Co., $519.
Bostwick, Elwood F.—A. Schvyn, $419.
Becker, Nathan—American Woolen Co. of N. Y., $4,890.
Bohan, Frank J.—J. Seeman et al., $127.
Bergman, Mollie, et al.—S. Kaufman, $561.
Burton, John R.—George R. Gibson Co., $77.
Bukow, Morris—S. Lampel, $77.
Constantine, Richard B.—Nesmith & Constantine Co., $879.
Condon, Wm. J., et al.—Royal Bank of N. Y., $61.
Crowley, Arthur P.—Locke & Smith Co., $142.
Colancangelo, Pietro, adm.—United Engineering and Contracting Co., costs, $119.
Cerrati, Tony—M. Silverman et al., $50.
Condon, Wm. J.—Mercantile Finance Co., $57.
Dehen, Eugene J., (not summoned)—J. A.

Personal.

GILLROY.—To all whom it may concern: NOTICE is hereby given that JAMES P. GILLROY and NINAH H. GILLROY have separated and that the said JAMES P. GILLROY will not be responsible for any debt extended by any person to the said NINAH H. GILLROY for goods sold, money loaned, or otherwise.

Lost.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Unsealed envelope addressed "Norfolk & Western R. R., Philadelphia"; contained subscription warrant and check. Notify L. H. Barker, Hotel St. Louis, 24 East 32d St.

LOST.—Chased gold bracelet, set with three diamonds, either Shanley's or Victoria Theatre; liberal reward. G. F. Baright, 229 West 105th.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch; Broadway, 62d to 77th; Agnes Thweatt Shivers engraved in case; reward. Return to 104 West 77th St.

LOST—Special deposit pass book No. 533. Return Northern Bank of N. Y., 125th St. Branch.

LOST.—At the Liberty Theatre, evening April 5, diamond half moon brooch; reward. 247 West 72d St.

LOST—Purse, Hudson tunnel or Union Hill car. Return 51 Palisade Av., West Hoboken. Reward.

LOST—Gold lorgnette with diamond. Return to G. Vedder, Hotel Majestic; liberal reward.

LOST—Lady's gold hunting case watch; monogram J. R. M. Reward. 23 East 74th St.

$250 REWARD will be given and no questions asked.—Lost or stolen, in neighborhood of the Majestic Hotel, on the night of Feb. 11, diamond necklace, solitaire pearl on small chain, and diamond heart. Address W. H. Von Drelle, 99 Pearl St.

$25 REWARD for return to 26 Washington Square of bar pin, one cat's eye and diamonds, lost on afternoon of April 6 in or near Washington Square, or in Grand Central Station.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost & Found Cats & Dogs.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND.—Tuesday afternoon, 5 o'clock, large brown collie, male, very fat, tawny brindle, about 6 years old. Owner apply Mrs. John H. Pell, 6 East 38th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Attention!—Elde-a-Wee Home removed 244 East 65th St., from 36 Lexington Av. Dogs given responsible people guaranteeing good homes. Free clinic, 2-4. Dr. F. A. Campbell, Veterinary Surgeon.

Found.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

ADVERTISE FOUND ARTICLES.
The Law:
"A person who finds lost property under circumstances which give him knowledge or means of inquiring as to the true owner, and who appropriates such property to his own use, or to the use of another person who is not entitled thereto, without having first made every reasonable effort to find the owner and restore the property to him, is guilty of larceny."—New York State Penal Code.

Lost and Found advertisements for The New York Times may be left at any Advertising Agency, or call 1000 Bryant.

FOUND—Tuesday, 57th Street, small sum of money; write particulars. J. S., 153 6th Av.

FOUND, April 6.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.—2D AV. ELEVATED: Carpet bag, commutation ticket, spectacles, pair gloves, clothing, dress, lace, two aprons, coat, shirt, &c., cigarette tubes. 2D AV. ELEVATED: Four umbrellas, spectacles, purse, part of pen, three books, photos, six pairs of gloves, odd gloves, ticket, cigar holder, &c., braid, cards and napkins, towel, shopping bag, ornament, tobacco. 6TH AV. ELEVATED: Cane, three umbrellas, eyeglass case, fob, five books, magazine, letter, bills and papers, four pairs gloves, apron, jacket, medicine, ink. 9TH AV. ELEVATED: Umbrella, two books, suit case, envelopes. SUBWAY: Three umbrellas, three purses, bracelet, eyeglasses, spectacles, three books, watch, pin, pair gloves, satchel, bundle and letter, cloth samples, collar, apron, shirt, &c., insurance papers, nut picks, netting, underwear, portfolio, piece cloth, advertising cards, overcoat, cardcase, photo, two packages bottles.

FOUND, April 7.—LEHIGH VALLEY R. R. 143 Liberty St., New York.—Three Umbrellas, two check books, pocketbook, two rings, two overcoats, rubbers, order books, package, shoes, fur boa, cigar case.

FOUND, April 7.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two umbrellas, package.

FOUND, April 7.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Package, umbrella, pair gloves, book, cardcase.

FOUND, April 7.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: R. R. TRAIN—Four umbrellas, pair rubbers, package, lady's coat, soft hat, veil, two pairs gloves, rosary, toilet brush, pair rubbers, cap, three night shirts, toilet bag, muffler, black bag, soap dish, hat, four pairs slippers, three umbrellas. LEHIGH VALLEY TRAIN—Package. JERSEY CITY STATION—Can, umbrella. CORTLANDT ST. BOAT—Bundle, overalls.

FOUND, April 7.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Six umbrellas, six packages, cardcase, pair gloves, satchel, long roll.

FOUND, April 7.—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply foot Liberty St., City. JERSEY CITY TRAINS, April 4—Seven umbrellas, two coats, pair spectacles, can, bundle, clothes bag, two pairs rubbers, two books.

FOUND, April 7.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Seven umbrellas, two pairs gloves, package, key and pin, two ladies' hats, watch, pair rubbers.

FOUND, April 7.—WEST SHORT R. R.: Grip, pair rubbers.

FOUND, April 7.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PROVIDENCE—Pearl earrings, bracelet, watch, pocketbook, eyeglasses, billheads, memorandum, book, hair comb, slippers, two umbrellas. S. S. COMMONWEALTH—Legging, box, pin, pair rubbers, skirt, night cap, hotel bill, tooth brush, necktie, eyeglasses, watch, whip, umbrella, camera, pair gloves, cuff, ring. S. S. PLYMOUTH—Gold ring, comb, coat hanger, muffler, paper weight, pocket mirror.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

GOOD FURNISHED ROOM PROPOSITION, SEA GATE INN.
Just off Sea Gate; 44-room house, with bar; every modern improvement; electric light, running water, &c. Apply Sea Gate Inn, 37th St., Coney Island, or Cushman, 240 West 23d St., Manhattan.

Wanted—Advertisers contemplating placing a product on the market, or who may not be obtaining results commensurate with the expenditures, will be advised and incur no obligation by addressing The Daily Newspaper Club, World Building, New York City.

Party representing controlling interest of an exceptionally meritorious mining enterprise can make a very attractive proposition to parties who can furnish $25,000 for immediate development. Address E 112 Times.

For lease to responsible tenant, large family hotel, best residential section New York City, 37 apartments with baths, fully furnished and equipped; now profitably operated. Address "Hotel," Box A 131 Times Downtown.

Partner wanted, preferably woman, who has $10,000 to put into a splendid business proposition which will, if successful, net the investor at least $100 per week. Success, 216 Times Downtown.

Printing—Highest quality, lowest prices; consult us before having your commercial or art printing done. Call Press, Johnson Press, successors, 142 Fulton St. Telephone Cortlandt 8734.

Save Money.—Fac simile multigraph typewritten letters, 300 for $1.20; 1,000, $1.50; samples submitted. Telephone 3470—Morningside. William Gray, 120 West 116th St.

DRESSMAKING.
French born dressmaker; guaranteed perfect fit and very reasonable. Mme. Guttard, 70 West 59th St.

Restaurant for sale, with seating capacity of about 200; terms very reasonable to a first-class business man. Inquire 48-50 West 21st St., City.

Bills discounted; merchants and manufacturers financed; companies organized; legal papers drawn. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

$100 will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ALTERATION HANDS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require experienced alteration hands on gowns.
Apply at office of General Manager.

ART NEEDLEWORK store requires saleslady; prefer party experienced in embroidery or knitting and crocheting. Doelger & Co., 2,005 7th Av., (120th.)

CHAMBERMAID.—An experienced German girl as chambermaid and waitress, Far Rockaway for Summer. Sandel, 229 West 97th St.

COOK, competent, with references, in Christian family; no washing; good home and wages; to near-by country in Summer. 57 West 68th St.

DRAPER.
R. H. MACY & CO. require an experienced, competent draper on gowns.
Apply at office of General Manager.

MOURNING GOODS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require a competent saleswoman of good appearance, who has a knowledge of mourning goods; to a well-qualified woman a liberal salary will be paid.
Apply at office of General Manager.

SHOES.
R. H. MACY & CO. require competent, experienced saleswomen for their Shoe Department.
Apply at office of General Manager.

WANTED—In the office of a large manufacturing firm, a competent young woman as stenographer and office assistant; must have had good education and considerable office experience; state full particulars, giving age, nationality, &c. Address Hudson, P. O. Box 645 New York.

WANTED—In law office, young girl who writes small, neat, legible hand and understands use of telephone. Reply in own handwriting. Address A 213, Times Downtown.

WANTED—Housekeeper, charge of kitchen; experienced in cooking and managing of help; references. Y. W. C. A. Boarding Home, 59 Court St., Newark, N. J.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ARE YOU looking for and worthy of a better position? I secured interviews with heads of four top-notch concerns at cost of less than five dollars. You can do as well. Will show you for a dollar. Bank references furnished. My responsibility known to management of this paper, otherwise this advertisement would not be accepted. Successful Plan, 129 Times.

A limited number of well-dressed men wanted to answer inquiries concerning high-grade land development located within city limits; we will keep you busy on a profitable plan. Call Room 306, 1,123 Broadway, city.

CIVIL SERVICE examinations in New York May 9th; excellent salaries; candidates prepared free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 611N, Rochester, N. Y.

DESIGNER for gold and platinum jewelry who is thoroughly experienced and artistic; a good position is open to a high-grade man; no others need apply. Whiteside & Blank, Liberty and Lafayette Sts., Newark, N. J.

DIE SINKERS on drop forge dies, also few Potter & Johnson screw machine operators; exceptionally good openings. Write Bridgeport (Conn.) Manufacturers' Association.

FISHING TACKLE.
R. H. MACY & CO. require a competent salesman, who has a thorough knowledge of fishing tackle; liberal salary to a well-qualified man.
Apply at office of General Manager.

FOOTMAN, single or married, for English family, to go to Europe; give age and height. E 169 Times.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES WANTED.—Write for New York examination schedule; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 260N, Rochester, N. Y.

GROCERIES, WINES, AND LIQUORS.
A prominent department store can utilize the services of a capable man, who can make attractive displays in their bakery, grocery, wine, and liquor departments; an exceptional opportunity presents itself to one who is thoroughly experienced, and can take entire charge of the general decorating of these departments. Answer, with full details of previous employment and salary expected, to Display, Box E 168 Times.

MEN, tired of working for others, let us start you in business for yourself; no mail order or fake; strictly legitimate; come and see us. Manager, Room 907, 277 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN REQUIRED IN A BUSY OFFICE; A FIRST-CLASS MAN WHO THOROUGHLY UNDERSTANDS THE BUSINESS; MUST BE CLEVER NEGOTIATOR, OF GOOD APPEARANCE AND ADDRESS, AND CAPABLE OF SHOWING PAST RESULTS; NO OTHERS NEED APPLY. ADDRESS BOX A 212 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN TO SELL TEAS, COFFEES, AND SPICES TO RETAIL GROCERS IN NEW YORK CITY AND VICINITY; MUST HAVE SOME EXPERIENCE IN THIS LINE OR SOME ACQUAINTANCE WITH THE TRADE. ADDRESS WITH FULL PARTICULARS AND REFERENCES, EDWIN J. GILLIES & CO., BOX 1,084 NEW YORK CITY.

SALESMAN wanted for the Northwestern States to handle as a side line popular-priced misses' and children's cloaks; resident of section preferred. E 109 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman on Russian antique brass, and copper; no other need apply. Russian Antique Importing Co., 126 Walker St.

SOLICITOR.—AN EXPERIENCED SOLICITOR FOR MORTGAGE LOANS BY WELL-KNOWN REAL ESTATE CONCERN; STATE SALARY AND REFERENCES. ADDRESS REALTY, 215 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Printing house, doing high-grade catalogue and commercial work, complete plant, first-class equipment in every respect, wishes to engage efficient and aggressive man for Superintendent of mechanical departments; for a "live wire" and a high-class man capable of producing results there is no better opportunity in the country; best of references will be required; state age, experience, &c., in full detail for intelligent consideration of personal interview. A 214 Times Downtown.

TAILOR.
R. H. MACY & CO. require an experienced, competent, ladies' tailor for alterations; permanent employment.
Apply at office of General Manager.

WANTED—Young man, unmarried, who has a good general idea of mechanics, a hard worker, a good salesman, of good appearance and good character, to represent a manufacturing firm in New York with the idea of fitting himself to take charge of outside territory; this is a straight salary position, no commission; no attention will be given applications which do not contain full particulars. E 165 Times.

WANTED—Couple, French or Swiss, or German man, valet and butler, woman to act as cook; must speak English and have good city references. Oppenheimer, 5:30 to 6:30 P. M., 1,730 Broadway.

WANTED—Young man as collector of membership dues for large philanthropic institution; salary, $20 per week. Box Y 125 Times Downtown.

WANTED—A first-class engraver to design monograms at home evenings; submit few sample sketches in pencil. E 113 Times.

WANTED—Salesman for office trade on linen coats and dresses. Steiner, 81 East 10th St.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 18, in a manufactory; one who has knowledge of draughting, architectural, &c.; must be industrious and possessed of good character. Address with full information as to past experience, Box E 167 Times.

Agents Wanted.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

MAKE 100% selling Hussman Corn and Bunion Remedy. Hussman Remedy Co., 415 North 8th St., St. Louis, Mo.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

WANT TENORS AND SOPRANOS immediately; $450, $500, $600; trials ready. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

Commercial Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, typewriters wanted for positions; only Gentiles. Wright Agency, 335 Broadway. 973 Franklin.

Domestic Help.

MISS BRINKLEY
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.
Competent servants supplied after a careful, thorough investigation of their references.

PLAZA EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 1,036 6th Av.—Cooks, laundresses, waitresses, chambermaids, kitchen maids, immediately.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

LINCOLN AGENCY, Columbus Av., 67th St.—Wanted, cooks, waitresses, chambermaids, general houseworkers; all nationalities.

YORKVILLE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 1,235 Lexington Av.—Wanted, cooks, general houseworkers, chambermaids, and waitresses; telephone.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington. (58.)

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185—Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th. 486 Morningside.

$100 will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ATTENDANT and MASSEUSE, refined woman, wishes position; graduate masseuse from Sweden; physician's references. M 1910 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—CASHIER.—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, ACCURATE, RELIABLE. A 143 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, willing and conscientious worker, wants position; can furnish references. E 124 Times.

COOK.—Competent cook; private family; soups, desserts, baker; city reference. Address C. C. P., 1,364 Broadway.

DRESSMAKER.—Maker of gowns of superior design, fit, and workmanship; ten years' experience in the construction of gowns for the 400, assuring satisfactory results; reasonable. Mme. Cully, 138 West 48th St. 'Phone 1883 Bryant.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, and GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Five years' experience; excellent education and business ability; references from former employers; $15. Reliable, 153 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER, expert, desires high-class position; long, varied experience; possesses tact, executive ability, pleasing personality; unquestionable references; $18. E 153 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent typist; high school education; takes dictation quickly, reads notes well; understands office work, filing; references; $7. Punctual, 158 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and first-class correspondent, with large business experience; executive ability; industrious and painstaking; possessing tact and energy. D 126 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience; brokerage, commercial; exceptionally competent, courteous, ambitious, Leary, 177 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience, correct transcription; exceptionally good speller; American parentage; references. Marion, 179 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with several years' practical experience; accurate, neat worker. H. L., 151 Times Downtown.

TRAVELING COMPANION or LADY'S MAID. Position to go abroad as traveling companion or lady's maid; applicant speaks German, French, and English; expert manicurist, hair dresser, and facial massage; Swiss nationality. Address A. V., Box 58, Mayville, N. Y.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, posts books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2250 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert all lines; examines, systematizes, audits. Room 511, 320 Broadway. Tel. 2723—Worth.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; books opened, audited, systems installed, firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 231, 280 Broadway; telephone 2471 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man possessing business ability desires position with advancement. Wm. Vogel, 605 Madison Av. 'Phone 2993 Plaza.

BOY, (17,) ambitious, seeks position with chance of advancement; has one year's office experience and can furnish best references. Charles Patt, 8 Willett St., city.

BOY, 16 years old, wants position; has working papers from Europe. Hyman Pomerantz, care Berkowitz, 292 Stanton St.

BOY, 17, wishes position in garage; has had some experience repairing. A 155 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Young man, 19, well educated, wishes position as clerk with firm which will appreciate conscientious work. S., Box 50 Times.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY EMPLOYMENT COMMITTEE can furnish student for clerical work, tutor in German and romance languages, mechanical draftsman for part time and Summer work. Employment Committee, Sub-station 84, City. Tel. 1400 Morningside.

CORRESPONDENT - TYPEWRITER, 25 years, educated, railroad experience, legal training; highly recommended. E 116 Times.

DETECTIVE seeks work by day or week; shadowing, investigating. Bean, 892 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

FARMER.—Working foreman wants position on gentleman's place; understands all farm machinery and good vegetable attendant; wife understands poultry raising and making butter; German; 33 years; one child 8 years; best references. A. L., Box 143 Eatontown, N. J.

GARDENER.—By Frenchman; long experienced greenhouse, flowers, vegetables, shrub trees, landscape, new grounds, in first-class private place. L., 264 Fairfield, Conn.

I HAVE honesty and experience and ability in office management; also a wide acquaintance with accounting; am now responsibly employed but wish to change. If interested write E 121 Times.

MASSAGE.
Scientific, Manual, Electrical, and Vibratory manipulations in your home by appointment; Graduate Nurse and Masseur, (BELLEVUE HOSPITAL.) 'Phone 4590 Audubon. 241 West 137th St.
ARTHUR G. BLOOD, R. N.

MASSEUR.—Skillful; Carlsbad experience. Grusat, 503 East 78th St.

POSITION at anything; have had 10 years' experience in building construction as foreman, superintendent, and surveyor of quantities. D 163 Times.

SALESMAN, (outside,) well acquainted with builders and architects especially, now employed and controlling considerable trade, desires to make change. E 117 Times.

The Danger Line.

The New York Times endeavors to get away from the danger line in advertising—to guard its readers from fraudulent offers. It maintains the strictest censorship over all Want Advertising, accepting only that which will stand the closest investigation.

The New York Times invites criticism of its Want advertisements and asks the co-operation of its readers to aid in keeping the Want Page free of misleading or fraudulent advertisements.

This careful conserving of the interests of its readers makes The Times valuable to advertisers and readers.

With a daily circulation exceeding 175,000 copies The New York Times has the largest high-class circulation of any New York newspaper.

The New York Times.
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

SUCCESSFUL specialty salesman, now traveling for old-time conservative firm, wants to connect with live, progressive concern where broad-gauge ideas and achievements are appreciated; has been exceptionally successful in presenting new propositions and opening up new territory. Y 118 Times Downtown.

TRADE JOURNAL EDITOR, thoroughly trained, advertising experience also, college graduate, 35, desires connection with live publishers or other concern for which experience fits him. E 161 Times.

WHITEWASHING or cold-water painting, machine or hand. Jacobi, 907 4th Av. Telephone 4773 Columbus.

YOUNG MAN, 20 years, wants position with reliable house with chance of advancement; three years' experience general office work with one concern; well recommended. Box Y 126 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 27, married, position in clothing or dry goods store or as collector; speaks English, Swedish, Finnish; best of reference. Gustafson, 161 East 128th St.

YOUNG MAN (22) wishes steady position, with advancement; honorable discharge from navy. Fred Steiber, No. 1,672 1st Av.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Double room; running water; telephone; good table.

26TH ST., 33 WEST.—Desirable rooms, private baths attached; excellent table; transients accommodated; telephone; reasonable.

47TH ST., 4 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with excellent board; parlor dining rooms; telephone; references.

55TH ST., 351 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; good table; all conveniences; reasonable.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; southern exposure; running water; excellent table; moderate.

66TH ST., 62 WEST.—Single room, good board; private family; convenient to "L," Subway. France.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable, homelike rooms; refined house; excellent table; references. Telephone 6866—Columbus.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Rooms, unexpectedly vacated; high-class accommodations at moderate cost; table guests accommodated. 'Phone 3571 Columbus.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Desirable suite, two rooms, bath; single room, adjoining bath; table guests.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Handsomely furnished back parlor; suitable for two; conveniences; table board unexcelled; references.

76TH ST., 105 WEST.—Room and high-class boarding house; references.

77TH ST., 307 WEST.
Handsomely furnished suite, with bath; double and single rooms, near baths; high-class private residence; home atmosphere; excellent Southern cooking.

77TH ST., 272 WEST.—Large, desirable room; one or two bachelors; private house; references essential.

78TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms; all conveniences; excellent table; refined surroundings; telephone.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Rooms with bath; suitable for gentlemen; table board; references; telephone.

80TH ST., 141 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; table guests; parlor dining room; telephone; references.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable, large rooms; running water; all conveniences; good table; references.

102D ST., 243 WEST, near West End Av. and Riverside.—Exclusive home, fashionable residential section; exceptionally large, handsomely furnished rooms; strictly private bath; also another double room; Southern cooking.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Suite newly furnished and decorated; private bath; single room; table guests.

124TH ST., 285 St. Nicholas Av., (Hancock Court.)—Can accommodate in elevator apartment few adults with room and board. Heyman.

149TH ST., 540-546 WEST, Near Broadway Subway, "The Audubon." Main Entrance 544.—Healthiest and most beautiful section New York; two unexpected vacancies, $20 and $15 per week for two, including first-class board; private telephones; adjoining bathrooms; large reception parlor, parlor dining rooms; large porch and gardens; social surroundings; home comforts; booklet on request.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone, 793—Bryant.

PRIVATE FAMILY, Jewish, large, light room; modern corner elevator apartment; upper west side; five minutes L or Subway; moderate terms; married couple or gentleman. Address E 123 Times.

WEST END AV., 240.—Large suite adjoining bath; also large and small single rooms; convenient to 72d St. Subway; private neighborhood.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

15TH, 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; phone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Homelike; first-class table board; front parlor; small rooms; telephone.

84TH ST., 117-119 EAST. The Naylor.
Parlor suite; private bath; other desirable rooms.

80TH ST., 115 EAST.—Attractive large front room, also small room; all conveniences; private family.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights.—Overlooking Wall St.; Subway 5 minutes New York; elegantly furnished large rooms reasonable; neighborhood, house high-class; table choicest products New York markets. 905—Main.

GREENE AV., 41, (Brooklyn.)—Some of my guests have been with me for years; they claim my house and table are homelike; parlor floor dining room accommodates fifty.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston, on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance; special rates starting season early. Apply direct or 1,123 Broadway.

New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—Rooms, with excellent table; good location; near golf club and station. 14 Walnut Crescent. Tel. 301J.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—46TH ST., 63 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room, private bath, with owner; gentlemen; references.

5TH AV., 46.—Handsomely furnished parlor suite, with bedroom and bath; other rooms; board optional.

15TH ST., 337 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, clean, light rooms; telephone; all conveniences; private house.

17TH ST., 44 WEST.—Light rooms, suitable 1 or 2; $3 to $4.50; conveniences; telephone.

19TH ST., 360 WEST.—Desirable, clean rooms; running water; gentlemen, married couple; also small.

23D ST., 264 WEST.—Large and small, neatly kept, well-furnished rooms, with private bath.

27TH, 345 WEST.—Large rooms for gentlemen; also light housekeeping rooms; bath; conveniences.

37TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor floor, with bath; furnished or unfurnished; also single room; references.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; gentlemen; references.

45TH, 282 WEST.—Exceptionally large, cheerful hall room; near Hotel Astor; pleasant home.

46TH ST., 147 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with and without board; telephone.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Exceptionally high-class rooms; telephone, private baths; breakfast; newly decorated and furnished.

48TH ST., 129 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; smaller room; hot and cold water; references.

55TH ST. 103 WEST.—Large outside room, furnished or unfurnished; conveniences; refined surroundings; references. Tappan.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Handsomely decorated parlor floor, with extension, suitable for physician.

58TH ST., 352 WEST, near Park.—Large room with bath, suitable for 3; other rooms; reasonable.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Large, attractive, homelike room; low rate until Sept. 1.

71ST ST., 143 WEST—Large, sunny room, bath; electric light; Subway, "L" stations; gentlemen.

73D ST., 179 WEST.—Large front room; all conveniences; American family; Subway express station.

76TH ST., 59 WEST.—Attractively furnished, large, light room for two; elevator; telephone, Brown.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room, with extension, for physician; reception room; service; telephone.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; medium-size room; southern exposure; third floor; telephone; references.

81ST ST., 147 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms in quiet, well appointed house; physician's office; references.

81ST ST., 102 WEST.—Desirable large parlor; running water; convenient "L" and Subway; private house.

82D, (West End Av.)—I seldom have a vacancy in my apartment, but just at present have few rooms that can be had at a reasonable price; there are baths adjoining; everything convenient; homelike; refined; breakfast optional. Telephone 9711 Riverside for particulars.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Large, light rooms; baths, telephone; sunny suite; gentlemen; references. Apply mornings.

82D ST., 174 WEST.—Large south room, extension; other rooms; parlor floor; reasonable.

82D ST., 113 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large rooms, adjoining bath.

83D ST., 58 WEST.—Delightful, large room; private bath; one, two gentlemen; references; private house.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Desirable, sunny, small, large; running water, (plenty hot;) private house; telephone.

87TH ST., 352 WEST.—Large room, overlooking the Hudson; private bath; board optional.

88TH ST., 71 WEST.—Dainty, light room; running water; choice location; private family; references. Hayden.

90TH ST., 101 WEST.—Corner apartment; single, en suite; high-class accommodations; $3 to $7. Tosca.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Completely furnished rooms; one with private bath, running water, telephone.

93D, 161 WEST.—Well-furnished room, board optional; private family; conveniences.

101ST ST., 8 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive suite; rooms connecting with bath; large and light; home comforts; reasonable; telephone 6140—Riverside. Hutchinson.

102D ST., 254 WEST.—Private house, refined neighborhood and environment; near Subway station; two light, attractive, single rooms, adjoining bath; telephone.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Elegant furnished, large room, near Riverside Drive, in private house; 'phone.

104TH ST., 66 WEST, (The Hudson.)—Housekeeping, large and single rooms. Telephone 7658—Riverside.

108TH ST., 211 WEST, (Broadway.)—Light, airy, cool, attractive room; 'phone, shower; gentlemen; $3.50. Howard.

112TH ST., 504 WEST.—Furnished, for one or two; elevator, phone, shower; references. Cooke.

112TH, 505 WEST.—Parlor suite; sunny; bath; telephone; private entrance; very reasonable; references. Wilford.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Breezy front; other sunny rooms; Summer rates; board optional; references. Levin.

131ST ST., 6 WEST.—Elegant double dwelling, newly furnished, large, handsome rooms; all conveniences; telephone.

137TH ST., 622 WEST.—Sunny room, large closet; high-class apartment, adjoining Drive; Subway express station; $5 week. 'Phone 2330 Audubon. Goodrich.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 223, (82d.)—Parlor suite, 3 rooms, to refined gentleman. Apartment 3.

DENTIST OR PHYSICIAN.—Large back parlor; refined private family; previously occupied as such; 105th St., west side; excellent neighborhood. E 156 Times.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Elegantly furnished room, with private bath; $10 per week; hotel service.

WEST END AV., 378, Corner 78th St.—Charming bright corner suite of two or three rooms and bath, or would rent singly; telephone; exceptionally refined and exclusive atmosphere; ample home table; references.

East Side.

8TH, 5 EAST, near 5th Av.—Clean, comfortable rooms; all accomodations; $2.75 up; references.

28TH ST., 36 EAST.—Large, nicely furnished room for 2; electric light and bath; $10 weekly.

37TH ST., 145 EAST.—Beautiful room, running water, next bath; reduced until May; telephone.

43D ST., 131 EAST.—Refined home, sunny, heated, square; closet, bath; permanent gentlemen; references. Neilson.

55TH ST., 55 EAST.—Large, well furnished rooms to gentlemen; electric light; modern; references.

55TH ST., 106 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms for gentlemen; small; all conveniences.

58TH ST., 36 EAST.—Rooms, single or connecting; private bath; references.

86TH ST., 68 EAST.—Physician's office to let, consisting of 2 parlors and bath.

89TH ST., 154 EAST.—Elegant front room, suitable for one or two; private house.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large and small rooms; private baths; board optional; telephone; references.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

East Side.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; tiled bathrooms; beds, box spring; absolute cleanliness; corner building.

Bronx.

201ST ST., 322 EAST.—Bachelor apartment; double room, single rooms; bath, smoking room. Telephone 2370—Tremont. Rates reasonable.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

MARRIED COUPLE, with child, wish square furnished room between 40th and 50th Sts. West, state terms. E 164 Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Two or three rooms, bath, for professional woman; below 23d St. preferred. E 166 Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

DEPEW, DELIA C.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank V. Millard, Surrogate of the County of Westchester, notice is hereby given that the undersigned intend to apply to the said Surrogate of Westchester County for letters of administration on the estate of Delia C. Depew, late of the Town of Cortlandt, County of Westchester, State of New York, under and in pursuance of the provisions of Section 2,664 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and to have the penalty of their bond as such administrators limited as provided in said section of the Code of Civil Procedure; and all creditors having claims against the estate of said decedent are hereby notified and required to present their claims to the said Surrogate of the County of Westchester at his office, in the County Court House, in the Town of White Plains, County of Westchester, and State of New York, on or before the 20th day of April, 1910.
Dated New York, March 14th, 1910.
JAMES W. FINCH.
EDWARD F. HILL.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—ANNA M. KITTREDGE, Plaintiff, against ANNA BOYLE, CARL E. RANDRUP, and ELIZABETH ROBERTS, if living, and her husband, if any, and all devisees and heirs at law of the said Elizabeth Roberts, if she be deceased, and also

SHOOT FROM A TRAIN AT POSSE IN AUTOS

Yeggmen Keep Up Running Battle with Sheriff's Force for Nine Miles.

THREE SHOT AND CAPTURED

Two Men Escape with $2,000 Loot from Coal City Bank, Which They Blew Up.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 7.—The Sheriff of Morris, a town about sixty-one miles southwest of here, and a posse of citizens riding in several automobiles carried on a running fight early this morning with five yeggmen, who were attempting to escape in an empty boxcar attached to a Santa Fé freight train from Coal City, where they had blown up the bank and escaped with $2,000. For nine miles the Sheriff and his men ran their machines along the Santa Fé right of way, keeping even with the train, and at intervals exchanging shots with the robbers, who poked their weapons through the open door of the car.

At Verona, where the train came to a stop, the Sheriff and his men captured three of the bandits while they were attempting to leave the car. All of them were wounded. It is supposed that two of the band, which was known to consist of five, when the assault was made upon the Coal City bank, eluded their pursuers by springing from the train upon the side opposite that on which the Sheriff's forces were making their race.

The fight on the train was the second in which the yeggmen had engaged since they attacked the bank, and it is not known whether their wounds resulted from the bullets of the automobilists or from those fired at them at Mazeon, seven miles south of Coal City, by Dr. E. D. Watts and Night Watchman Eugene Miller. The train upon which the robbers had left Coal City stopped to drop a car at Mazeon, and Dr. Watts and Miller, already notified by a bank watchman, whom the burglars had left trussed up and who had broken his bonds after their departure, were awaiting them.

The yeggmen leaped from the train and hid in a clump of shrubbery near the track. Miller and the physician, the former armed with a revolver and the latter equipped with a repeating shotgun, discovered their hiding place and opened fire upon them. More than twenty-five shots were exchanged, the bandits showing themselves well armed by the rapidity with which they returned shot for shot. As the train started again the robbers sprang from their hiding place, fired one last volley at their opponents, and leaped on to the moving train.

Dr. Watts and Miller immediately notified the Sheriff of Morris by telephone, and he and his men were awaiting the arrival of the burglars when the train passed through that town. It was then that the running fight, which extended for nine miles, was begun. None of the Sheriff's force was injured.

The robbery in Coal City aroused the entire population. The yeggmen entered the town on a freight train, from which they dropped in the yards. Their first move was to capture and tie up Barney Ghetto, the night watchman, and Washington Frye, the night engineer, of the town's electric plant. Then they entered the bank and blew up the safe with a charge of nitro-glycerine. Taking the contents, which was partly in stamps, they returned to the railroad and presently boarded another train, swinging upon the brake rods as the cars ran through the station. The train had left town already before Ghetto managed to free himself from his bonds. Then he telephoned to Dr. Watts and Miller.

The fugitives, captured in Verona were taken back to Morris and put in jail there. At first they refused to give their names or to admit that they had been concerned in any robbery. In support of this latter statement they pointed to the fact that not a penny's worth of loot was found on any of them. It is believed, however, that the $2,000 taken from the bank was carried away by the two men who jumped from the train.

Later the prisoners admitted that their homes were in Chicago, and then they said they were John Hoyt, Rawer Tonassewski, and Joseph Crowlick.

DENIAL FROM PENNINGTON.

Wealthy Patrons Have Not Forced the End of Co-education.

Vigorous denial was made yesterday of a report that the end of the co-educational system at Pennington Seminary, after more than fifty years, had been decided on to keep the favor of certain wealthy patrons. The change, so it was said, was made in accordance with the theories of Dr. Read, and was contemplated when he took charge more than a year ago.

It was also denied that the change was made after an agreement with the Collegiate Institute at Hackettstown, which has recently become a school for boys only.

The boys at Pennington expressed themselves yesterday as pleased with the change; some of the girls, forty in all, said they guessed there were other schools.

ARE YOUR FRIENDS GOING ABROAD?

"Bon Voyage" means more than a salutation when accompanied by a gift of RIPIN'S BON VOYAGE WINE BASKET. Seasick persons relish sparkling wines when unable to partake of the lightest food. After the wine is gone—*the basket makes a convenient luggage carrier.*

A USEFUL AND SENSIBLE SUBSTITUTE FOR PERISHABLE FRUITS, FLOWERS, Etc.

THIS BASKET CONTAINS
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WHITE LABEL CHAMPAGNE
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Sealed and delivered to steamer or residence **$5**

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WHAT'S THE USE?

OF wearing common ready-mades, or paying fancy merchant tailors' prices, when as the originators of the Sale of Merchant Tailors' uncalled for garments, we can offer you at $12 to $35 Sack Suits, Walking Suits, Dress and Tuxedo Suits, Spring Overcoats, Prince Alberts, etc., from America's leading tailors, Fifth Avenue's and Broadway's most famous included; that were built to bring $30 to $100. Here's one to judge. Over 4,000 other selections. Perfect fit guaranteed.

A Brief Idea.

Sack Suit, steel-gray. Conservative three-button, long roll. Elegantly tailored. Comes to us from Wickwire of Chicago, renowned as a creator of fashion. Was made to bring $40; our price, $15.

Philadelphia, 15th & Chestnut — Boston, 14 Summer St.

Kennedy
12 CORTLANDT ST.

Special Purchase at Decisive Savings

1.25 Shirts at 79c
Fancy Negligees (Coat) Cuffs attached
Flannel Negligee Shirts 1.98 with French Cuffs worth 3.50
Scotch Madras Negligees 1-49 worth 2.00
Pure Silk Socks, 49c
4-ply Collars, 3 for 25c worth 15c each. Every New Style

EAT to please thyself; dress to please others," Benj. Franklin used to say.

¶ In other words, you can eat mustard with your ice cream and ketchup on your eggs and your neighbor can't say a word.

¶ But in clothes, your soul's not your own—you must be a conformist.

¶ Very well, then, let me show you how to follow the thrift and economy of Franklin in clothes-buying.

¶ Kuppenheimer, Washington and Society Brand Clothes—$15 to $45.

HENRY MORITZ
Clothes for Young & Old Youths Automobile Garments
1241-47 Broadway Bet 30 & 31st Sts

SOLD BY ORDER OF THE U. S. COURT
Bankrupt Stock of Spring Clothing of
RICH & TRUAX,
(formerly at 71 Cortlandt St.)
NOW ON SALE AT 33 NEW ST.
AT 50C. ON THE DOLLAR.

$20 Spring Suits and Top Coats Now.. $10
$30 Spring Suits and Top Coats Now.. $15

Full silk lined Prince Alberts, Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits and all other high-grade garments at ½ former prices. Our tailors will make all required alterations.

James Young Inc.
38 NEW ST., Half Block Wall St. Subway.

Parrots
African Gray Parrots
Greatest Talkers
$25, $30, $40, $50, $75, $100, $500
Animals, Birds, Fish
Holden's 25 West 23d St. near 5th Ave.

EMPLOYERS seeking the highest class help obtainable, see the Situation Wanted column on Page 17.

GOTHAM MFG. CO.
"The Shirt of a Gentleman"
THE chosen of the elect, shirts of high degree showing how really good shirts can be.
Exclusive patterns and novelty fabrics, tailored and styled better than ordinary shirts. The range includes Laundered, Outing and Field Shirts from $1.00 to $3.50 each.

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THE, preferred of all good dressers for summer wear. It differs from all others in choice of fabrics, skill in styling and art in tailoring.
Your choice of nainsook, pongee, silk or linen $1.00 and more the garment. Also Pajamas and Union Suits at $1.50 and more the Suit. At all good dealers. Write for "Gotham Style Book" to
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SEE THESE VALUES.

Two piece suit to measure $17.00 from fine English cheviots and worsted serges in gray, blue, oxford and black, both plain and shadow stripes. Chauffeurs suit with pleated coat $20.00. Write for samples and Album of fashion.

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The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

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Clothes for Spring:

THE chill winds of March are already far behind us,
every day now brings a promise of Summer in its warm sunshine.
The Time of New Things is Here.
We are ready for it,---for our Hart, Schaffner & Marx Spring Suits and Overcoats are just as bright and fresh and attractive as clothes can be.
Their Styles are mighty pleasing.
Sure to please YOU, be you young or old, radical or conservative, for Hart, Schaffner & Marx make clothes for everyone.
And remember, Hart, Schaffner & Marx Styles are Exclusive—in fabric pattern as well as cut,—they cannot be duplicated otherwhere in New York. Come and see them.

Spring Suits - $18 to $50.
Spring Overcoats $15 to $40.

Gloves

HERE is another instance of our value giving policy.
A tan cape walking glove, made from imported skins, such as other shops sell for $1.50 or more is here $1.15.

Wallach Hats

WE were Hatters originally and as Hatters made our first Success.
Our Hats to-day are made with just as much attention to Style and Quality as they were when first they made us famous.
Wallach Hats $3.00 and $2.00 — Stetson Hats $3.50 and $5.00

Waistcoats

SPRING brings with it a sort of buoyancy that makes a man like the brighter, more cheery things in dress.
Fancy waistcoats are in vogue.
Splendid ones here $2.50 to $7.50—All worth a little more than their prices warrant.

THE NEW THEATRE
Central Park W-st. 62-63 Sts. Tel. 8500 Col
LAST PERFORMANCES THIS SEASON
Shakespeare's Romantic Comedy,
THE WINTER'S TALE
Sheldon's Drama of the South,
THE NIGGER
To-night at 8.....The Winter's Tale
Sat. Mat. at 2.....The Winter's Tale
Sat. Eve., 8:30.....The Nigger
NEXT WEEK:
BEETHOVEN Fauchois' Dramatic Biography of the Great Composer, with Beethoven's Music. All performances, for 4 weeks, by The New Theatre's Special Company. Seats two weeks in advance. Sent by messenger to any Manhattan address, $2 to 50c.

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HIPPODROME
Entire Block, 6th Ave. 43rd-44th Sts.
Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Eve. 8. 25c. to $1.50.
Entire Circus by 50 Little People | A Trip To Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth
HACKETT 42d W. of B'way. TO-NIGHT at 8:15. GRACE LA RUE in MOLLY MAY
DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evenings 8:30. Mat. To-morrow, 2:30. Special Mat. Actors' Fund Fair To-day, 2:30. MARIETTA OLLY in THE WHIRLWIND
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Last Week. Ev. 8:30. Last Mat. To-morrow, 2:30. FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back. Beg. THURS. EV., APR. 14. (Seats Now.) Mabel Barrison, LULU'S HUSBANDS Harry Conor.
COMEDY 41st St., bet. B'way & 6th Av. Ev. 8:30. Last Week. Last Mat. Tom'w, 2:30. MARY MANNERING in A MAN'S WORLD. Beg. WED. EVE., APR. 13 (Seats Now), Laurence Irving | The Three Daughters of M. Dupont. | Mabel Hackney
Broadway Thea. B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15. The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes
BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee To-morrow, 2:20. Cyril Scott IN The LOTTERY MAN
Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Tom'w, 2:15. BLANCHE RING in THE YANKEE GIRL
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15. WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY
WEST END 125th, West of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow, 2:15. James K. Hackett in Monsieur Beaucaire. Next Week—Lew Fields as Old Dutch.

NOW MADISON SQ. GARDEN
TWICE DAILY, 2:15 & 8:15 P. M.
Short Season. Doors open 1:15 and 7:15 P. M.
CIRCUS
BARNUM and BAILEY
400 CIRCUS ARTISTS
50 CLOWNS
125 NEW CIRCUS ACTS
6 ARENAS FILLED WITH WONDERS
THERE IS ONLY ONE DESPERADO AND HORSE YOU WILL SEE HIM IN THE BIG ACT
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BABY BUMBEENO THE NURSING GIRAFFE
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COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. | The Photo Shop, Rooney & Bent, Macart & Bradford, 8 Berlin Madcaps, others.
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PLAZA 59th St., Mad. Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Evs. 25c., 50c., 75c. A Princess of Israel, Willa Holt Wakefield, Sophie Tucker, Ed. Keough & Co., others.
AMERICAN W. 42 St., n'r B'way. DAILY MAT. 25c. ANOTHER ONE OF THOSE BILLS WITH 15 ALL STAR ACTS.

BABIES' HOSPITAL BENEFIT.
CHILDREN OF THE WOODS.
Illustrated lecture by William Lyman Underwood at the Berkeley Theatre, West 44th St., Friday, April 8, at 3 o'clock. Orchestra seats and first three rows balcony, $3. Last three rows balcony, $1.50. Can be obtained from Miss S. E. Williams, 300 Lexington Avenue, or at the Box Office the day of the lecture.

ONE OF NEW YORK'S ODD SIGHTS.
MINER'S AMATEUR NIGHTS EVERY FRIDAY.

KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5 THAVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. | Maude Raymond | Minnie Dupree | Great Lester, High Life in Jail, Oso, Lorraine, others.
Musical Tea, Hotel Astor, Saturday, 3 o'clock, Dannreuther String Quartette. Tickets $3, includes refreshments; Vassar Students' Aid Society. Tickets Hotel Astor.
EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Howes, the famous "White Yogi."

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Thur. 2:15. "A portrayal of which any actress should be proud."—Sun. ETHEL BARRYMORE in Sir A. W. Pinero's MID-CHANNEL.
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Last 2 Nights 8:20. Last Mat. Tom'w, 2:20.
HATTIE WILLIAMS and ALL STAR CAST in The Girl He Couldn't Leave Behind Him. Preceded by "A Maker of Men." NEXT MONDAY—Seats Now, WM. H. CRANE FATHER AND THE BOYS.
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. Last 2 Times. MRS. FISKE in PILLARS OF SOCIETY. Beg. Next Mon. (Seats Now) 14 Times "Hannele" and "The Green Cockatoo."
HUDSON W. 44th St. Last 2 Nights, 8:15. Last Matinee To-morrow, 2:20. WM. COLLIER in his greatest success A LUCKY STAR. NEXT MON. Seats Now, THE SPENDTHRIFT.
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NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. Henry W. Savage offers MADAME X
NEW YORK THEATRE, B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. TIMES—A BEAUTY CHORUS SUCH AS BROADWAY RARELY SEES. HENRY B. HARRIS Presents A SKYLARK. A New Whimsical Musical Comedy. NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT. Seats Now on Sale. VICTOR HERBERT and his ORCHESTRA.
LIBERTY Thea. W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. at 2. "Don't miss it at any cost."—Evs. Sun. The Fantastical Musical Comedy THE ARCADIANS WITH ITS WONDERFUL CAST OF 100
GAIETY B'WAY & 46TH ST. MAT. WED. & SAT. FORTUNE HUNTER with JOHN BARRYMORE
JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. THE LADY FROM LOBSTER SQUARE A French Farce. A Sensation in Paris. Splendid Cast & Production.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. To-day Mat. 50c.-$2.50. GREATEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS. SEVEN DAYS
ACADEMY of Music. Evs. 8:15. Good Reserved Seats 50c. 2 WEEKS—Henry B. Harris Presents THE TRAVELING SALESMAN. By James Forbes, author of "The Chorus Lady." Popular Prices. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. 4TH MONTH H. B. WARNER in ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE
GARDEN Theatre. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. BEN GREET PLAYERS. 800 Good Seats at $1.00. THE TEMPEST With Ballet and Special Music. Next Week: MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM.
THE BELASCO TUYVESAN DAVID BELASCO presents THE LILY. West 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
BELASCO THEATRE W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Last Mat. Sat. at 2:15. LAST WEEK. Charlotte Walker in EUGENE WALTER'S JUST A WIFE. SPECIAL MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2:00. Children's Entertainment by Children. Fairy Play Pantomime Children's Orchestra. Prices 75c., $1.50, $2. Boxes, $12, $15.
IRVING PLACE THEATRE Every Eve. this and next 8:15. "Die Gruenhoerner" (The Greenhorns), Musical Comedy. Sat. Mat., "Nathan Der Weise."
MENDELSSOHN HALL, Tom'w Aft. at 2:30. MISS KITTY CHEATHAM Seats $1, $1.50 & $2.00.
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